



UrbanUtilities





SEQ Water Supply and Sewerage Design & Construction Code (SEQ WS&S D&C Code)

Amendment to Sewerage Code of Australia (WSA02 – 2002 V2.3)

1 July 2013











Document History

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1.0	Initial Publication	01 July 2013





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SEQ Amendment to Sewerage Code of Australia WSA02 – 2002 V2.3

Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3			
ACKNOWLEDGMENT, FORWARD, PREFACE AND INTRODUCTION				
Scope of Code	Insert the following at the end of the first paragraph.			
	Hereafter, reference to "Water Agency" or the like shall be taken to be a reference to the individual South East Queensland Service Provider (SEQ-SP) within whose service area the assets will be designed and constructed.			
	After the second paragraph insert the following.			
	SEQ Amendments sets out the SEQ-SPs requirements for sewerage reticulation mains up to and including 300mm nominal bore. References to mains larger than 300mm are provided for information only.			
Code Purpose	After the third paragraph insert the following.			
	The SEQ Design & Construction Code sets out SEQ Amendments to The Sewerage Code of Australia. The SEQ Amendments include:			
	The SEQ-SPs requirements for specific detail which the Code anticipates individual water agencies will address, and			
	 Additions, deletions and variations to the Code where the Code's requirements are not compatible with the SEQ-SPs current requirements (due to local practice, climate, geographic and topographic conditions and statutory requirements, etc) or where the Code is otherwise silent. 			
	Any reference to the Sewerage Code of Australia ("the Code") shall be deemed to refer to the SEQ Design & Construction Code which contains the SEQ Amendments. The Code specifies mandatory requirements for the design and construction of sewerage mains that are to become the responsibility of the SEQ-SPs.			
	The SEQ-SPs reserve the right to specify or approve other design and/or construction requirements for particular projects and/or developments. Before commencement of any construction, the SEQ-SPs approval shall be obtained to any design and/or installation that does not comply with the Code.			
After the section titled "Code Purpose"	Insert a the following NEW titles and text			
	Drawings and Figures Drawing references are added throughout the Code. In the event of a clash between the standard drawings and the figures in the specification – details shown on the standard drawings take precedence			
	 Condition of Supply of SEW Design and Construction Code SEQ Design & Construction Code is supplied subject to the following understandings and conditions: SEQ Design & Construction Code is copyright and apart from any use as permitted under the Copyright Act 1968, no parts of the documents, no parts of the documents may be sold, reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means without the prior permission in writing of SEQ-SPs. SEQ Design & Construction Code is intended for use in connection with SEQ-SPs related projects only. SEQ-SPs do not warrant the applicability of SEQ Design & Construction Code to climates, topography, soil types, water and sewage characteristics and other local conditions and factors that may be encountered outside SEQ-SPs area of operations. The holder of SEQ Design & Construction Code acknowledges that they may contain errors and/or omissions. SEQ-SPs accept no responsibility for any works or parts thereof which may contain design and/or construction Code which has not been prepared or formatted by SEQ-SPs. 			











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3		
	 SEQ-SPs accept no responsibility for the incorrect application of SEQ Design & Construction Code by the holder or any other party. 		
PART 0 – GLOSSARY OF 1	RERMS, ABBREVIATIONS AND REFERENCES		
I Glossary of Terms	Amend the following terms.		
	Access Chamber Add to the end of the definition "and maintenance shaft and terminal entry point."		
	Average dry weather flow (ADWF) Replace the last sentence with "ADWF is based on empirical evidence and is defined in the SEQ I Criteria.		
	Insert the following terms into the Glossary		
	 SEQ Design & Construction Code The SEQ Design and Construction Code is required by legislation and is an instrument— made jointly by the SEQ-SPs; and that provides for technical standards relating to the design and construction of water infrastructure in the SEQ region. 		
	SEQ Service Provider (SEQ –SP) Providers of water services to individual customers/groups of customers. Services to the South East Corner are specified in the South-East Queensland Water (Distribution and Retail Restructuring) Act and Natural Resources Provisions Act 2009 and service providers include Gold Coast City Council (GCCC), Logan City Council (LCC), Redland City Council (RCC), Queensland Urban Utilities (QUU) and Unitywater (UW).		
	Smart Sewers Systems designed to modified design criteria which take advantage of modern materials and design and construction approaches to produce a lower cost collection system without any loss in the quality of service to customers. Smart Sewers include the PE based NuSewer and the PVC based RIGSS systems.		
	<u>NuSewers</u> which comprise fully welded PE pipes, fittings and maintenance shafts. The elimination of rubber ring joints is designed to minimise ground water infiltration and tree root intrusion reducing maintenance and sewage treatment costs.		
	<u>RIGSS (Reduced Infiltration Gravity Sewerage Systems)</u> which comprise RRJ PVC sewers with maintenance Shafts and Chambers and improved concrete Manholes combined with in-line bends and reinforced house connections that are proven to eliminate infiltration and root intrusion.		
	Unless otherwise stated, for gravity sewers, "NuSewers" are the only acceptable solution for QUU; "RIGSS" are the only acceptable solution for GCCC, LCC and RCC, and UW may allow either option.		
	Terminal entry point See terminal maintenance shaft		
II Abbreviations	Add the following new items		
	ADAC:Asset Design As ConstructedAWA:Australian Water AssociationSEQ-SP:South East Queensland water services provider		
III Reference documents	Change drawing reference to SEQ-SEW-1307-3 for AS 1170.2.		
	Change drawing reference to SEQ-SEW-1204-1 for AS 2159.		
	Change drawing reference to SEQ-SEW-1401-1 for AS 4799.		
	Change drawing reference to SEQ-SEW-1313-1 for AS/NZS 1260.		
	Change drawing reference to SEQ-SEW-1405-1 and SEQ-SEW-1406-1 for AS/NZS 3679.1.		
	Change drawing reference to SEQ-SEW-1500-1 for AS/NZS 4327.		











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3
1.1	Add after first paragraph
Scope	The nominated requirements of the SEQ-SPs planners and designers will be in accordance with the SEQ Water Supply and Sewerage Design Criteria and the Queensland Department of Environment and Resource Managements Planning Guidelines for Water Supply and Sewerage Schemes. The SEQ Water Supply and Sewerage Design Criteria takes precedence over all other planning advice.
	Add the follows at the end of the third paragraph.
	For Queensland, this option is defined in the Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003 at Part 5, Division 1, Section 34 and Section 35.
	Insert the following at the end of the section
	Smart Sewers are mandatory for all new developments as directed by the SEQ-SP for the Council area. In-fill areas shall also use Smart Sewers except that other materials may be used where specific approval has been obtained from the SEQ-SP.
	Gravity sewers are the preferred means for providing sewer service. Any other options require specific approval from the relevant SEQ-SP.
	Smart Sewers are designed on the basis that inspection will be undertaken with CCTV equipment and blockages cleared using jet rodders. This approach allows the sewer alignment to include both horizontal and vertical curves minimising the number of maintenance access structures compared to a traditional sewer system. With Smart Sewers, the majority of access structures will be maintenance shafts and chambers. However, MH's are still required for complex sewer junctions and at strategic locations for the removal of miscellaneous items that occasionally enter the sewer system.
1.3.2 Delete this clause and replace with the following	
Planning responsibilities	The relevant SEQ-SP is generally responsible for overall planning for the provision of sewerage to its customers. Refer to SEQ Design Criteria for details.
1 2 2	Insert the following at the start of the second paragraph
Design responsibilities	The design of the works shall be carried out under the direction of, and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ). The Designer shall obtain the written approval from the relevant SEQ-SP for any variations to the requirements of this Code (as amended) prior to the submission of the final design.
	Add a new sub-clause (I) into the item (iii):
	(I) The flow contributing to each section of sewer main including the design PWWF and the pipes capacity.
2.2.1	Remove existing reference to "10 – 30 years" in the advisory wording in the code
Planning norizon	Insert after the first paragraph the following
	The SEQ planning horizon shall be the ultimate projected population under the Planning Scheme for the relevant Council Area that the works are being provided within. In the absence of a Planning Scheme horizon, the SEQ-SPs will provide guidance on the planning horizon to be used.
2.3.1	Change Sub-clause (c) as follows.
property	(c) Average Equivalent Population (EP) per unit or per area rating, based on the loading rate nominated in the SEQ Design Criteria.
2.3.2	At the end of the first sentence, change the "of 180 L/EP/d." to "based on SEQ Design Criteria.".
loads	Change item (a) as follows (a) Use the EP loadings per unit type listed in the SEQ Design Criteria.











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3		
2.4.2 Sowago guality / Trada	Add as the last sentence to 2.4.2		
waste management	The EP loadings per unit type shall be as listed in the SEQ Design Criteria.		
Insert a New Clause 2.4.3	Insert the following after Clause 2.4.2		
	2.4.3 - Swimming Pools For operational reasons, swimming pool discharges including backwash from either commercial or domestic pools shall not be discharged to the sewerage reticulation system without the written consent of the relevant SEQ-SP.		
3.2.1 Design flow estimation	Add the following mandatory sentence		
method-General	Estimates of demand per land use type shall be in accordance with advice contained in the SEQ Design Criteria.		
3.2.5 Flow schedule	Add ", refer Clause 1.3.3 herein." to the end of the sentence.		
4.1 Detail design process	Add the following after item (f)		
	Multi-unit developments shall be serviced by a min 150 nominal bore (DN160 PE) diameter property connection. Internal works shall be constructed as private sanitary drainage.		
	Multi-unit developments that are redeveloped under a future reconfiguration which is to have individual units located on a freehold title lot will require each of the lots to be serviced with a min 100 nominal bore (DN110 PE) diameter property connection. This may involve the construction of a sewerage reticulation system to provide a property connection to each lot. Where this could occur in the future, consideration should be given to constructing the private sanitary drainage to the sewer standards defined herein.		
	Stubs shall be provided to accommodate future flow from upstream properties as necessary.		
	To facilitate future Trade Waste management, for all commercial and industrial developments, property connections shall be connected to sewers through maintenance structures.		
4.2.2	Replace the last paragraph with the following.		
Design accuracy	Refer Asset Information Specification for the details of level and location references.		
4.2.3	Insert the following after paragraph 2.		
Sewer layout	 The SEQ-SPs preferred location for sewers shall be within the service allocation in the road reserve. Where this is not practicable, the following alternatives may be considered: a) another service allocation, subject to the service owners approval; b) along drainage reserves subject to provision of vehicular access to sewer maintenance points; and c) in the road carriageway. 		
	Insert before the final paragraph.		
	No junctions shall be provided on reticulation sewers that exceed 3m depth to top of pipe without the approval of the relevant SEQ SP. Where a sewer is greater than 3m deep, options may be either provision of a high level reticulation sewer that services the allotments within the 3m constraint, or the use of maintenance structures.		
4.2.4.1	Insert the following at the start of Clause 4.2.4.1.		
Environmental considerations-General	Full details of environmental mitigation works shall be shown on the Design Drawings and submitted to the relevant authority for approval. Prior to any works being accepted, the consulting engineer shall provide the relevant SEQ-SP with certification that the works have been carried out in accordance with any environmental requirements.		











