

BYLAWS
of
PHILMONT BEAUTIFICATION, INC.
June 2, 2008

Adopted on 9/3/2008

Article 4 Section 4.1 Officers - Amended: Resolution 2015.4 06/28/2015

Article 9 Conflict of Interest – Amended: Resolution 2015.1 02/08/2015

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ARTICLE 1

General Provisions

Section 1.1 Name. The name of this corporation is Philmont Beautification, Inc., and shall herein be referred to as "the corporation."

Section 1.2 Offices. The principal business office of the corporation shall be at 113 Main St., Philmont, NY 12565. Mailing address at PO BOX 1072, NY 12565. The corporation may also have offices at such other places as the corporation may require.

Section 1.3 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the corporation shall begin on January 1 and end on the following December 31 of each year.

Section 1.4 No Voting Members. The corporation shall have no voting members. All powers of the corporation shall be held by the board of directors. Any action or vote required or permitted by any law, rule, or regulation to be taken by members shall be taken by action or vote of the same percentage of the board of directors of the corporation. No person now or hereafter designated by the corporation as a "member" for fundraising or other purposes shall be or be deemed to be a member for purposes of the Articles of Organization or Bylaws of the corporation nor shall such person have any voting or fiduciary rights or responsibilities of the corporation.

ARTICLE 2

Statement of Purposes

The corporation is organized for charitable purposes including, but not limited to, combating community deterioration and lessening neighborhood tensions by producing charitable programs that initiate community enhancement projects aimed at streetscape improvements, economic development, improved low-income housing, and community arts programs that contribute to the general quality of community life. Emphasis is placed on creating a hands-on experience of across the ages collaboration in the spirit of the rural barn raising tradition where each member of a given community or working group contributes to the quality of life according to their skill level and age appropriate contribution. The corporation may, as permitted by law, engage in any and all activities in furtherance of, related to, or incidental to these purposes which may lawfully be carried on by a corporation formed under the laws of New York State and which are not inconsistent with the corporation's qualification as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code or corresponding section of any future tax code.

ARTICLE 3

Board of Directors

Section 3.1 Authority. The business and affairs of the corporation shall be controlled and governed by the board of directors, which shall have the right to exercise all powers of the corporation as permitted by law.

Section 3.2 Composition. The number of directors and the manner by which new directors are nominated and appointed shall be determined by the directors.

Section 3.3 Terms of Office. The board of directors shall determine the length and number of terms to be served by directors.

Section 3.4 Meetings. The board of directors shall hold annual meetings each year and may select the time and place for annual and other meetings of the board. Other meetings of the board of directors may be called by either the Chair of the Board or the President or by a majority of the directors then in office by delivering notice in writing, of the date, time, place, and purpose of such meeting, to all directors at least three (3) days in advance of such meeting.

Section 3.5 Quorum and Voting. A majority of the board of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the board. At any meeting of the board of directors at which a quorum is present, a majority of those directors present shall decide any matter, unless a different vote is specified by law, the Articles of Organization, or these Bylaws.

Section 3.6 Meetings by Remote Communication. One or more directors may attend any annual, regular, special, or committee meeting of the board through telephonic, electronic, or other means of communication by which all directors have the ability to fully and equally participate in all discussions and voting on a substantially simultaneous basis. Such participation shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

Section 3.7 Action Without a Meeting. Any action required or permitted to be taken at any board meeting may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action to be taken, shall be signed by all of the directors with respect to such subject matter. Such consent, which may be signed in counterparts, shall have the same force and effect as a vote of the board of directors.

Section 3.8 Waiver of Notice for Meetings. Whenever any notice of a meeting is required to be given to any director under the Articles of Organization, these bylaws, or the laws of New York, a waiver of notice in writing signed by the Chair of the Board or the President, whether before or after the time of the meeting, shall be equivalent to the giving of such notice.

Section 3.9 Committees. The board of directors may create such standing and special committees as it determines to be in the best interest of the corporation. The board of directors shall determine the duties, powers, and composition of such committees, except that the board shall not delegate to such committees those powers which by law may not be delegated. Each such committee shall submit to the board of directors at such meetings as the board may designate, a report of the actions and recommendations of such committees for consideration and approval by the board of directors. Any committee may be terminated at any time by the board of directors.

Section 3.10 Compensation. Directors as such shall not receive any salaries for their services on the board, but directors shall not be precluded from serving the corporation in any other capacity and receiving reasonable compensation.

Section 3.11 Resignation. Any director may resign by delivering a written resignation to the corporation at its principal office or to the Chair of the Board or the President. Such resignation shall be effective upon receipt unless it is specified to be effective at some later time.

