

2009-2010 FAFSA Guide

A Publication of the Student Loan Network

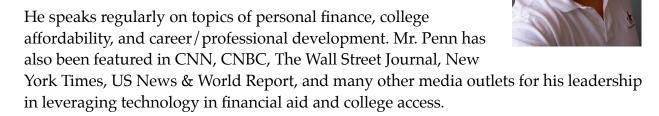






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About the Student Loan Network

The Student Loan Network, an Edvisors company, is one of the nation's fastest growing providers of student loans and related information. Since 1998, we have helped approximately 25 million students and parents access over \$1 billion in federal and private student loans, scholarships and consolidation funding for undergraduate, graduate and continuing education. Learn more about the Student Loan Network at www.StudentLoanNetwork.com.

About Edvisors Network, Inc.

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As a leading online provider of education resources and financial services, Edvisors provides a richer, more fulfilling education experience to students, educators and parents worldwide. We deliver on our mission by providing an unmatched portfolio of student loan products and education-related information and services. Learn more about

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Introduction to the 2009-2010 FAFSA

The FAFSA. One of the most important documents you'll ever complete in your quest to make college affordable, and also one of the most confusing. Take a deep breath. Relax. The FAFSA form may be time-consuming, but it's not impossible, and you can do it with the help in this line by line guide to the 2009-2010 FAFSA.

You will need to gather all your documentation and download a copy of the FAFSA financial aid form, as well as the appropriate IRS tax forms. We strongly recommend that you do your taxes prior to filing your FAFSA; if possible, do them using estimates so that you can file your FAFSA as early as possible.

We will be using the 2009-2010 FAFSA form as a reference during this tutorial. It's included in Appendix 1 of this eBook. We recommend printing it out and following along, filling in everything as we go for practice, even if you plan to do everything online later. Do a "practice" run on it before going online. This way, if you encounter technical difficulties, you won't lose the information.

Also included in this guide in Appendix 4 is the FAFSA on the Web worksheets, which help you to match up the questions on the FAFSA web application with the guide and printed FAFSA questions.

Quick Tips

When the FAFSA refers to "I", "You", "Your", etc. it is referring to the student! (not the parent, family, or FAFSA preparer)

- Always double check even basic things like your address and ZIP code.
- Nothing will kill a FAFSA faster than errors or omissions! Check everything!
- Colors matter and each year's FAFSA is different.
- Student-related items are in green, while items for the parent(s) are in purple.
- The FAFSA is free. You don't need to pay for it.

A tip for filing the FAFSA online: The form itself has a "Save" button - but not on every page. Make sure you save your FAFSA when you're filing online on every page you can, so that if something goes wrong, you can retrieve your saved application.

We've also outlined key questions in yellow - these are questions which have a disproportionate impact on your financial aid, and thus, you'll want to spend a little more time on them.

Pre-FAFSA Preparation

What documentation and paperwork do you need for the FAFSA? Here's a list! Remember - all financial paperwork needs to be for the previous financial year. If you're planning to file for the 2009-2010 FAFSA, you'll need documentation from tax year 2008 (January 1, 2008 - December 31, 2008).

Tip: If you don't have your W-2 tax forms from 2008, you can estimate using your pay stubs and file a FAFSA correction later.

- Your Social Security Number (can be found on the Social Security card)
- Your driver's license or state ID (if any)
- Your W-2 Forms and other records of money earned
- Your (and your spouse's, if you're married) 2008 Federal Income Tax Return IRS Form 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, 1040TeleFile, foreign tax return, or tax return for Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the U.S. Virgin Islands, the Marshall Islands, or the Federated States of Micronesia
- Your parents' Federal Income Tax Return (if you are a dependent student)
- Your untaxed income records Social Security, Temporary Assistance to Needy Families, welfare, or veterans benefits records
- Your current bank statements
- Your current business and investment mortgage information, business and farm records, stock, bond, and other investment records
- Your alien registration or permanent residence card (if you are not a U.S. citizen)

While it's not required, completing your IRS federal tax return, even if it hasn't been filed, is going to save you a LOT of time completing the FAFSA form. Before you proceed, we strongly encourage you to complete your 1040 tax return, as a number of items on the FAFSA refer to specific lines on your IRS tax return.