Deference	Amondments to IAIS A02 2002 V/2 2		
Kererence	The design submission for the pumping infrastructure and the receiving system shall be accompanied by the appropriate approvals and certificates (e.g. ERA 63) from the Queensland Department of Environment and Heritage Protection (DEHP) and an associated Odour Impact Assessment Report.		
	Any odour impacts associated within the pumping system and within the receiving sewerage system shall be assessed to the requirements of the Environment Regulators <i>Guideline for Odour Impact Assessment from Developments</i> .		
4.2.4.4	Insert the following at the start of this clause		
Contaminated sites	A register of contaminated sites is held by the DEHP Contaminated Land Unit. Details of works to be carried out on a contaminated site shall be referred to the relevant Council Environmental Officer.		
4.2.5	Change the drawing reference in the first paragraph to SEQ-SEW-1100-1 and SEQ-SEW-1100-2.		
Easements	Replace the second paragraph with the following.		
	Easements shall be provided along the full alignment of any gravity sewers located on private property. Easements shall be centred over the pipe. The easement for gravity sewers up to 3m deep and up to and including 300mm diameter shall be 3m wide. Gravity mains greater than 300mm up to and including 600mm diameter and/or mains to a depth of 5m, require a 6m wide easement. For mains that are deeper than 5m or larger than 600mm diameter, the easement to be 10m wide. Where a maintenance structure is located on lot, a 1m wide easement along the side boundary from the front boundary to the rear boundary, for sewerage purposes, is to be provided to facilitate access to the structure.		
4.2.6	The first paragraph is replaced by follows		
Disused sewers	Where a design results in the disuse of an existing sewer, the Design Drawings and Specification shall detail proposed treatment such as demolition of top 300 mm of an MH top and/or capping both ends of the sewer at each MH or complete removal of the sewer and structures. Works to be undertaken on sewers and maintenance structures that are no longer required shall primarily be as advised by the relevant SEQ-SP.		
	All AC sewers must be removed from site in accordance with SEQ-SPs requirements and all relevant safety requirements. For all other pipe materials, disused sewers are to be either removed, grout filled or plugged as advised by the relevant SEQ-SP. Disused sewer maintenance holes are to be removed or demolished in situ as advised by the relevant SEQ-SP.		
	The works undertaken on disused sewers and MHs shall be recorded as part of the "As –Constructed" details.		
4.3.2	Insert the following after paragraph 1		
public open space	Wherever practicable, sewers shall be located in the sewer allocation on the high side of the road reserve. The designer is to check the details of the sewer allocation with the relevant road authority. Where there is a significant advantage in placing the sewer in another utility allocation, written approval shall be obtained by the designer from the relevant utility before this allocation is used. Sewers laid in the road carriageway shall be located in accordance with the relevant authorities' alignments/corridor allocations. The designer shall provide the SEQ-SP with written approval for the horizontal and vertical alignment from the relevant road authority.		
	Wherever practicable, sewers in drainage reserves shall be laid parallel and adjacent to the drainage system and clear of grassed waterways to minimise the effect of pipe bedding material on ground water movement.		
	The use of pipeline aqueducts across waterways shall be avoided where possible as they can impede stream flow and incur additional maintenance costs. Wherever practicable, maintenance structures shall not be located within any drainage infrastructure (e.g. swales, drains, detention and retention facilities).		
	Change the drawing references in the second paragraph to SEQ-SEW-1400-1, SEQ-SEW-1401-1, SEQ-SEW-1402-1, SEQ-SEW-1403-1 and SEQ-SEW-1404-1.		











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2 3		
Kelelelice	Add "where required by the SEQ-SP" into the third paragraph to read as follows.		
	Where sewers cross freeways, arterial roads and other designated major road reserves, where required by the SEQ-SP, the following design criteria shall apply:		
	Change the reference in the last sentence from Clause 6.2 to Clause 6.3		
4.3.3 Railway reserves	Change the drawing reference in paragraph 1 to SEQ-SEW-1401-1.		
-	Add the following after paragraph 1		
	Where a sewer is to be located within a railway reserve, a Deed of Agreement between the Railway Authority and the relevant SEQ Service Provider will be required.		
4.3.4 Public and private	Add the following text to the start of this clause		
property	Sewers will not generally be allowed within industrial or commercial property.		
	Sewers in industrial areas shall be located in the road reserve unless the topography does not permit such a location. Where the sewer is located along the side or rear boundary of an industrial property and it is possible that the sewer will be built over, the sewer should be positioned 2m to 4 m from the boundary		
	Where a new reticulation sewer in residential areas is to be located on private or public property, the designer will provide to the SEQ-SP written approval from the property owner. For the purposes of this clause, public property includes parks, reserves and land administered by a government authority. Such written approval is to be submitted with the design when an application is lodged for design approval.		
	Sewers on residential properties shall be offset 1.0m to 1.5m from the property boundary, with preference for the larger offset.		
	Sewers on-lot shall always be closer to the dwelling than the stormwater drainage system and shall be provided with an easement		
	To avoid conflict with site improvements (e.g. landscaping etc), sewers shall generally not be located within the area between the front property boundary and the standard setback for building works.		
	Where sewers are to be located within private or public property the designer shall ensure maintenance structures and property connections are located clear of structures, in locations vertically open to the sky, allow for future maintenance and operation, and have unrestricted access from the street frontage of the site at all times.		
	No mains shall be located within the rear of a Canal esate allotment.		
4.3.5	Change the MH to Maintenance Structure in the title of this clause. Change the first paragraph to read.		
Changes in direction using an MH	Achievable changes in direction at an maintenance structure are dependent on the diameter of the sewer, the physical ability of the maintenance structure to accommodate the deviation in direction and the type of inlet / drop across the maintenance structure. The maximum allowable deflection of a sewer through an MH, excluding horizontal bends external to the MH, shall be in accordance with Table 4.1. For MS arrangement, refer SEQ-SEW-1314-1 and SEQ-SEW-1315-1 for details. <i>Clause</i> 4.3.7 specifies requirements for external horizontal bends.		
	Insert the following as Note 4 of Table 4.1.		
	4. For QUU the 150° deflection and the associated external drop chamber are not permitted.		
	Update drawing number in Table 4.1 to SEQ drawing number format.		











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3			
4.3.6 Decid and	Add "terminating in a maintenance structure" to read as follows.			
Dead-ends	Where a sewer is to be extended in the future, the end of the sewer shall terminate at leas I.0 m past the boundary of the development and terminating in a maintenance structure to ensure that future extension of the sewer does not require the unnecessary excavation within lots of streetscapes already developed.			
437	Delete the drawing reference in the third naragranh			
4.5.7 Horizontal curves in sewers	Replace paragraphs 4, 5 and 6 with the following:			
	Smart Sewers may include horizontal curves to avoid obstructions and reduce the number of maintenance structures.			
	For all NuSewers, a maximum of two long radius bends (LRB) may be used between adjacent maintenance structures. The maximum deflection angle for long radius bends shall be 90 degrees. For DN150 RIGSS installation a third LRB may be utilised between adjacent maintenance structures where this additional bend is located directly at a maintenance structure or shaft, refer to SEQ-SEW-1100 and SEQ-SEW-1101 drawing sets for details.			
	Curves in NuSewers may include both long and short radius bends. For NuSewers, a short radius bend (SRB), with a maximum deflection angle up to 45 degrees, may be provided immediately upstream of a maintenance structure. The standard radius for a SRB is 750 mm. Where a NuSewer approved SRB is provided, only one additional long radius bend up to 90 degrees may be included between maintenance structure's. The minimum LRB radius for NuSewers shall comply with the POP202 requirements i.e. 35 times outside diameter for a SDR21 PE pipe. In curved streets, the bend radius shall match the road curvature provided the bend radius limitations in POP202 are not exceeded.			
	An acceptable alignment for a NuSewers is shown below.			
	MS 45° SRB MS			
	90° LRB			
	Horizontal curves are not permitted in RRJ sewers without the use of a LRB. For RIGSS, only DN150 sewer LRBs are directly available from suppliers, refer to the drawing SEQ–SEW-1103-1 and SEQ-SEW-1314-3. DN225 and larger bends in RIGSS shall be fabricated bends from AS/NZS1260 Certified Fabricators or formed PE sweep bends as shown in SEQ-SEW-1314-3. Larger diameter sewer bends for RIGSS are detailed in SEQ-SEW-1310-1.			
	Sections of a curve in a sewer shall not be located under the road carriageway.			
	Sewer connections shall be placed on straight sections of the sewer.			
4.4.3	Add the following as the last paragraph in this clause			
Clearances from transmission towers and power lines	Where the distance between a metal sewer and a power line or transmission tower falls within the distances stated above, a report on the procedures to be adopted for the construction and maintenance of the sewer shall be provided and signed by a RPEQ as conforming with all relevant regulations etc.			











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3
4.4.4	Clause to read as follows
Clearance from structures	The design of new sewer infrastructure shall address the impact of the works on existing structures. The designer shall ensure that the proposed works will not adversely affect the structural integrity or performance of the structure.
	For sewers located close to structures such as foundations for brick walls and buildings, the sewer shall be located clear of the "zone of influence" of the structure foundations to ensure that the stability of the structure is maintained and that excessive loads are not imposed on the sewer. Refer to Clause 4.4.4.1 for the detail of SEQ-SPs building over or adjacent asset (BOAA) details.
	The location of existing structures within the vicinity of the sewer shall be detailed on the design. Footings and retaining structures may need to be detailed in section views.
	Where the designer proposes underpinning, bridging or other works to protect the sewer, these shall be detailed on the sewer design. While the location and type of these works may be subject to agreement with the relevant SEQ-SP, the structural design remains the responsibility of the designer.
	Sewers shall cross retaining walls as close as practicable to right angles. Where the sewer crosses under a retaining wall, an RPEQ certificate shall be provided to the relevant SEQ-SP verifying the structural integrity of the sewer. Where the sewer crosses under a boulder retaining wall, a concrete bridging slab shall be placed over the sewer and a RPEQ certificate provided to the relevant SEQ-SP for the slab design and the integrity of the sewer.
Insert New Clause	Insert new Clause as follows
4.4.4.1	
	 4.4.4.1 Building over or adjacent assets (BOAA) Section 192 of the Water Sustainability and Reliability Act requires persons undertaking any of the following, to obtain written consent from the responsible SEQ-SP before undertaking such activities: a) Building over sewerage infrastructure; b) Interfering with access to sewerage infrastructure; c) Increasing or reducing the cover over sewerage infrastructure; d) Changing the surface of land in a way causing ponding of water over an access chamber for sewerage infrastructure.
	Part 1.4 of the Queensland Development Code provides a mechanism for initial assessment of potential impact a building or structure may have on infrastructure assets and provides some acceptable solutions. Where a design is proposed which does not meet the provisions of the Building Code, the designer shall contact the relevant SEQ-SP for the requirements, acceptable solutions and process for Building Over or Adjacent to Assets (BOAA).
4.4.5.2	Add the following before the first paragraph.
Clearance requirements	Where a sewer crosses over or under a water main > 300mm, the design details shall be submitted to the relevant SEQ-SP for approval.
	Where a stormwater drain >= 600 mm crosses over a sewer, the stormwater drain shall be supported by a bridge structure that spans the sewer trench.











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3			
	Amend the Table 4.2 as follows.			
		•	ADLL 4.2	
	CLEARANCES BETWEEN GRAVITY SEWERS AND OTHER UNDERGROUND SERVICES			
		Minimum horiz	zontal clearance	
	Utility	r	nm	Minimum vertical
	(Existing or	New sew	ver size NB	clearance
	proposed)	< 200mm	> 200mm	
	Water mains ≤ 375 mm	1000 ⁵ /600	1000 ⁵ /600	500 ⁴
	Water mains > 375 mm	1000 ⁵ /600	1000 ⁵ /600	500 ⁴
	Gravity sewers ≤ 300 mm	300	600	150 ² /300
	Gravity sewers > 300 mm	600	600	300
	Sewers – pressure	300	600	500
	Sewers – vacuum	300	600	500
	Gas mains	300 ³	600	500⁴
	Telecommunication conduits and cables	300 ³	600	300
	Electricity conduits and cables	500	1000	500 ⁴
	Stormwater drains ≤ 300 mm	300 ³	600	150 ⁴
	Stormwater drains > 300 mm	300 ³	600	3004
	Kerbs	150	600 ⁶	150 (where possible)
	 Change Notes 3 and 4 as for Clearances can be furpast installations surpast installations surpast structure will not be or Sewers should alway no alternative and the with the Note 4 of Taken 	Now. In the reduced to 150 ch as concrete bas lestabilised in the pro- rs cross under water e sewer must cross ble 5.5 and Standard	0 mm for distances up res for poles, pits and pocess. mains and stormwater over a water main, co Drawing SEQ-WAT-1	to 2 m where mains are to be laid d small structures, providing the r drains. For cases where there is nstruction shall be in accordance 211-1 of the Water Supply Code.
4.5.3	This clause to be re-writter	n as follows		
Minimum air space for ventilation	To ensure the efficiency of natural ventilation of a sewer, an airspace shall be retained at design flow. At design flow, the depth of flow shall be not more than 75% of pipe diameter i.e. a minimum air space equivalent to 25% of pipe diameter at design flow. This criterion will also ensure that under peak dry flow conditions sewage will not contact the sewer obvert which can lead to a build-up of fat and subsequent blockages. This air space also reduces the chances of the sewer siphoning out the water seals or water traps within a connected dwelling or building Water Agency shall nominate which of the following options shall be adopted: Option A - Air space at peak dry weather flow (PDWF) At PDWF, the depth of flow shall be not more than 60% of the pipe diameter i.e. a minimum air space equivalent to 40% of pipe diameter at PDWF. Option B - Air space at design flow <i>Catering for future growth or phased development may be achieved by providing an air</i> space in the sewer at the design. At design flow, the depth of flow shall be not more than 70% of pipe diameter i.e. a			
	At design flow, the minimum air space	he depth of flow s e equivalent to 30%	hall be not more tha % of pipe diameter at	n 70% of pipe diameter i.e. design flow.