Section 3.12 Removal. Any director may be removed, with or without assignment of cause, by a vote of two-thirds of the entire board of directors at any meeting of the board of directors. No member of the board shall be removed from office unless the notice of the meeting at which removal is to be considered states such purpose and opportunity to be heard at such meeting is given to the director whose removal is sought. Notwithstanding the notice provision of Section 3.4 above, written notice shall be delivered to all directors at least fourteen (14) days in advance of a meeting at which removal is sought.

Section 3.13 Vacancies. Any vacancy occurring in the board of directors shall be filled by the board of directors. A director elected to fill a vacancy shall be elected for the unexpired term of his or her predecessor in office.

ARTICLE 4

Officers

Section 4.1 Officers. The officers of the corporation shall be a chair, president, executive director, treasurer, and secretary of the board of directors and such other officers as may be elected in accordance with the provisions of this Article. The executive director shall be a non-voting officer of the board of directors. (amended by Resolution 2015.4 06/28/2015)

Section 4.2 Election. The officers of the corporation shall be elected annually by the board of directors at the annual meeting. Each officer shall hold office until a successor shall have been elected and qualified.

Section 4.3 Vacancies. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, disqualification, or otherwise may be filled by the board of directors for the unexpired portion of the term.

Section 4.4 Removal. Any officer may be removed, with or without assignment of cause, by a vote of a majority of the entire board of directors at any meeting of the board of directors. No officer shall be removed from office unless the notice of the meeting at which removal is to be considered states such purpose and opportunity to be heard at such meeting is given to the officer whose removal is sought. Notwithstanding the notice provision of Section 3.4 above, written notice shall be delivered to all directors at least fourteen (14) days in advance of a meeting at which removal is sought.

Section 4.5 Chair. The chair or president shall preside at all meetings of the board of directors. The chair, or other proper officer or agent of the corporation authorized by the board of directors, may sign any deeds, mortgages, bonds, contracts, or other instruments which the board of directors has authorized to be executed. The chair shall perform all duties incident to the office of chair and such other duties as may be prescribed by the board of directors from time to time.

Section 4.6 Treasurer. The treasurer, or other proper officer or agent of the corporation authorized by the board of directors, shall have charge and custody of and be responsible for all funds and securities of the corporation; receive and give receipt for monies due and payable to the corporation from any source whatsoever, and deposit all such monies in the name of the corporation in such banks, trust companies, or other depositories as shall be selected by the board of directors; and in general perform all of the duties incident to the office of treasurer and such others as may from time to time be assigned by the board of directors.

Section 4.7 Secretary. The secretary shall keep the minutes of the meetings of the board of directors in one or more books or electronic format provided for that purpose; ensure that all notices are given in accordance with the provisions of these bylaws; be custodian of the corporate records; and in general perform all such duties as may from time to time be assigned by the board of directors.

ARTICLE 5

Corporate Transactions

Section 5.1 Contracts. The board of directors may authorize any officer or officers, agent or agents of the corporation in addition to the officers so authorized by these bylaws, to enter into any contract or execute and deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the corporation, and such authority may be general or confined by specific instances.

Section 5.2 Indebtedness. All checks, drafts, or orders for the payment of money, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness issued in the name of the corporation, shall be signed by the president or treasurer or such other officer or agent of the corporation as from time to time may be determined by the board of directors. In the absence of such determination of the board, such instruments shall be signed by the president or treasurer of the corporation.

Section 5.3 Deposits. All funds of the corporation shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the corporation in such banks, trust companies, brokerages, or other depositories as the board of directors shall select.

Section 5.4 Contributions. The board of directors or any authorized officer or agent may accept on behalf of the corporation any contribution, gift, bequest, or devise for the general purposes or for any special purpose of the corporation.

ARTICLE 6

Books and Records

The corporation shall keep at the principal office of the corporation correct and complete books and records of account; minutes of the proceedings of board of directors; and a register of the names and addresses of the directors of the corporation. All books, and records of the corporation may be inspected by any director, or agent or attorney thereof, for any proper purpose at any reasonable time.

ARTICLE 7

Restrictions on Activities

No part of the net earnings of the corporation shall inure to the benefit of, or be distributable to its members, directors, officers, or other private persons, except that the corporation shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes of the corporation. Except to the extent permitted by the Internal Revenue Code, whether pursuant to an election under Section 501(h) or otherwise, no substantial part of the activities of the corporation shall be the carrying on of propaganda, or otherwise attempting, to influence legislation, and the corporation shall neither participate nor intervene in (including the publishing or distribution of statements) any political campaign on behalf of any candidate for public office. Notwithstanding any other provision of these bylaws, neither the corporation nor any director, officer, employee, agent, or any other representative of the corporation shall carry on any other activities not permitted to be carried on (a) by a corporation exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, or corresponding section of any future federal tax code, or (b) by a corporation, contributions to which are deductible under Section 170(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, or corresponding section of any future federal tax code.