Tip: File your FAFSA as early as possible! Some federal financial aid is allotted on a first come, first served basis, which means that if a student with greater need applies later in the year than a student with lesser need, the student with lesser need will get more financial aid because they were in line sooner. File your FAFSA as soon after January 1 of each year as possible to ensure you get the most aid you're eligible for.

Ready to get started?

Step #1: Basic Contact Information

Questions 1-3: It sounds stupid, but make sure the name is in the correct order: Last, First, MI.

Whenever you're filling out basic information, use the same information as on your IRS tax return, which should be identical to the information on your Social Security paperwork/card.

Questions 4-7: Your permanent address is the same as the address you use on your tax returns and the same address where you're registered to vote. It's almost certainly NOT your school address.

For homeless students, parents, and families, or those living in transitional situations, this is the address at which you can receive postal mail, such as a shelter or program.

Question 8: Be absolutely, positively sure you've got the Social Security Number (SSN) right. Nothing will kill a FAFSA faster than a mistake on the SSN.

Question 10: This can be your mobile/cell phone number as long as it's permanent enough that someone from a college financial aid office can call you and get you. Don't use forwarded numbers.

Questions 11-12: No driver's license? State ID will do. No ID at all? You can leave Question 11-12 blank, but it's not encouraged.

Question 13: Double-check your email address. The Department of Education will send FAFSA reminders, status updates, and results to that email address.

Eligibility for Financial Aid

Questions 14-15: US citizens and eligible non-citizens (permanent resident, asylum, etc.) are eligible to receive federal financial aid. International students typically are not eligible. Students who are legal citizens/eligible non-citizens but whose parents are illegal immigrants may qualify for financial aid, but will likely need the assistance of a financial aid officer.

Questions 16-17: Reminder - this is the student, not the parents! Marital status is one of the determining factors of who is considered an independent student. More on this later, but married student = independent student.

Question 18: This is the state you live in, not the state where you were born or the state where you go to college. It also has nothing to do with immigration. The easiest way to answer this question is that it's the state your driver's license is issued by. This question is important because the Department of Education will release some FAFSA data to your state's financial aid agencies, potentially qualifying you for extra aid.

Questions 21-22: Yes, that's the draft. It is a requirement that males 18 years old or older be registered for the draft. No Selective Service registration equals no financial aid. Women are not required to register for the draft.

Question 23: *Do not leave blank!* This is a complicated question, so here's the easy way to answer it. First, the question is specifically about a drug conviction while you are receiving federal student aid. If you're attending college for the first time, this is automatically no, even if you've been convicted of a drug offense.

Second, the question specifically applies to convictions at a federal or state level. If you've been convicted in a local court only while you were receiving federal student aid, you are still likely eligible for aid.

Third, the question applies specifically to people who have not completed a rehab program. If you have completed a recognized drug rehabilitation program (one that receives government funding or recognition from a court) and you have the paperwork to prove it, you are still eligible for aid.

Questions 24-25: Highest level of education is important for First in the Family To College type scholarships.

Question 26: To qualify for federal student aid, you must have completed high school or an equivalent educational course.

Question 27: Most non-loan federal financial aid for undergraduates is restricted to students pursuing their first degree. If you've already got one undergraduate degree and you're going for a second, you will qualify for substantially less federal financial aid. This does NOT apply to graduate students; that's handled differently.

Questions 28-29: These questions affect eligibility for different kinds of federal student aid, like graduate or undergraduate Stafford loans.

Question 30: Federal financial aid is not available for students who are enrolled less than half time. Your school ultimately makes that determination, but typically half time is 6 credit hours or more.