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3					
4.5.4	Table 4.3 - Minimum Pipe Sizes for Reticulation and Property Connection Sewers to be replaced as follows					
Minimum pipe sizes for						
maintenance purposes	Sewer	Minimum size				
		NuSewers/RIGSS				
	-Property connection sewer servicing 1 residential premise on a single lot.	110/100				
	-Property connection sewer servicing 1 residential lot 2 residential premises on a single lot or 2 adjoining lots.	110/150				
	 Property connection sewer servicing more than 4 2 residential premises on a single lot; Property connection sewer servicing commercial and industrial lots ≤300 m² development; Reticulation sewers servicing residential lots. 	160/150				
	For re-development within in-fill areas, where the developer can demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the SEQ-SP, that an existing property connection sewer: (i). is suitably located, and (ii). meets hydraulic capacity, and (iii). is in sound conditions assessed by CCTV, material and age etc.	Existing property connection sewers may be used				
	Reticulation sewer servicing commercial and industrial lots >300 m ² and other complexes where large flows may be expected	225				
4.5.5 Maximum EP for sewers – Table 4.4	All text (And Table 4.4) to be deleted and replaced with the following Sewers shall be sized to carry the design flow without exceeding the 75% flow depth (refer Cl4.5.3). The maximum EP figures in Table 4.4 do not apply.					
4.5.7.1	All text (including Tables 4.5, 4.6 and 4.7) to be deleted and replaced	d with the following				
Minimum grades for self cleansing-General	Minimum grades for self cleansing are specified in the (separate)	SEQ WS&S Design Criteria.				
4.5.7.2 Deticulation	All text to be deleted and replaced with the following					
Reticulation sewers	Reticulation sewers shall be graded to achieve self-cleat accordance with the SEQ-SPs requirements.	ansing at least once per day in				
4.5.7.3 Property connection sewers and ends of lines:	Clause deleted					
4.5.9.1	Adjust the second paragraph as follows.					
Branch and trunk	Aujust the second paragraph as tonows.					
sewers	The maximum grade shall be that for which the velocity of flow is 3.0 m/s for the sewer flowing full. The maximum grade shall be determined using the Colebrook-White equations for a roughness coefficient (ks) of 1.5 mm, or equivalent Manning "nM" value from the SEQ Design Criteria or as agreed by the SEQ-SP.					
4.6.1 Vertical alignment	Add as the first sentence to this clause.					
or Sewers - Scheldi	Sewers and property connections shall be constructed at while ensuring that the critical factors described in the clause	the shallowest practicable depth, are achieved.				











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3			
4.6.3				
Minimum cover over	Amend Table 4.8 as follows to add QUU figures			
sewers	Leastion	Minimum cover to top of		
	Location	sewer (mm)		
	Private residential property and public land not subject	600 – new developments		
	to vehicular loading	450 – existing developments		
	Private residential property subject to vehicular loading	750		
	Footways, nature strips, industrial property, sealed	900		
	road pavements other than arterial roads subject to	(1150 for QUU)		
	Sewer in a footway containing a 200mm to 300mm ID	900		
	water mains	(1650 for QUU)		
	Unsealed road carriageways	1200		
	Arterial road carriageways	1200		
	Future road, rail and tram pavements	1200		
4.6.4.1	Add after the first paragraph			
requirements - General				
l'équitemente écherai	The Control Point for the allotment is the House Drain Con retigulation sower or at the and of the House Connection Bran	inection lee either at the SEQ-SP's		
	and this connection tee shall be low enough to control the whol	le of the allotment to be serviced using		
	the criteria contained in AS 3500.2			
	For calculation purposes, the house drain alignment shall ger	nerally be 1 metre from side and rear		
	boundaries and 6 metres from the front boundary (may vary	in waterfront properties and reduced		
	building alignments).			
	Add as the final naragraph			
	Where filling of a site is proposed as a way of controlling or incr	easing control of a lot, the filling will be		
	subject to separate approval from the relevant authority.			
4.6.4.2	Delete this clause and replace with the following			
Serviced area	Deter this clause and replace with the following			
requirements for	For single residential lots, the property connection shall service	e the total area of the lot. For lots with		
residential lots	multiple residential units, the relevant SEQ-SP may consider	partial lot servicing. For "battle axe"		
	blocks the serviced area may be considered to start at the end of	of the access way.		
4.6.4.3	Amend the first paragraph to read as follows			
Serviced area				
requirements for	In general, the area to be serviced shall be the full area of the l	ot less any minimum setback distance.		
industrial and	In suburban commercial areas where the sewers are located at	t the rear, the area to be serviced shall		
commercial lots.	be the total area of the lot from the footway level of the frontage			
	Add after the second paragraph			
	Fundent			
	For industrial and commercial lots, the relevant SEQ-SPs may c	consider partial lot servicing.		
1051				
4.6.5.1 Minimum depth of sewer	Replace this clause with the following			
connection point-General	The property connection point shall be at the upstream end of	the property connection sewer rather		
	than at the main sewer.			
	The depth of the property connection point shall be determined	d such that it provides for the physical		
	losses from the controlling point on the lot to the property conne	ection point and achieves the minimum		
	Cover requirements.			
	a) the invert of the house drain at the controlling point is 0.5 m below the finished surface level			
	(FSL);			
	b) the longest run possible for the house drain around the	e perimeter of the serviced area; and,		
	c) the grade of the house drain is 1:60 for 100mm serv	nces and 1:100 for 150mm services in		











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3		
	compliance with AS/NZS 3500.2.		
	The minimum depth of cover to property connection sewers shall comply with the requirements given in Table 4.8.		
4.6.5.2	Delete the following text from this clause		
Soffit requirements:	 With the approval of the Water Agency, the soffit requirements of 750 mm and 900 mm may be reduced by 150 mm where: (i) the number of properties connected upstream of the subject property does not exceed 10 or the equivalent loading; or (ii) the grade of the sewer downstream of the property connection is steeper than 3.0%. 		
A 6 5 A	Add the following to the and of second last non-graph		
Depth of connection point	SEQ-SPs will only accept the provision of connections that comply with case (a) and case (c).		
	Replace the drawing references in the last paragraph to SEQ-SEW-1104-1, SEQ-SEW-1105-1 and SEQ-SEW-1106 set.		
4.6.6.1	Replace the second paragraph with the following.		
Grading through MHs- General	The maximum and minimum fall through a MH shall comply with the tables in SEQ-SEW-1301-2, SEQ-SEW-1301-4 and SEQ-SEW-1303-1.		
	Change the drawing reference in the third paragraph to SEQ-SEW-1301 set, SEQ-SEW-1302-1, SEQ-1304-1 and SEQ-SEW-1305-1.		
4.6.6.2	Delete the Table 4.9.		
Internal fall through MHs joining sewers of same diameter	Replace the "Table 4.9" at the end of the first paragraph with "tables of SEQ-SEW-1301-2, SEQ-SEW-1301-4 and SEQ-SEW-1303-1".		
4.6.6.3	Add the following at the end of this Clause.		
Internal fall through MHs joining sewers of different diameters	For QUU, refer SEQ-SEW-1301-10.		
4.6.6.4. Large falls at MHs.	Replace drawing references in both paragraphs with SEQ-SEW-1301-2, SEQ-SEW-1301-4 and SEQ-SEW-1303-1.		
	For QUU only, replace Table 4.10 with the following.		
	For QUU , No internal drops are permitted in a 900mm MH. A maximum of one internal drop is permitted in a 1200mm MH. Refer SEQ-SEW-1301 set.		
4.6.7	Insert the following after first paragraph.		
Vertical curves	Smart Sewers may include vertical curves where a significant cost benefit can be achieved and the depth to invert is greater than 1.5m.		
	Vertical curves are not permitted in RRJ sewers except through the use of a long radius bend as shown in the standard drawings.		
	Adjust the third paragraph as follows.		
	Where vertical curves are specified, no more than two (2) LRBs may be included between adjacent Maintenance Structures. The bend radii shall comply with the requirements given in CL 4.3.7. Manufactured bends shall be placed on the upstream and/or downstream side of the MS/MH immediately adjacent to the structure i.e. one at the outlet of an MH/MS and one at the inlet of a downstream MH/MS. The maximum deflection at each bend is 30°.		
	Replace the last two (2) paragraphs of this clause with drawing reference "Refer SEQ-SEW-1100 and SEQ-SEW-1101 sets".		











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3
4.6.8	Replace the last paragraph with the following.
Compound curves	Excluding bends used immediately adjacent to Maintenance structure, a maximum of one compound long radius bend is permitted between adjacent maintenance structures in accordance with the limitations set out in Clauses 4.3.7 and 4.6.7. Refer SEQ-SEW-1100 and SEQ-SEW-1101 sets.
4.7.2	Insert the following to the end of this clause.
	Reticulation sewers with no pump system discharges entering the system generally do not require management for internal corrosion.
	Where a pump station discharges into a receiving maintenance structure, internal corrosion protection shall be provided in accordance with the standard drawings and the network checked downstream for potential corrosion hazards (e.g. drop pipes)
	Manholes will require protection coatings in the following circumstances:All 1500mm dia and larger manholes;
	Manholes greater than 4m in depth;
	 Manholes on sewers > 300mm nominal bore; Manholes convising industrial estates, and
	Mannoles servicing industrial estates; and SPS collection manholes
	Refer to Clause 18.8 for the types of coating required by SEQ-SPs.
4.7.3	Insert at the end of this clause
External corrosion	
	Where concrete structures and pipes are installed in acid sulphate soils or within soils affected by the tidal zone, the provision of an acid resistant coating to the exterior of the structure or pipe shall occur prior to installation.
	Plastic pipes including NuSewers (PE) and RIGSS (PVC) shall not be used in ground likely to be contaminated with hydrocarbons. In cases where hydrocarbons are likely to be encountered, possible alternatives may be discussed with the relevant SEQ-SP.
4.8 Steel sewers	Change the whole clause to informative.
	Change the drawing reference in Clause 4.8.2 to "SEQ-WAT-1408-1 of Water Supply Code".
	Add a new Clause ""
Insert a new clause (informative)	New Clause
4.8.5	4.8.5 Coating and lining
	Steel pipe shall be coated and lined with a fusion bonded polyethylene material approved by the SEQ- SP.
5.1 Property connection- General	Replace the drawing reference with SEQ-SEW-1104-1, SEQ-SEW-1105-1 and SEQ-SEW1106 set.
5.2	Adjust the last paragraph as following.
Limitations of connection to sewers	Special precautions such as water seals may be required on these connections (refer to Clause 7.2).
5.3.1	Delete the drawing references in (a) and (b).
Methods of the property connection, General	Insert at the end of this clause the following.
	Sewer connection details shall comply with the standard drawings SEQ-SEW-1104-1, SEQ-SEW-1105-1 and SEQ-SEW1106 set.