ARTICLE 8

Dissolution

In the event of dissolution of the corporation, the board of directors shall, after paying or making provisions for the payment of all of the liabilities of the corporation to the extent assets of the corporation permit, dispose of all the assets of the corporation exclusively for the purposes of the corporation, as the board of directors shall determine, in such manner as required by section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (or corresponding provision of any future United States Internal Revenue law) and in accordance with the statutes of the State of New York.

ARTICLE 9

Conflicts of Interest

Whenever a director or officer has a financial or personal interest in any matter coming before the board of directors, the affected person shall a) fully disclose the nature of the interest and b) withdraw from discussion, lobbying, and voting on the matter. Any transaction or vote involving a potential conflict of interest shall be approved only when a majority of disinterested directors determine that it is in the best interest of the corporation to do so. The minutes of meetings at which such votes are taken shall record such disclosure, abstention and rationale for approval. (Amended, Resolution #2015.1 02/08/2015 in compliance with the NYS Non-profit Revitalization Act.)

Amendment. Adopted 02/08/2015 at the Annual Meeting

In their capacity as directors, the members of the Board of Directors (the Board) of Philmont Beautification, Inc.,(the organization) must act at all times in the best interests of the Organization. The purpose of this policy is to help inform the Board about what constitutes a conflict of interest, assist the Board in identifying and disclosing actual and potential conflicts, and help ensure the avoidance of conflicts of interest where necessary. This policy may be enforced against individual Board members as described below.

Conflict of Interest Policy

1. Board members have a fiduciary duty to conduct themselves without conflict to the interests of the Organization. In their capacity as Board members, they must subordinate personal, individual business, third party, and other interests to the welfare and best interests of the Organization.
2. A conflict of interest is a transaction or relationship which presents or may present a conflict between a Board member's obligations to the Organization and the Board member's personal, business or other interests.
3. All conflicts of interest are not necessarily prohibited or harmful to the Organization. However, full disclosure of all actual and potential conflicts, and a determination by the disinterested Board (or Executive Committee) members – with the interested Board member(s) recused from participating in debates and voting on the matter – are required.
4. All actual and potential conflicts of interest shall be disclosed by Board members to the Organization Executive Committee through the annual disclosure form and/or whenever a conflict arises. The disinterested members of the Executive Committee shall make a determination as to whether a conflict exists and what subsequent action is appropriate, if any. The Executive Committee shall inform the Board of such determination and action. The Board shall retain the right to modify or reverse such determination and action, and shall retain the ultimate enforcement authority with respect to the interpretation and application of this policy.
5. On an annual basis, all Board members shall be provided with a copy of this policy and required to complete and sign the acknowledgment and disclosure form. All completed forms shall be provided to and reviewed by the Executive Committee, as well as all other conflict information provided by the Board members.

ARTICLE 10

Personal Liability

No officer or director of the corporation shall be personally liable to the corporation for monetary damages for or arising out of a breach of fiduciary duty as an officer or director notwithstanding any provision of law imposing such liability; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not eliminate or limit the liability of an officer or director to the extent that such liability is imposed by applicable law (i) for a breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of the law, or (iii) for any transaction from which the officer or director derived an improper personal benefit.

ARTICLE 11

Indemnification

The corporation shall, to the extent legally permissible, indemnify each person who may serve or who has served at any time as an officer, director, or employee of the corporation against all expenses and liabilities, including, without limitation, counsel fees, judgments, fines, excise taxes, penalties and settlement payments, reasonably incurred by or imposed upon such person in connection with any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding in which he or she may become involved by reason of his or her service in such capacity; provided that no indemnification

shall be provided for any such person with respect to any matter as to which he or she shall have been finally adjudicated in any proceeding not to have acted in good faith in the reasonable belief that such action was in the best interests of the corporation; and further provided that any compromise or settlement payment shall be approved by a majority vote of a quorum of directors who are not at that time parties to the proceeding.

The indemnification provided hereunder shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of persons entitled to indemnification hereunder. The right of indemnification under this Article shall be in addition to and not exclusive of all other rights to which any person may be entitled.

This Article constitutes a contract between the corporation and the indemnified officers, directors, and employees. No amendment or repeal of the provisions of this Article which adversely affects the right of an indemnified officer, director, or employee under this Article shall apply to such officer, director, or employee with respect to those acts or omissions which occurred at any time prior to such amendment or repeal.

ARTICLE 12

Amendments to Bylaws

These bylaws may be amended or repealed by a majority vote of the entire board of directors.

(End of Bylaws)