Question 31: If you want to qualify for Federal Student Loans, Perkins Loans, and other federal student loans such as the Parent PLUS loan as well as Federal Work Study, you must enter Both. This does not obligate you to apply for a loan (that's done separately at sites like StaffordLoan.com). We strongly encourage you to say Both for this question, even if you have no intention of taking out a loan.

Question 32: This is a question about qualifying for the TEACH Grant. If you are planning on pursuing a teaching career, say yes. Again, as with the previous question, this does not obligate you to take out anything.

Step #2: Your Student Finances

This section is still about the student, not the parent or family.

Question 33: You should always file a tax return, even if you don't have a job, income, or anything. Filing tax returns of \$0 is actually a good thing, because it's additional documentation that you have no money, and therefore demonstrate need. If you need to contest the results of your FAFSA later, having tax returns showing little or no income will help you. Additionally, some federal tax refunds are universally available, like the Telephone Excise Tax Refund, but ONLY if you file.

Question 34: For 2009, we strongly recommend filing a complete IRS 1040 form. **Students should NOT use the 1040EZ** as it lacks questions about tuition deductions and student loan interest, which can offset your adjusted gross income. Students may want to use a 1040A form, but that lacks some deductions that may apply to your personal situation, such as early withdrawal of savings. Consult a qualified tax preparation professional or accountant for the best possible tax advice relating to your individual situation.

Tip: your local community bank or credit union may offer free or low cost financial planning. It's a good idea to take advantage of these services if available.

Tip: If you withdrew money from a certificate of deposit or other time-deposit savings account prior to your certificate maturing (perhaps to pay extra bills or tuition), you may have incurred a penalty for early withdrawal. You'll receive a notice from the bank on a 1099-INT form; on your 1040 tax return, this can be used to reduce your adjusted gross income a little more.

From here on out, we will be working on the assumption that you are filing the full IRS 1040 tax return, not the 1040A or 1040EZ.

Tip: Be sure to print out and have the IRS 1040 form handy, even if you are filing your taxes electronically!

Questions 36-38: If you have no taxes, you must fill in these fields with zeroes. Do not leave them blank under any circumstances!

Question 36: Your adjusted gross income is line 37 on the IRS 1040. Note that previous lines have deductions for tuition and fees, student loan interest, moving expenses, and

other offsets that may reduce your adjusted gross income. This in turn will improve your eligibility for financial aid.

Questions 39-40: This is purely a question of wages. Rather than use the IRS 1040, use the number from Box 1 on your W-2 or your total raw pay from your pay stubs to answer this. Do NOT use adjusted gross income, total tax, or anything other than wages earned from work.

If, on your tax return, lines 12 or 18 are negative, treat them as zero.

At this point in previous years, we would have referred you to the FAFSA worksheets. These are gone for 2009-2010.

Tip: with this section, make sure you put 0 for any line where you have no answer. Do not leave any line blank.

Question 41: This is an interesting question. The FAFSA data is as of the day you file it. Thus, if you're paying rent and have your monthly rent in your checking account, that pile of cash will count against you. If you paid rent the day before and there's nothing left in your checking account but crickets, that will work for you. Make sure you have as little cash in checking, savings, and other cash-equivalents as possible on the day you file your FAFSA.

Question 42: The net worth of your investments includes real estate except for the house you live in, UGMA/UTMA accounts in your name (student's name), stocks, bonds, money market funds, etc. It's easier to say what is NOT included: retirement plans, life insurance, the house you live in. Some things, like 529 plans, are generally reported as parental investments rather than student investments.

Question 43: If you own a small business with fewer than 100 employees or a farm, you don't have to report its net worth. You only have to do that for larger businesses or investment farms. For a lot of students, just put a zero here.

Questions 44-45: If you're a veteran, report your veterans education benefits here. If you're a veteran and don't know what you should put in, talk to your education officer at the VA - they can help guide you to get the most money that you're qualified to receive.