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3
5.3.2	Add "Not used by SEQ-SPs" at the start of this clause.
IO interface method	
5.0.0	
5.3.3 Buried interface method	Add "Refer formats in SEQ-SEW-1104-1, SEQ-SEW-1105-1 and SEQ-SEW1106 set" at the start of this
Buried Interface method	clause.
5.4	Insert the following at the end of this clause
Maximum Depth of	
Property Connection	The maximum depth to invert of a property connection for a single residential lot shall be 1.5m. Where the sewer is 1.5 to 3m deep, a vertical riser (jump up) or slope up connection is required.
	For multi- residential, commercial and industrial developments, the maximum depth to invert of the property connection shall be 3 m.
	No connections shall be specified to sewers at depths greater than 3 m. In such cases, connections shall be made to a maintenance structure or to a higher level secondary sewer.
	Clearances around property connections shall comply with the requirements stated for maintenance structures in CL. 6.4.
	Where a concrete slab is to be constructed over a property connection, a 0.9 m square removable section with suitable lifting lugs shall be provided centrally over the connection as required under the "Building Over Assets" policy.
5.5.1	Insert the following at the end of this clause.
Single occupancy lots	
	A maximum of two single residential connections may be installed with a vertical riser or sloped connection. For RIGSS, a maximum of possible four single lot connections (two Dual House Connections) may be installed on a vertical riser. Refer SEQ-SEW-1104-1, SEQ-SEW-1105-1 and SEQ-SEW-1106 set.
5.5.2	Change the second paragraph to non—italicised.
Multiple Occupancy Lots	
	Amend the last paragraph as follows
	Only option a) will be permitted by the SEQ-SPs (refer Cl 4.1 for details). This Option shall only apply in self-contained catchments. Where a sewer will be required for future extensions of the sewer system to other properties external to or upstream of the development, the design shall be to this Code and constructed as a Water Agency sewer.
5.6	Insert the following to the end of this clause
Location of Connection	insert the following to the chu of this clause.
Points	Property connections shall not be located within 1.5m of existing or proposed structures.
5.6.1	Adjust the first sentence as following.
Undeveloped lots	The location of property connection points on undeveloped lots shall be as shown in the Standard Drawings. Where this can not be achieved, the connection point may be:
	Change the drawing reference in the last paragraph as "SEQ-SEW-1104-1, SEQ-SEW-1105-1 & SEQ-SEW-1106 set".
5.7	Amend the clause as follows.
Y – Property connections	Each lot will have a separate property connection.
	Where permitted by the Water Agency, consideration may be given to "Y" property connections <i>i.e.</i> those providing for connection of two lots where cost savings would result and the property owners would not be disadvantaged. No more than two (2) properties shall be connected to a single point on the reticulation/property connection sewer (Refer SEQ-SEQ-1106 set). For RIGSS, a possible four single lot connections may be made to a vertical riser as discussed in Clause 5.5.1 herein.
	With "in-fill" lot developments where one lot is divided into two, an existing property connection





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Deference	Amondments to MICA02, 2002 V2.2		
Kelerence	may, subject to approval by the relevant SEQ-SP, have a branch to service the additional lot		
5.8 Length of property	Change item b) to state that the maximum length of a 150mm property connection sewer shall be 30 m.		
connection sewers	Replace the drawing reference with SEQ-SEW-1106-1.		
Inset New Clause	<u>OUU</u> : Insert the following new clause		
	5.9 PE SEDIMENT TRAPS (QUU ONLY) For NuSewers, a PE sediment trap shall be installed on each DN110 property connection. The sediment trap details are shown on drawings SEQ-SEW-1106 set.		
	The interface between the sewer and the lot owner's sanitary drain is located at the connection between the PE trap and the house drain.		
	Where the reticulation sewer is located outside the front boundary, the access cap on the sediment trap shall be located 300 to 750 mm inside the property boundary.		
	The sediment trap shall have a PE/PVC connector with an end plug. The unit shall be vacuum tested together with the property connection sewer and the sewer main.		
	Sediment traps are not required for RRJ sewers.		
	This configuration enables a test to be carried out on the joint at the interface of the sewer and the lot owners' sanitary drain.		
	The function of the sediment trap is to allow detection of cementitious material flushed down the sewer during building construction and fats poured down the sewer following occupancy. Fats are a major cause of sewer chokes. With the public becoming aware that such inappropriate actions can be detected, the number of such occurrences may decrease.		
6.1	This clause to read as follows		
Types of Maintenance Structures	This Code addresses three (3) types of maintenance structures:		
	(a) Maintenance Holes (MHs) - which are applicable to either RIGS sewers and NuSewers and shall comply with the details on Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1300-1; 1301 set, 1302-1; 1303-1; 1303-3; 1304-1; 1305-1; 1306-1; 1307 set; 1309-1; 1310-1; 1311-1; and 1312-1 inclusive. For discharge manholes, refer to SEQ-SPS–1406-1 to 1406-5 inclusive. All MHs allow personnel and equipment access to the sewer system;		
	(b) Maintenance Shafts (MSs) - which are for both RIGS sewers and NuSewers are available up to and including 225mm ID sewers. The details shall comply with the Standard Drawing SEQ- SEW-1314-2 and SEQ-SEW-1315-1 and are currently only applicable to 150mm ID and 225mm ID sewers and only allow equipment access to the sewer system; and		
	(c) Terminal Entry Points (TEPs) - to comply with the details shown on Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1314-1 and SEQ-SEW-1315-1 which and are currently only applicable to 150mm and 225mm sewers and only allow equipment access to the sewer system. For RIGSS, in some situations, a TEP may be used in lieu of the external drop of an MH subject to the agreement of the SEQ-SP.		











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3 Table 6.1 – Acceptable MH MS and TFP options for reticulation sewers, to be amended as follows			
	ADD 10 ATION			
	APPLICATION			
	Intersection of reticulation sewers—≤2 inlets at same level	YES	Max total 3 inlets; 1 of 150mm or 2	YES ² for RIGSS NO for NuSewers
	Intersection of reticulation sewers—≤3 inlets at any level	YES	of 100mm sewers (at different level) may enter the riser, in this case, only 2 inlets to base.	NO
	Reticulation sewers / change of grade at same level	YES	YES ≤225mm pipe only and using vertical bend	NO
	Change of grade at different level	YES MH with internal/external drops	YES ≤150mm (RIGSS) ≤225mm (NuSewers)	YES for RIGSS (≤150mm pipe) NO for NuSewers
	Change in sewer size	YES	YES	NO
	Change in sewer horizontal direction	YES Within permissible deflection at MH	YES MS prefabricated units or MS used with horizontal bend-deflect to manufactures limits	YES for RIGSS for DN150 pipe only No for NuSewers.
	Change of pipe material	YES	YES	NO
	Permanent end of a reticulation sewer	YES	YES	YES
	Permanent end of a property connection sewer	NO	Refer to spec requireme	ific Water Agency nts for RIGSS.
		VES	NO for	NuSewers.
	Sewer pressure main discharge point	MH is the only option and must include a vent	NO	NO
	Junction of reticulation sewer and property connection sewer—same size sewers	YES	YES Maximum 2 high level inlets into shaft	YES for RIGSS- Maximum 2 high level inlets into shaft. NO for NuSewers
	NOTES: 1 Where personnel entr only option.	y is required down	to the level of the	sewer, an MH is the
	2 Not at same level. In I	ieu of a drop MH su	bject to approval b	y the Water Agency.
6.2	Add a sub-clause (k)			
Locations of maintenance structures	(k) at Pump Stations all flows into the station shall be through a single Manhole.			nhole.











Poforonco	Amondmonts to $WSA02 = 2002 V2.2$		
6.3.1 Spacing of	Add the following to the end of second paragraph		
Maintenance Structures	And the following to the end of second paragraph		
	The design preference is that access to every part of the sewer can be achieved with jet rodder		
	equipment assuming the service vehicle is fitted with pressure hoses with a maximum length of 150		
	m.		
6.3.2	This clause to be amended as follows		
Maintenance structures			
spacing – Reticulation sewers	For reticulation sewers, the maximum distance between any two consecutive maintenance structures shall be 120 m and subject to the provisions of Clause 6.3.1 (Refer Figures 6.1 and 6.2).		
	Where the upstream end of the sewer line is equal or less than 30m to the nearest downstream maintenance structure, the sewer is permitted to terminate in a stop end. For NuSewers the stop end shall be an electrofusion or butt welded end cap. For RIGSS the stop end shall be as shown for a "Dual House Connection outside Private Property", see SEQ-SEW-1104-1.		
	Where the end of the line is further than 30m to the nearest downstream maintenance structure, a maintenance structure (terminal entry point/rodding end) shall be installed at the end of the line as shown on SEQ-SEW-1314-1 and SEQ-SEW-1315-1.		
	At the permanent end of line sewers, where the end of line is not a MH, the distance from the end of line maintenance structure/end cap to the nearest downstream MH shall not exceed 240 m, (Refer to Figure 6.1). Where the end of line maintenance structure is a MH, the distance from the end of line MH to the nearest downstream MH shall not exceed 480 m as shown on Figure 6.2.		
	$\begin{array}{c c} MH & MS & MS & Stop end \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ Flow & Up to 120 m & Up to 120 m & d \leq 30m \\ \hline \\ $		
	<u>Where d ≤ 30m</u>		
	$\begin{array}{c} \underset{Flow}{Wh + MS + M$		
	MH MS MS MS MH O O O O Flow		
	Up to 120 m		
	480 m max between MH		
	FIGURE 6.2 MULTIPLE MSs BETWEEN CONSECUTIVE MHs (diagrammatic only)		











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2 3		
6.3.3	Change the first paragraph as following.		
Maintenance structures spacing – Branch and trunk sewers	Only MHs shall be used for branch and trunk sewers of sizes 375mm and greater. The maximum distance between any two MHs shall be 180 m. For 300mm sewers, only MHs shall be used and the distance between any two MHs shall be 120m as specified in Clause 6.3.2.		
	Insert the following informative paragraphs at the end of this clause.		
	MH spacing for large diameter trunk sewers (>300mm), which are generally installed by tunnel boring techniques, may be increased to achieve significant cost savings and reflect current trenchless technology capabilities. Specialist equipment is available for inspecting and cleaning sewer lengths of 500m or more without requiring personnel entry to the sewer.		
	Therefore, for sewers of 1000mm or larger, the MH spacing may be up to 500 m subject to a suitable project specific risk assessment being undertaken at the feasibility stage and confirmed at the detailed design stage. This risk assessment must ensure that serviceability needs are met by the proposed sewer configuration and adequate secure access to MHs is provided. If necessary, easements should be provided to ensure secure long term access to MHs. Access must allow for large cleaning vehicles to park in close proximity to MHs and manoeuvre as required.		
6.4	Replace the first paragraph with the following.		
Special Considerations in Locating Maintenance Structures	Clearances to maintenance structures, ends of line and property connections shall be in accordance with the relevant SEQ-SPs Building Over or Adjacent Assets Policy. They shall not be located within a building, or underneath a building overhang.		
	Delete the last paragraph of this clause.		
6.5	Replace the drawing reference in (a) with "SEQ-SEW-1301-4, SEQ-SEW-1303-1, SEQ-SEQ-1306-1, SEQ-		
Special considerations	SEW-1307-2, SEQ-SEW-1307-3 and SEQ-SEW-1307-4".		
for connection of new			
sewers to existing	(b) is not for NuSewers.		
Sciences	Replace the drawing reference in (c) with SEQ-SEW-1502-1.		
6.6.1	Add the following to the end of the clause		
General			
	Concrete Maintenance Holes (MHs) shall be provided at the following locations:		
	 Intersection of more than 3 incoming sewers, At complex cover junctions, such as where the entry angle exceeds 00⁰ 		
	 At a maximum spacing of 480m. 		
	Convenient vehicular access must be available to all concrete maintenance holes.		
6.6.2	Add "Not for QUU" to sub-clause (b).		
construction	For NuSewers, Pre-cast MH's are not acceptable (except as formwork) within QUU service		
	For RIGSS, external drops are not permitted for use with pre-cast MHs.		
	Concrete for MH construction shall be special class to WSA PS-358 with requirement of calcareous aggregates.		
	Replace the drawing reference in the second paragraph with SEQ-SEW-1300 to SEQ-SEW-1307 sets.		
	Replace the drawing reference in the last paragraph with SEQ-SEW-1309-1, SEQ-SEW-1310-1, SEQ-SEW-1311-1 and SEQ-SEW-1312-1.		
6.6.5	Delete the first paragraph and replace with the following		
Diameters of MH's	Suitable Maintenance Hole sizing is addressed in standard drawing sets SEQ-SEW-1301 and 1303.		