The next two questions are questions that used to be part of the worksheets from previous years. Remember, we're still in the student section, so answer questions from the perspective of the student, not the parent.

Question 46a-e is a five part question that used to be one of the FAFSA worksheets. It deals with additional financial information.

Tip: with this section, make sure you put 0 for any line where you have no answer. Do not leave any line blank.

Question 46a: More questions from the federal tax credit. Make sure you consult with a qualified tax advisor about which education tax credits you are eligible for.

Question 46b: A question on child support. Make note that it does not include support for kids living with you in your household. This is a student question, not a parent one!

Question 46c: Your taxable earnings from Federal Work Study will be listed on your pay stub.

Question 46d: This is for taxable scholarship aid reported in your adjusted gross income. Scholarships are tax free if used at a qualified educational institution and is used solely for tuition, fees, and required supplies. Using scholarship funds for room and board makes that portion of a scholarship taxable income. Ultimately, what is reported as taxable or tax free is your responsibility.

Question 46e: Be sure you report the taxable portion of combat pay specified in Box 12, Code Q on your W-2. Do NOT use the amount from Box 1!

Question 47 is a 10 part question that used to be one of the FAFSA worksheets. It deals with untaxed income. Remember that everything is still from the perspective of the student, not the parent or the family.

Tip: with this section, make sure you put 0 for any line where you have no answer. Do not leave any line blank.

Question 47a. This question deals with retirement savings usually administered by an employer. If you participate in a retirement plan of any kind at work, this should be on your W-2 form that you receive from your employer by the end of January of each year.

Question 47b. This question deals with retirement savings usually set up by you or your parents. You should receive tax forms from those plans each year; once you've done your full IRS 1040, grab the number from line 28.

Question 47c. If you have kids, this is child support that you, the student, have received to support your kids.

Question 47d. If you've earned interest on things like tax free savings bonds or other tax exempt financial services, grab line 8b from your IRS 1040.

Question 47e-f. If you have received money from a retirement plan (cashed out), report the appropriate data from your IRS 1040. It's important to note that if you have rolled over a retirement plan from one company to another, or one plan to another, the rollovers don't count - only cash in hand counts.

Question 47g. If you receive any kind of stipend from the military, clergy, or other organization where you don't really get a salary, report that here.

Question 47h. Detail your veterans benefits here. If you have any questions about veterans benefits, make sure you contact your VA education officer.

Question 47i. Other untaxed income is kind of vague. Some examples shown are worker's comp or disability, but the more illustrative list is the list of what not to include, such as student aid (including scholarships), earned income credit, tax credits for kids, welfare, Social Security, workforce investment, combat pay, flex savings plans, foreign income, and most other tax credits like special fuels. Chances are most people don't have anything to add here - if you think you might, you'll want to consult a qualified financial planner.

Question 47j. Did your grandparents pay for college or expenses? Any money someone else is paying on your behalf goes here. Use common sense for this question - if someone paid rent for you, it should go here, but someone buying you a Big Mac and fries can safely be excluded.

Step #3: Dependency Questions

This entire section deals with who is a dependent or independent student. Independent students receive consideration for more financial aid as it's assumed they have no parents or family to help support them. The Department of Education has its own criteria about who is or is not an independent student, and answering these questions helps determine your status.

If you answer Yes to any question in Step 3, skip Step 4 and go right to Step 5.

Tip: if you feel, after you get your FAFSA results, that you should be evaluated as an independent student, you can appeal to your college's financial aid office, but be prepared to extensively document your situation and case.

Question 48: Were you born before January 1, 1986 is another way of asking, are you 24 or older? Students 24 and older are automatically independent students.

Question 49: Are you married? Married students are automatically independent students.

Question 50: Students pursuing an advanced degree are automatically independent students.

Question 51-52: Active duty military and veteran students are automatically independent students. Reservists who have never served on active duty are not.

Question 53: Students who are parents and whose children get half of their support or more from them are automatically independent students.