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3				
	Insert a table at th sizes.	e end of this clause to show the relationship	between MH sizes, MH	depth and sewer	
	Sewer size	MH diameter (mm, ID)			
	(mm, NB)	NuSewers (cast-in-situ only)	pre-cast	cast-in-situ	
	Up to 225	900, MH depth \leq 3 m (G type)	1000	1050	
	Up to 225	1200, MH depth $>$ 3 m (F type)	1000	1030	
	300 to 600	Min 1200 (F or X type)	Nominated by SEQ-SP	1500	
	675 to 900	Min 1200 (X type)	Nominated by SEQ-SP	1800	
	Larger than 900	Min 1200 (X type)	N minated by S	SEQ-SP	
	* For RIGSS, The use of the above reticulation access structure shall generally be based on th following percentages per development population: manholes at 1050mm diameter minimum sha be 35% of structures; refer clause 6.7.2 for residual population percentages for other access structure and alternative types.				
6.6.8	Replace the clause	by the following paragraph.			
Ladders, Step frons and Landings	Either adders or step irons shall be specified for MHs depth from top of coping to bench exceeds 0.85m (Refer to Standard Drawings SEQ SEW–1301-2 and SEQ-SEW-1301-4). For deeper MHs where the depth from ground level to sewer invert exceeds 4.25m, ladders shall be specified (Refer to Standard Drawings SEQ SEW–1301-6 and SEQ-SEW–1301-12).				
	Insert the following at the end of this clause <u>UW And GCCC</u> will not accept ladders, step irons and landings within manholes.				
6.6.9 MH covors	Delete the first line and replace with:				
	MH covers and fra	mes shall comply with the details shown on	the SEQ-SEW-1308 dra	awing set.	
	MH covers shall generally be located over the downstream sewer outlet as shown in SEQ-SEW-1301- 3, SEQ-SEW-1301-5, SEQ-SEW-1301-8 and SEQ-SEW-1307-1 with covers for Maintenance Shafts and trunk sewer MHs to be as shown in the drawings.				
	Adjust the last para	agraph to the following.			
	In sewers subject to surcharging, the design shall specify "tying together" of MH components to the cast in-situ riser e.g. restrained precast concrete cover slab and ductile iron frames with bolt down or hinged covers, to avoid the possibility of various components separating in the event of a sewer surcharge (Refer to drawing SEQ-SEW-1301-1).				
6.6.10 Cross-fall on MH covers	Change the drawin	g reference in the bracket to "SEQ-SEW-130	8-1 for RIGSS".		
Insert New Clause	Insert a new clause	as follows.			
0.0.11	6.6.11 Modification	ons to Existing Maintenance Holes			
	When undertaking to meet the specifi	work within existing service areas, modificate crequirements of that SEQ-SP.	ations to existing mainte	nance holes are	
	For QUU when un	dertaking modification work to existing mair	tenance holes the follow	s are to meet.	
	Where existing MI or loading condition	Hs do not have the current top slab, cover a ns are proposed, the modifications in follow	and frame and changes t ing two tables shall be a	to surface levels pplied.	











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3		
	Changed Surface Level – No increase in loading conditions		
	Existing cover type	Modification	
	Triangular or rectangular	Replace top slab, install 600mm cover	
	Circular	Reuse top slab and cover	
	"A" and "B"	Reuse top slab, install 600mm cover	
	Changed Surface Level – Increased loading conditions		
	Existing conditions	Modifications	
	MH type "G" or "F"	Replace top slab, install 600mm cover	
	MH type "E"	Replace with appropriate MH.	
	Where existing MH's have damaged co applied.	mponents the modifications in following table shall be	
	MH with damaged top slab, cover an	d frame	
	Existing conditions	Modifications	
	Damaged cover and frame to	Reuse top slab, install 600mm cover	
	MH type "G" or "F"		
	Damaged top slab to MH type "G" or "F	Replace top slab, install 600mm cover	
	MH type "E".	Replace with appropriate MH.	
6.7.1	Should any works be undertaken on appropriate maintenance structure.	a lamphole, the lamphole shall be replaced with an	
0.7.1 Maintonanco shafts (MS)-	Replace the clause by the following.		
General:	MSs and TEPs may be used on reticulation sewers of 150mm and 225mm sewers as an alternative to some MHs (Refer to Table 6.1 and Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW–1314 and SEQ-SEW–1315 sets).		
	MSs are manufactured with a range of inbuilt instances 120°) and may be used with or wis SEQ-SEW-1315-1).	horizontal deflections (0° to 90° generally and in some thout variable bends. (Refer to SEQ-SEW-1314-1 and	
6.7.2	Clause to be deleted and replaced with the following		
Design parameters for MSs and TMSs	MSs and TEPs shall only be used at the design locations detailed in Table 6.1.		
	 The design of NuSewers MS shall comply with (i) The combined flow entering a MS shall (ii) The flow redirected at an deflection an (iii) Where the deflection angle is more that configuration shall be a 45° stub inlet w (iv) The MS shall be designed to allow equipments, the PE riser shall be PE10 (v) Maintenance shafts shall only be i diameters of the inlet and outlet sew above the MS invert. Where the outlet be common. (vi) The maximum grade of an inlet connigrade is steeper than 1 in 10, the sewed (vii) The top section of the riser shall compite riser shall be 5 m. (ix) The vertical distance between a sewed shall be a minimum of 750 mm. Where shall enter at the base of the MS with 2 may be achieved by either adjusting the 	n the following criteria (Refer SEQ-SEW-1315 set): I not exceed 22 L/s. gle greater than 60° shall not exceed 12 L/s. an 60° and the flow exceeds 12 L/s, the incoming sewer with a SRB or a LRB. the entry of jet rodder cleaning nozzles and CCTV 00 SDR21 and fabricated to DN250. Installed on DN160 and DN250 sewers. Where the ers are the same, the inlets shall be installed 20 mm t diameter is larger than the inlet, the obvert levels shall ection to the MS shall be 1 in 10. Where the incoming er shall be regraded or vertical curves to be included. Drise a rubber ring seal PE/PVC connector. The cap for eal push on cap to allow for surcharge relief of sewers. intenance shafts with standard construction conditions er connection entering the riser and the invert of a MS e this distance is less than 750 mm the incoming sewer 20mm invert offset or obvert to obvert. The entry grading the sewer grade or using long radius vertical curves. Pars and frames that comply with the requirements in Cl	
		ers and names that comply with the requirements in CI	
	0.0.3.		











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3
Reference	 Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2/3 For RIGSS installations, the following criteria shall apply (see SEQ-SEW-1314 set): The flow leaving a MS shall not exceed 22 U.s. Directly opposing sever inlets find a MS are permitted. Directly opposing sever inlets into a MS are permitted. Directly opposing sever inlets find a MS are permitted. O'Hore the MS base supports/permits upstream severs entering the base from between 60 degrees to 300 degrees from the downstream outlet, these formats are permitted. 100-150 property connections use all MS Types with the House Connection Inspection Tee to be located a minimum of 2.0 meters from the MS centre. 150-225mm severs use Type 'G', 'H', 'J' and 'K' with a minimum of a 225mm shaft prefered. 150-225mm severs use pre-cast concrete: maintenance shaft (Quicktee or approved equal), shaft shall be minimum 600 mm diameter. Rodding ends shall be minimum size of 150 mm diameter and only on 150 mm severs to a maximum depth to sever invert 0.2 metres. The use of the reticulation access structure shall generally be based on the following percentages per development population. And the following population are rounded out by in line bends being approximately 15% of structures. motiding ends or as appropriate HCB terminal ends shall be 10% of structures. Torog through Type 'G', 'H', 'J' and 'K' maintenance shafts shall be tag traductured form of the structure. Tor go st through Type 'G', 'H', 'J' and 'K' maintenance shaft shall be tag traductured on the structure. Torogs through Type 'G', 'H', 'J' and 'K' maintenance shaft. Torogs are permitted to enter the shaft of a Type 'G', 'H', 'J' and 'K' maintenance shall be groud on the structure. <li< td=""></li<>











Poforonco	Amondmonts to M/SA02 - 2002 V/2 3			
6.7.3	Change the drawing reference to "SEQ-SEW-1314-1 and SEQ-SEW-1315-1".			
Property connection				
sewer into MSs and	Insert the following RIGSS exception to the end of this clause.			
IMSS	For RIGSS, a rodding end as shown shall be used, refer to Clause 6.3.2 herein.			
7.2	This clause is deleted and replaced with the following			
Water seals, boundary				
traps and water sealed	Water seals are a means of preventing noxious gases or persistent odours back-venting into a			
MHS	eustomer senis are a means of preventing motious gases of persistent oddurs back-venting into a			
	customer samlary dram. Water seals are generally not required by SEQ-SFS.			
	For GCCC, where advised by SEQ-SP to provide water seals as shown on SEQ-SEW-1408 set.			
	For QUU, where advised by SEQ-SP to provide water seals as shown on SEQ-SEW-1307-2 to 4.			
7.3	Delete Clauses 7.3.1 and 7.3.2. Add the following at the start of this clause.			
Gas check MHs	A gas check MH is a combination of two MHs separated by a water seal. Gas check MHs are generally not required by SEQ-SPs.			
7.4	Delete Clauses 7.4.1 and 7.4.2. Add the following at the start of this clause.			
Vertical and near vertical				
sewers	At steep rock faces or high retaining walls, vertical or near vertical pipe structures, may be used in lieu of MHs with the approval of the Water Agency. SEQ-SPs will not approve this format of sewer installation.			
7.5.2	Replace the last paragraph with follows.			
Design parameters for				
vents	Educt vents are shown as Standard Drawing SEQ-SEW-1307-3. Induct vents are shown as Standard Drawing SEQ-SEW-1407-1. The final locations and types of vent shafts to be used shall be decided in consultation with the SEQ-SPs.			
7.6	Change the Title to "Near-Horizontal Boreholes and Horizontal Directional Drilling (HDD)".			
Near Horizontal Boreholes				
7.6.2	Change the reference in sub-clause (A) from Table 6.1 to Table 7.1.			
Design requirements				
Insert New Clause 7.6.4	Insert New Clause.			
	7.6.4 Horizontal Directional Drilling – Acceptance criteria			
	HDD may be approved by the SEQ-SPs delegate subject, but not limited, to the following criteria:			
	(a) Preferred pipe material is PE100. Mechanical of E-P couplings shall not be used within boreholes			
	 (b) Diameter to be 1 size larger than that determined by the following the requirements of Section 3 and 4 			
	(c) Pipe class to be minimum 2 classes up than that determined by the following the			
	requirements of Section 3 and 4. Consulting engineers/contractors are responsible to			
	ascertain & confirm pipe classes to suit required construction forces according to the			
	(d) Minimum grade to be the value given in Table 4.6 plus 0.5%.			
	(e) The full pipe length shall be pressure tested as per Clause 22.4.2.			
	(f) Check for ponding with water followed by CCTV inspections, ponding or backfill is not			
	acceptable.			
	calculation to ensure that the ultimate PDWF level as designed will not exceed 75% of			
	the pipe diameter at the sag section in depth.			
	(h) If above requirements are not met, consulting engineers/contractors shall excavate &			
	mare your or abanuon the pipes and start the installation again.			
	Before any approvals can be granted, the consulting engineer/contractor shall agree in writing to			
	accept the requirements as per points (f), (g) & (h) above.			
This desumant contains inf	according the requirements as per points (1), (y) a (ii) above.			











Poforonco	Amondmonte to $M(SA02 - 2002)/2$
7.8.2 Design parameters	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.5
for inverted synhons	Keplace the sub paragraph (ix) with the following.
	(ix) The inlet structure shall be designed so that only the primary barrel comes into operation for flows up to PDWF (with a provision of freeboard), and the secondary barrels are brought into service for increased flows i.e. PWWF.
7.9.2 Design parameters for ERSs	Replace the drawing reference in the bracket of the second paragraph with "(Refer to Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1409 set, SEQ-SEW-1410 set, SEQ-SEW-1411 set, SEQ-SEW-1412 set and SEQ-SEW-1413-1 as appropriate for the SEQ-SP)".
8.1 Structure design-General	Adjust the last second paragraph as follows.
	Sewers shall not be laid within railway reserves unless it is necessary to cross that land, in which case, the crossing shall be in accordance with AS 4799 and to the details of SEQ-SEW-1401-1.
8.2 Products and Materials	Insert the following as the second last paragraph.
	Specific requirements for NuSewers are as follows:
	All PE - PE connections in the PE sewer system shall be welded. Welding shall be in accordance with the following:
	 Factory welds: (i) butt welding preferred; (ii) electro-fusion welding is acceptable; (iii) where butt or electro-fusion welding is not possible extrusion hot air welding is permitted. Site welding: (iv) butt welding preferred;
	(v) electro-fusion welding is acceptable.
	Only approved fittings shall be used, refer to SEQ accepted civil products & materials list. All pipes and fitting for NuSewers shall comply with AS/NZS 4130 and AS/NZS 4129.
	All site and factory welding shall be carried out by a person who has completed the Nationally Accredited Training Courses for Butt welding or Electro-fusion and must hold a valid welding certificate as per AS/NZS 2033. Refer to PIPA website for the training course details.
	The manufacturer's printed instructions on the electro-fusion welding procedure (in particular, the surface preparation requirements) are to be strictly adhered to.
	PE sewers (NuSewers) shall be used in residential, commercial and industrial areas except where there is a possibility that the sewer flow or surrounding ground may contain certain forms of hydrocarbons or other chemicals which may have impact on the PE material, refer to manufacture for the information of PE chemical resistances.
	For contaminated lands or old landfills, this requires special considerations in pipe material selection and approval from the relevant SEQ-SP.
	For RIGSS , all products and materials shall be selected from the SEQ Accepted Civil Products and Materials List.
8.6.1 Geotechnical considerations-General	Replace the drawing reference in the last paragraph with "SEQ-SEW-1200 set".
8.6.7 Water-charged ground	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1202-1 and SEQ-SEQ-1203-1".
8.7 Above ground crossings	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1404-1, SEQ-SEW-1405-1 and SEQ-SEQ-1406-1".











D.(A			
Reference	Amendments to W	SA02 - 2002 V2.3		
Insert New Clause	Insert New Clause.			
8.7.1				
	8.7.1 Creek Cross	sing		
		•		
	Where approved by	relevant SEO-SP sewers shall be d	esigned such that any sewer crossing a creek	
	shall be leasted by	low the greak had. This requirement	and will provide a critical control point in the	
	shall be located be	now the creek bed. This requireme	ant will provide a childar control point in the	
	network layout desig	jn.		
	However, where thi	s requirement cannot be met the s	ewer shall be located above the Q100 flood	
	level (i.e. aerial cro	ssings or bridge crossings). If this	cannot be achieved and the aerial crossing	
	sewer is located be	elow the Q100 flood level, the sev	ver shall be designed for Q100 flood force	
	loadings.		5	
	Where the sewer cr	osses a tidal creek the sewer shall	he located below the creek bed on "at grade"	
	areasing or where the	is is not possible alternatives shall be	a agreed with the relevent SEO SD	
	crossing of where th	iis is not possible alternatives shall b	e agreeu with the relevant SEQ-SF.	
	For creek crossings	s, the designer shall obtain the appr	oval of the relevant authority responsible for	
	management of the	waterway e.g. DEHP, and/or relevan	t road authorities/bridge owners.	
8.8	Replace the drawing	reference with "SEO-SEW-1200-2".		
Pipe cover	- P			
<u> </u>	Donloss the drawing	nofenence with "SEO SEW 1200 2"		
	Replace the drawing	reference with "SEQ-SEW-1200-2".		
i rench design				
8.10	Replace the drawing	g reference in the first paragraph w	ith "SEQ-SEW-1206-1 and SEQ-SEW-1207-1"	
Bulkheads and	respectively.			
trenchstops	1 0			
	Insert the following at	fter paragraph 4.		
	insert the following u	in paragraph in		
	Where it is possible, bulkheads on PE nine shall be located on electro-fusion couplings. Where there are			
	where it is possible,	bulkheads on PE pipe shall be locate	ed on electro-fusion couplings. Where there are	
	no electro-fusion co	bulkheads on PE pipe shall be locate uplings, factory made puddle flange	ed on electro-fusion couplings. Where there are as shall be used for the required bulkheads.	
	no electro-fusion co	bulkheads on PE pipe shall be locate uplings, factory made puddle flange stops shall comply with the requirement	ed on electro-fusion couplings. Where there are as shall be used for the required bulkheads. Its of Table 8.1.	
	Notere it is possible, no electro-fusion co Intermediate trench s	bulkheads on PE pipe shall be locate uplings, factory made puddle flange stops shall comply with the requiremen	ed on electro-fusion couplings. Where there are es shall be used for the required bulkheads. hts of Table 8.1.	
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UrbanUtilities





Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3
9.3.1	Clause Deleted.
Scale	Terroret erore line
9.3.2 Recording of As	Insert new line.
constructed information:	"As Constructed" information shall be provided in accordance with the SEQ Asset Information Specification and ADAC schema.
PART 2 PRODUCTS & MAT	ERIALS
Purpose	insert the following text at the end of this clause.
	Critical products for which inadequate performance or premature failure may jeopardise the meeting of the relevant SEQ-SPs "Standards of Service" or the economic life of the system must be authorised for use by the relevant SEQ-SP before incorporation into the works.
	A list of accepted products and materials or suppliers of critical products is available separately from each SEQ-SP.
	Other products referred to on the WSAA web site, given below, may be used in specific projects subject to the approval of the relevant SEQ-SPs.
10.6	Adjust the title of the Table 10.1 as following.
Selection Guide for Pipeline systems	PRINCIPAL GRAVITY SEWER PIPELINE SYSTEMS
	(Refer SEQ Accepted Products & Materials List)
	Insert the following at the end of this clause.
	Applicability of PE pipes: Polyethylene (PE) pipes shall be used for all new developments that using NuSewers. PE pipes shall be PE100 with minimum class of SDR21. Higher pipe classes may be used (higher pipe class means lower SDR e.g. SDR17 or lower values.) in accordance with in-situ conditions e.g. low strength soils. The standard pipe sizes are DN110, 160, 250 and 315 (reflect 100mm, 150mm, 225mm and 300mm nominal bore respectively). For sewers larger than reticulation, DN400, 500, 630, 800, 1000 and 1200 may be used.
	The DN for PE pipes refers to outside diameters as per AS/NZS 4130.
	 Pipe colour shall be: External light grey—solid or striped. Internal white or light colour to facilitate CCTV inspection.
	Internal white or light colour is mandatory as CCTV inspection forms part of the gravity sewer asset acceptance requirements.
	Pipe welds shall be butt welding or electro-fusion types. Where this is not possible factory applied extrusion hot air welding is acceptable.
	Applicability of PVC pipes: PVC pipes shall predominantly be used for all new developments that using RIGSS. Only rubber ring jointed PVC pipes may be used.
	Other materials: Use of other materials for pipes and fittings may be appropriate in some circumstances and requires specific approval by the relevant SEQ-SP.
PART 3: CONSTRUCTION	
11.2	Replace the Standard Drawings as following.
Interpretation	"Standard Drawings" means the SEQ Standard Drawings in the SEQ WS & S Design and Construction Code.











Poforonco	Amondmonts to WSA02 - 2002 V2 3
12 2	Insert the following text at the end of this clause
Personnel Qualifications	During any construction activity at least one person on site must have completed a pipe laying training
	Accepted Products and Materials List).
	The contractor will provide documented evidence of such qualification prior to commencement of the works.
13.1	Insert the following line at the end of this clause
General	NuSewers shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of AS/NZS 2033.
13.2	Replace the sub-clause (e) with following.
Order of construction ,	
testing and commissioning	(e) Connect to the live sewer after all other Works have been constructed as specified. Make application to the SEQ-SP for the Live Connection and provide all required certifications for Vacuum, Pressure and Ovality tests.
13.5.2	Insert the following at the start of this clause.
Protection of Other	
Services	The contractor shall be responsible for any damage they cause to existing underground services. If
	the contractor damages any existing services, it shall arrange for the relevant service authority to
	SEQ-SP the failure or damage causes an emergency situation, then remedial action will be taken by
	the SEQ-SP and the full cost of such action shall be borne by the contractor.
	Add as the last paragraph in this clause
	Where a development is approved for full site coverage and foundation works require excavations on- site, the use of temporary Earth Anchors requires extreme caution as the anchors placement within the verse/feetway or even into the readway may impact on the existing sewer or other services
	Where a development causes damage to the service, the responsible person for the works shall be liable for the full cost of restoration including all diversion and tankering cost.
13.5.3 Disused/Redundant	Amend the clause to read.
sewers	Take action regarding disused sewers e.g. removal or capping at points of disconnection and /or grout filling the pipe and also removing surface fittings and parts of access structures as specified.
14.1	Amend the second paragraph to read.
Authorised Products and	
Materials	Use only products and materials accepted by the SEQ-SPs.
	Replace the last paragraph with the following.
	A list of the accepted items is included in the "SEQ Accepted Products and Materials List". Where
	items are required but not included in the List, those items shall be referred to the relevant SEQ-SP for appraisal.
15.2 Limits of Excavation	Add the following to the end of this clause
	Where a sewer or property connection sewer is located in rock and has the potential to be extended
	the excavation shall be extended 1.0m or as directed by the superintendent.
15.3	Change the second sentence of the third paragraph to the following.
Excavation across	
Improved surfaces	Saw cut neat straight lines, at the distances shown in the SEQ-SEW-1205-1 beyond the outer limits of the excavation through bitumen, asphalt and concrete.











Reference	Amendments to	WSA02 - 2002 \	V2.3			
15.8	Replace the drawing reference in the second paragraph with "SEQ-SEW-1200-1".					
Foundations and foundation stabilisation						
16.3 Placement of bedding	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1200-2 and SEQ-SEW-1201-1".					
16.4 Special pipe support for non-supportive soils	Replace the drawi	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1202-1, SEQ-SEW-1203-1 and SEQ-SEW-1204-1".				
16.5 Bedding for maintenance shafts and bends	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1314 set and SEQ-SEW-1315-1".					
16.6	Replace the drawi	ing reference with	n "SEQ-SEW-12	200-1" in the	second paragraph	
Bedding for maintenance holes	Replace the drawi	ing reference with	n "SEQ-SEW-12	200-2 and SE	Q-SEW-1203-1" in	the last paragraph.
17.1.3 Delvethylene	Add the follows at	t the end of this cl	ause.			
Polyetnylene	Debeading is not	required unless	otherwise speci	fied by SEC)-SP.	
17.1.4 Laying	Replace the drawi	ing reference with	n "SEQ-SEW-11	.03 set and S	EQ-SEW-1200-2"	
17.2.2	Replace the drawi	ing reference in s	ub-clause (c) wit	h "SEQ-SEV	W-1314 set and SEQ	Q-SEW-1315-1"
Methods of deflection	Insert the followin	ng after (c).				
	NuSewers permi	ts the 'methods'	discussed in (b)) or (c) abov	e.	
	RIGSS only perm	nits the 'method' of	discussed in (c)	above.		
	Change the Table	Change the Table 17.1 as following.				
		METHO	TAB DDS OF ACHIE	BLE 17.1 VING CUR	VED SEWERS	
				Pipe	Pipe length	Minimum
	Curve type	Material and joint	Deflection at joint	size DN	m	horizontal and vertical curve radius m
		VC Socket - Spigot	Yes	100 – 1400	Up to 2.5– varies with DN	Note 1
		VC PE coupling	Yes	100 – 300	Up to 2.5– varies with DN	Note 1
	Cumulative deflection at joints	PVC elastomeric seal jointed (RRJ)	Yes	100 – 375	3.0 - 6.0	Note 1
		Profiled wall PE Socket - Spigot	Yes	375 – 2100	2.4 - 6.0	Note 1
	Manual cold bending	PVC solvent cement jointed	No	100 – 300	Not dependent	Note 3
		•				











Reference	Amendments to	WSA02 - 2002 \	/2.3			
		PE welded joints SDR ≤21	No	160 – 355	Not dependent	Note 3
		PVC	Yes RRJ only	100 – 375 Note 2	Not dependent	Note 3
		GRP	Yes	300 – 1200	Not dependent	As manufacture requirement
	Manufactured bends	Profiled wall PE	No	Up to 1500	Not dependent	Note 3
		PE short radius bend (up to 45°)	No	110 – 250 Note 4	Not dependent	0.75
		PVC variable bend	No	150 – 225	Not dependent	0.9
17.2.3 Horizontal curves	NOTES: 1 The minimu upon: (a) the an (b) en rea 2 Manufacture fabricated te 3 Refer to PC bends. 4 Short Radiu Larger sizes Adjust the third p Place bends or Drawing SEQ-SE	am radius for so e deflection that d suring that the adily achievable ed bends for RI o AS/NZS1260. DP202 for minin us bend for PE s of PE or great aragraph as follo initiate curves in W-1314 set and	Ivent cement of may be achie necessary res based on mar GSS are avail GSS are avail num acceptabl are available er degrees sha wing. n the sewer as SEW-SEW-131	welded PVC eved withou straint of the nually cold able at DN e radii for for DN110, all use long per Clause 15-1.	C pipes and weld at overstressing t e pipe and joints bending the pipe 150 with other siz manufactured be DN160 and DN2 radius bends as	ed PE pipes is based he pipe or pipe joint; around the curve is in the field. zes to be individually nds and manual cold 50, up to 45 degree. per Note 3.
17.2.4 Vertical curves	Replace the 5 th and Place vertical ber	d 6th paragraph w nds as per Clause	v ith the followin e 4.6.7.	g.		
17.2.5 Compound curves	Replace the clause with the following. Place the compound bends as per Clause 4.6.8.					
17.4 Flotation control	Replace the drawi	ng reference in su	ıb-clause (a) wit	h "SEQ-SEV	W-1206-1".	
17.5 Trench Stops	Add the following Trench Stops are Drawings or wher	after the first sen to be used only e an undergroun	ttence where specifie d water path is	d on the Des encountered	sign Drawings or s d during constructi	hown on the Standard on.
	Replace the drawi	ng reference with	"SEQ-SEW-12	06-1 and SE	Q-SEW-1207-1".	











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3
17.6 Bulkheads	Change first sentence to read as follows
	Construct concrete bulkheads with trench drainage as specified on the Design Drawings or shown on the Standard Drawings or where an underground water path is encountered during construction.
	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1206-1 and SEQ-SEW-1207-1".
17.7 Property connection sewers	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1104-1, SEQ-SEW-1105-1 and SEQ-SEW-1106 set".
17.8 Dead ends	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1104-1, SEQ-SEW-1105-1, SEQ-SEW-1106 set, SEQ-SEW-1314-1 and SEQ-SEW-1315-1".
17.9 Marking of Property	Replace the clause as following.
Connections and Dead Ends	Mark the position of each dead end and location of each property connection point using identification formats as shown in the Standard Drawings.
	Reference: Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1104-1, SEQ-SEW-1105-1 and SEQ-SEW-1106 set as appropriate.
17.11.1 Non-detectable marking tape	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1200-2".
17.11.2 Detectable Marking Tape	Change the first paragraph as following.
Deteotable marking rape	Detectable marking tape shall be laid above all buried non-metallic pipes along the top of the embedment zone or at 1 m below the surface (whichever is the closer to ground surface) for:
	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1200-2".
17.12	Add the following as the first paragraph:
Bored Pipes under Roads, Driveways and Elsewhere	Proposed methods and materials for bored pipelines shall be approved by the relevant SEQ-SP before commencement of boring. Contractor shall carry out a risk analysis of any piling works adjacent to buildings, bridges and other structures and this analysis shall be included in the proposal.
	Add the following after the third paragraph.
	Where plastic pipes are grouted within the encasing pipe, the approved work method statement shall detail the controls to prevent either floatation or thermal reversion of the carrier pipe (the sewer).
	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1400-1, SEQ-SEW-1401-1, SEQ-SEW-1402-1 and SEQ-SEW-1403-1".
17.13 Aqueducts	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1404-1 and SEQ-SEW-1405-1".
17.14 Bridge crossings	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1406-1".
17.16.1 Welding of steel pipelines-General	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-WAT-1400-1 to SEQ-WAT-1408-1 within SEQ Water Supply Code".
Insert New Cluse	Insert New Clause
17.10.3	17.16.3 Reinstatement of linings and coatings
	The requirements of Clauses 15.20.3 to 15.21.1 within the SEQ Water Supply Code shall apply.











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3
Maintenance Holes	Replace the clause with the following.
(MHs)-General	Construct MHs and install covers, surrounds, step irons and ladders as specified.
	GCCC and UW- Step irons and ladders shall not be installed in service areas managed by GCCC and UW.
	Reference: Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1300-1, SEQ-SEW-1301 set, SEQ-SEW-1302-1, SEQ-SEW-1303 set, SEQ-SEW-1304-1, SEQ-SEW-1305-1, SEQ-SEW-1306-1, SEQ-SEW-1307 set, SEQ-SEW-1308 set, SEQ-SEW-1309-1, SEQ-SEW-1310-1, SEQ-SEW-1311-1, SEQ-SEW-1312-1 and SEQ-SEW-1313-1.
18.2 MH base	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1304-1, SEQ-SEW-1305-1 and SEQ-SEW-1306-1" in the first paragraph.
	Replace the last two paragraphs with following.
	For precast MHs, form the channels after the first component has been placed where pre-benched or bowl benched bases are not used.
	Reference: Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1301 to SEQ-SEW-1312 as appropriate.
18.3 Trench drainage around MHs	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1207 set".
18.4	Add as the first sentence of this clause
Systems.	QUU: Precast MHs are not accepted for use within QUU service areas.
	Replace the last three paragraphs with the following.
	For precast MHs that are using cast in-situ MH bases, secure the hydrophilic seal at the locations shown in the Standard drawings and prime the lower 200mm of the precast component with a wet to dry bonding agent or cement slurry before placing the component onto the wet concrete base. Embed the component 50 mm into the wet concrete base, then build up and compact a 150mm concrete fillet on the outside to seal against infiltration. Form channels in the base in accordance with Clause 18.2. Do not place other shaft sections until the concrete base has set.
	For pre-benched or bowl benched precast bases, install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
	Reference: Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1300 to SEQ-SEW-1306.
18.5	Replace the second and the third paragraphs with the follows.
Cast in-situ concrete MH	At each construction joint, place water stops and dowels, remove laitance and prime with a wet and dry bonding agent or cement slurry before pouring the next lift. Where hydrophilic seals are to be used, place these after the laitance removal.
	Where a water stop is used at any construction joint, support it in such a manner that it will retain its position during the pour.
	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1301 and SEQ-SEW-1307 sets".
18.8 – Internal Coating of Concrete Manholes	Delete existing text and replace with the following
	Where required by the SEQ-SP (refer to Clause 4.7.2), MH's shall have all internal surfaces coated with a protective coating system as detailed below. The DI cover and frame does not require coating.
	QUU and UW : Internal surfaces shall be lined with a PE cast in place lining system. Refer SEQ-SPS-1407 drawing set for details.











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3			
	GCCC: Internal surfaces shall be coated with either PE lining systems as above or a two part solvent free 100% solids epoxy protective coating system at 2.0mm thick and suitable for application to damp concrete, a) the protective coating system shall be installed to the manufacturer's requirements and the application shall be carried out by an accredited applicator approved by the manufacturer and the Superintendent:			
	 b) The two part solvent free epoxy protective coating system suitable for wastewater works, shall be a chemical resistant two part epoxy primer/ sealer (if specified by the manufacturer) with a high build capability, resistant to Sulphuric Acid and abrasion with a minimum dry film thickness of 2000 microns c) The pot life of the mixed coating shall be a minimum of 40 minutes with a colour when dry of either light grey, white or off white. d) The protective epoxy coating system may include Quartzite aggregates and where used the minimum dry film thickness shall be 4000 microns. e) Prior to the application of the coating system the new concrete surface shall be pressure blasted or scabbled so as to remove any laitance, loose or porous material leaving a clean, rough, hard concrete surface. The Contractor shall: f) certify to the Superintendent (in a manner approved by the Superintendent) that: (i) the protective coating has been applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation; (ii) the protective coating has been applied by an accredited applicator and that the tests required by the manufacturer baye. 			
	 (A) been carried out; and (B) met the manufacturer's requirements; and (C) passed all necessary tests. (C) provide to the Superintendent a joint manufacturer's and applicators written warranty (in favour of the SEQ-SP) covering the protective coating for a minimum period of 10 years. 			
18.9	Change the first line from: "as specified" to "as specified on Standard Drawings".			
Covers	Replace the drawing references with "SEQ-SEW-1300-1, SEQ-SEW-1301-1 and SEQ-SEW-1308 set".			
18.10 Connections to Manholes	Change the first line from : "as specified" to "as specified on Standard Drawings" Replace the drawing references with "SEQ-SEW-1301 set, SEQ-SEW-1302-1, SEQ-SEW-1303-1, SEQ-SEW-1307-4 and SEO-SEW-1313-1".			
18.11 – MH Drops	Change the first line from : "as specified" to "as specified on Standard Drawings"			
	Replace "Superintendent" in the second paragraph with "relevant SEQ-SP".			
	Replace the drawing references with "SEQ-SEW-1301 set, SEQ-SEW-1303-1, SEQ-SEW-1306-1 and SEQ-SEW-1307-2".			
19.1 MAINTENANCE SHAFTS (MS AND TMS) AND	In the title replace the "TMS" and "Inspection Openings (IO)" with "TEPs" and "Inspection Tees and Sediment Traps"			
INSPECTION OPENINGS	Replace the clause with the follows.			
(IO)-General	Install MSs, TEPs, Inspection Tees and Sediment Traps as specified on Standard Drawings. Where the manufacturer's printed installation instructions vary from the Design Drawings, refer to the Superintendent for written instruction.			
	Embed and surround MSs, TMS, Inspection Tees and Sediment Traps with embedment material as specified for the reticulation sewer.			
	Compact embedment as specified for reticulation sewer trench fill.			
	Provide and install covers and surrounds as specified.			
	Reference: Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW–1104 to 1106, SEQ-SEW-1308-1 and SEQ-SEW-1314 to 1316.			











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2 3			
19.2	Replace the clause with the follows.			
Sealing caps	Replace the challe with the follows.			
jp-	Cut the MS/TEPs shaft to provide the access cover clearance as specified on Standard Drawings. Seal the shaft with a cap in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions.			
	Reference: Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1314 set, SEQ-SEW-1315-1 and SEQ-SEW-1316-1.			
19.3	Replace the clause with the follows.			
Covers				
	Install covers and frames as specified on Standard Drawings.			
	Clean sealing surfaces of covers and frames. Apply grease to seating surfaces where specified in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions.			
	Reference: Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1308-1, SEQ-SEW-1314-1 to 2 and SEQ-SEW-1316-1.			
19.4	In the title change TMSs to TEPs and replace the clause with the follows.			
Connections to MSs and TMSs	Make connections of sewers to MSs and TEPs as specified on the Standard Drawings and in accordance the manufacturer's printed instructions.			
	Reference: Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW–1314 set, SEQ-SEW-1315-1 and SEQ-SEW-1316-1.			
20.1	Insert the following after second paragraph			
Pipe embedment and	insere the route wind meet second burndt abu			
support-General	Bedding material shall be screeded and compacted to grade before the pipe is laid making provision for sockets. Embedment material shall be rodded into haunch area to provide continuous support.			
20.2	Delete this clause and the Table 20.1, and replace the clause with follows.			
Embedment Details	Use embedment materials that:			
	(a) Are single sized materials with nominal sizes of 5mm or 7mm; and			
	(b) Comply with the Purchase Specification for embedment materials as nominated in the SEQ Accepted Products & Materials List.			
	Reference: Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1104-1, SEQ-SEW-1105-1, SEQ-SEW-1106 set, SEQ-SEW-1200-2, SEQ-SEW-1201-1, SEQ-SEW-1202-1, SEQ-SEW-1314 set and SEQ-SEW-1315-1.			
20.4 Special bedding and	Change drawings References to Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1202-1, 1203-1 and 1204-1.			
embedments/ Geotextile surround and pillow				
20.6 Concrete	Change first sentence to read.			
Embedment and Encasement	Concrete embed or encase pipes as per engineered design solution in accordance with Clause 14.5.			
	Change drawing references to Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1203-1, 1400-1, 1401-1, 1402-1 and 1403-1.			
21.1.1 Trench fill-General	Add the following at the start.			
Trench hill-General	Place marker tapes as shown in the Standard Drawings.			
	Change drawings References to Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1200 set.			
21.1.2	Add the following at the start of this clause.			
Material requirements	Trench fill shall consist of the best material from the trench excavation and free from organic matter, has a particle size not exceed 75mm that can achieve the required compaction. For trenches in the roadways and footpaths, trench fill and restoration to be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant road owner, refer typical details in Standard Drawings SEQ-SEW-1205-1 and SEQ-SEW-1205-2.			











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2 3
22.3.1	Add the following to the start of this clause
Compaction testing- General	The Contractor (or the consulting engineer of the development works) shall be responsible for all
	compaction testings and shall arrange for the testing to be carried out by a NATA certified Test Laboratory.
	Prior to commencing works the Contractor / consulting engineer shall prepare a test plan showing the number of tests and depths in each zone where testing is to be carried out. Refer Clause 22.3.3 or 22.3.4 herein for the required minimum number of tests.
	The Test Laboratory shall randomly select test locations in each zone. The relevant authority may direct the Test Laboratory to undertake additional tests in any zone. The test locations shall be uniformly spread over the works.
	Compaction Certificates: Prior to the works being accepted 'on maintenance', the Contractor / consulting engineer shall submit the individual compaction test records and a Certificate of Compliance from the NATA test laboratory confirming that the tests have been completed in accordance with the test plan and that the specified compaction as per Clause 22.3.3 or Clause 22.3.4 herein has been achieved.
	Non-compliance of Compaction testing: The compaction tests shall be repeated at the Contractor / consulting engineer's cost until satisfactory compaction levels are achieved as per Clause 22.3.3.3 or Clause 22.3.4.5 herein.
22.3.3.1 Applicable pipe sizes	Replace the drawing reference in sub-clause (a) with "SEQ-SEW-1200-1".
22.3.3.2	In the second paragraph change ">375mm" to "≥375mm".
Frequency and location of embedment tests	
22.3.3.3	Adjust the second sentence as the follows.
Retesting	If one or more of the repeat tests does not comply, re-do the embedment/fill and re-compact the full zone and continue repeat testing on the full zone.
	Replace the drawing reference in the Table 22.1 and Table 22.2 Notes with "SEQ-SEW-1201-1".
22.3.4.1 Trafficable test zone	Change drawing reference to "SEQ-SEW – 1200-2".
22.3.4.4	Insert the following at the start of this clause.
Frequency and location of tests	Testing shall not be clustered within a zone or at boundaries of a zone.
	Insert the following at the end of this clause.
	In deep trenches where more than 1 layer is to be tested, the test locations shall, where practicable, be staggered from those layers above or below by at least 5 m for sewers and pressure mains and 2 m for property connection sewers.
22.3.4.5 Retesting	Adjust the second sentence as the follows.
	If one or more of the repeat tests does not comply, re-do the embedment/fill and re-compact the full zone and continue repeat testing on the full zone.
22.4.1	Delete the "or air pressure" at the start of paragraph 2 to read as follows
Air pressure and vacuum testing of sewers- General	Vacuum test all sewers
	Delete "air pressure and" in the paragraph 5 to read as follows
	Make calibration certificates for all vacuum testing equipment











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3
	Add the following informative to the end of this clause.
	The SEQ-SP may permit sewers 1050mm \leq diameter \leq 1500mm to be tested by the method defined in Clause 22.5 as an alternative to the vacuum testing.
22.4.2.1	Change the Heading of this clause to read
Vacuum testing	22.4.2.1 Vacuum testing – RRJ Sewers
	Add the following as the first line of this clause:
	All components of the sewer including MS's and property connection sewers shall be subject to a vacuum test.
22.4.2.2	This clause including title to be replaced with the follows.
Low pressure air testing	22.4.2.2 Vacuum testing – NuSewers
	All components of the sewer including MS's and property connection sewers shall be subject to a vacuum test. Plug all sewer inlets and outlets and cap and seal all MS risers in the test length of sewer.
	 The vacuum test for NuSewers shall be carried out in accordance with the following procedure: apply a negative pressure of approximately 50kPa; close the valve, shut off the pump and allow the pressure to stabilise for 3 minutes; when the pressure has stabilised at or below the starting test vacuum of 45kPa, commence the test by allowing the pressure to drop to 45kPa at which point the time recording begins; and record the vacuum drop over a 20 minute period.
	The sewer is acceptable under test if the vacuum loss is less than 2kPa. If the test fails, re-apply the vacuum to identify leaks and rectify all defects prior to conducting further tests.
22.4.4.1	Replace the first two paragraphs with the following.
General	Vacuum test all concrete MHs regardless cast in-situ MHs or precast MHs.
	Delete Table 22.5
22.6.3 Flexible sewers ≤ 300mm	Replace the drawing reference with "SEQ-SEW-1201-1".
Insert New Clause	Insert New Clause.
22.7.1	22.7.1 CCTV Inspection Requirements
	All sewers and maintenance structures shall be inspected by CCTV after all backfilling operations have been satisfactory completed and all junctions are installed. This inspection is required to ensure that the pipe is without any construction defects, the pipe has no internal flow obstructions and all approved junctions are in right location. Further the inspection will verify the information provided with the 'As Constructed' drawings.
	A secondary inspection is also required prior to but not more than two (2) weeks before on site inspection for off maintenance certification.
	The sewers and maintenance structures shall be cleaned prior to the CCTV inspection.
	All CCTV inspections in general shall be carried out in accordance with the latest version of the WSAA Conduit Inspection Reporting Code of Australia WSA 05. The operator shall use Appendix F to highlight all unacceptable defects in the CCTV report.
This decourses of the test	In addition to the WSAA WSA 05 requirements the CCTV surveys shall comply with the following











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2 3
Reference	
	 a) All CCTV surveys shall be accompanied by an inclination report in the form of a scaled graph that plots the pipe's altitude over the distance travelled. The inclinometer shall be accurate to +/-1%. The inclinometer reading shall be on screen display at all times during the recording of the CCTV survey.
	b) The CCTV survey shall be carried out from the centre of the start maintenance structure to the centre of the finish maintenance structure. Each maintenance structure shall be fully scanned using the pan/tilt and zoom functions of the CCTV camera and the video footage recorded as part of the overall CCTV survey.
	 c) All pipe joints shall be scanned by a 360 degree pan. d) Additional welding defects to be coded for PE sewers with electrofusion joints: a. A PE pipe end not cut square in a joint shall be coded as circumferential welding defect (Code WC) b. Visible welding wires in a joint shall be coded as circumferential welding defect (Code WC) c. Partially melted fusion couplings in a joint shall be coded as circumferential welding
	 defect (Code WC) e) All changes in horizontal and vertical direction of the pipe along the survey shall be coded using the appropriate WSA 05 codes. a. A number of general photographs shall be taken along the server surveyed as a
	 a. A number of general photographs shall be taken along the sewer surveyed, as a minimum to satisfy the requirements of this standard: b. one photograph in each maintenance structure showing the condition of the structure above the pipe obvert level c. one photograph each showing the connection point between the maintenance shaft/maintenance hole and the incoming/ outgoing pipes d. a general photograph every 20-25m of the pipe condition not related to any defect
	e. a photograph of each junction installed f. photographs of all welding defects identified
	 Two copies of the following information shall be provided prior to commissioning of the assets: f) A digital video file (MPEG 1 or MPEG 2 format) for each sewer segment (Maintenance shaft/hole to Maintenance shaft/hole), g) Digital photographs (JPEG format) of certain defects as stated in Appendix F of WSA 05 and for all the situations mentioned above h) One digital file with the asset information, coding information and Inclinometer readings (to an acceptable version of the WinCan software or other digital formats stated in future editions of the WSA 05 standard) i) Hardcopy of the WinCan report with the coding information including the photographs taken
	 J) Hardcopy of the inclination report All digital files shall be provided as data files on CD or DVD medium ('vob' files not acceptable).
22.2 Toloronoo on	Delete existing eleves and works as with the following
Finished Surface Structures and Fittings	 Delete existing clause and replace with the following. For structures and fittings designed to finish flush with the ground/pavement surface or proud of the surface, the following tolerances to the design shall apply: a) +/- 5mm, for all constructed pathways, b) +10mm high, -5mm low in road reserves including sealed pavements, and driveways, c) +15mm high, -5mm low in sealed vehicular and pedestrian areas within private property, d) +20mm high, -5mm low including garden areas, unsealed areas, non- trafficable or occasional trafficable areas.
24 Connection to	Insert before the first paragraph, the following sub-heading for the existing text.
Existing Sewers	24.1 – General
New Clause	Insert the following new Clause after existing sub-clause (f).
	24.2 CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING SEWERS











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3
	24.2.1 General
	All works undertaken within SEQ–SPs service area which involve connection to, or modification of, the existing sewerage system are known as "Live Sewer Works" and shall be undertaken by the SEQ-SP.
	 Typical "Live Sewer Works" include: a) new connections to existing MH's, MS's, ends and sewers; b) sealing connections to existing MH's and MS's; c) construction of a new MH or MS over an existing sewer or end; d) extension or relaying existing sewers; e) replacement of sewers; f) raising or lowering of existing MH's or MS's; and g) other works on existing sewers MS's and MH's.
	"Live Sewer Works" shall be clearly described in a table on the drawings refer SEQ-SEW-1102-1 as a sample format.
	24.2.2 Procedure for "Live Sewers" connections
	For GCCC and UW , the procedures for live sewer connections shall be defined at the time of the works and may generally follow the QUU procedure below.
	 QUU procedure: Where a new MH is to be built over an existing PE sewer (NuSewers): a) The Contractor shall weld two PE puddle flanges on the existing PE sewer for the distance of the MH walls centre; b) QUU shall cut the whole circumferential section of the existing PE pipe for the width of the MH and still hold the cut pipe in place between the two puddle flanges by tape wrapping the two cut ends; c) The Contractor shall construct the MH and benching to the existing pipe; d) QUU shall remove the cut pipe within the MH and make good the benching and the channel to match the internal wall of the existing PE pipe. Where a new MH is to be built over an existing VC or PVC sewer: e) The Contractor shall construct the MH and benching to the existing pipe; f) QUU shall demolish the existing pipe within the MH and make good the benching. Where a new MH is to be built over an existing VC or PVC sewer: e) The Contractor shall construct the MH and benching to the existing pipe; f) QUU shall demolish the existing pipe within the MH and make good the benching. Where a new MH is to be built over an existing DICL sewer: g) QUU shall remove a top section of the existing sewer for the width of the MH and install a temporary by-pass in the sewer; h) The Contractor shall construct the MH; i) QUU shall remove the temporary by-pass and make good the benching. Where a new sewer is to connect to an existing MH: i) QUU shall construct a short pipe with an IO from the stub then lay the sewer line away from the stub; k) The Contractor shall construct a short pipe with an IO from the stub then lay the sewer line away from the stub; k) The Contractor shall construct a short pipe with an IO from the stub then lay the sewer line away from the stub; k) The Contractor shall concrete encase the IO after complet
	 Where a new sewer connects to an existing MH at End of Line: q) QUU shall install a temporary plug to seal the outlet, r) The Contractor to remove the end cap/break into the MH and lay away, s) QUU shall remove the temporary plug after completion of the "On Maintenance" Testing











Reference	Amendments to WSA02 - 2002 V2.3
26	Amend this clause to read as follows.
Work As - Constructed	
Details	Prepare and submit asset as-constructed data and asset manuals to the SEQ-SP in accordance with SEQ Asset Information Specification.