Question 54: Students who have someone else living with them (elderly grandparent, for example) and receive more than half their support are automatically independent students.

Question 55: If you were a foster child or ward of the court after the age of 13, you are automatically an independent student.

Question 56: If you are a legally emancipated minor with documentation of the court judgement, you are automatically an independent student.

Tip: Emancipated minor is a formal legal status that must be declared by a court of law. Simply moving out of your parents' household does not count. A judge must legally declare you emancipated. The court order must still be in effect at the time you file your FAFSA.

Question 57: If you are in legal guardianship as determined by a court, you are automatically an independent student. Like legally emancipated, this is a formal legal judgement by a court of law.

Questions 58-60 deal with homelessness, which is new to the FAFSA. Homeless students are automatically independent students. Because it's new, the Department of Education is still trying to figure out how to determine homelessness and the documentation process for homeless students.

The determination of homelessness can be made by one of three legal entities:

- A high school or school district liaison.
- A director of an accredited HUD homeless shelter
- A director of a runaway/transitional living program or homeless youth basic shelter.

Tip: Homeless is strictly defined as lacking fixed, regular, adequate housing. This includes living in shelters, hotels, cars, or couchsurfing anywhere you can. Unaccompanied means that you're not in the physical custody or care of a parent or guardian. This status only applies to students under the age of 21. If you answer yes to any of questions 58-60, you will need to provide documentation from your high school or school district of your status.

Question 60: This question adds an additional twist. A director of a runaway or homeless shelter can make the determination that you are self-supporting and at risk of being homeless, which means you're living on your own, paying your own way, and are at risk of homelessness.

Step #4: Who is a Parent?

Before you begin, who is a parent?

Obviously, if you live at home with your married parents, they are your parents.

- If a parent is widowed or single, fill in the questions appropriately.
- A step-parent (after marriage) is considered a parent from a financial aid perspective.
- If the parents are divorced or separated, the parent is considered to be the one which the student lived with more in the past 12 months.
- If the student did not live with either parent in a divorced/separated situation, the parent is the one who contributed more financial assistance in the past 12 months.
- If the student did not receive appreciably more support from one parent or another, the parent is the one who claims the student as a dependent on the IRS tax return.
- A foster parent, legal guardian, or a grandparent or other relative is not treated as a parent for purposes of filing a FAFSA unless that person has legally adopted the applicant. An adoptive parent is treated in the same manner as a biological parent on the FAFSA.

If you answered Yes to any question in Step 3, skip Step 4.

This step will also be easier if you have the parent's IRS 1040 form available (in PDF format). Print it out, fill it out to the best of your ability, and have it handy.

Step #4: Parental Information (Purple section)

This section is about the parent, not the student.

Question 61: This is your parents' marital status as of the day you file the FAFSA.

Question 62: A confusing one - this is the most recent date of your parents' status. For example, if your parents are still married, this is the date of their marriage. If your parents were married and divorced, this is the date of the divorce, not the marriage.

Questions 63-65 and 67-69: Basic information about the parents.

Questions 66 and 70: The age of your oldest parent is important because in the FAFSA financial aid formula, there's a table called the Asset Protection Allowance. The older a parent is, the more their assets are protected, meaning that they will be expected to contribute less towards the cost of education.

Question 71: Your parents will be notified by email that the FAFSA has been completed.

Question 72: This is the state the parents' drivers license is issued by.

Question 73-74: States have varying criteria for determining whether you are a resident for purposes of state financial aid. This includes aid you may receive because of your parents' status.

Question 75: This is an incredibly important question. The number of people in your parents' household determines how much parental income will be protected, meaning that your family will be eligible for more financial aid as the size of the household increases. This number includes you, your parents - even if you don't live with them - your siblings, and any other dependents who get more than half their support from your parents (grandparent, for example).

Question 76: How many people in your parents' household will be enrolled in college at least half time or more beginning in the fall semester? Always count the student. The number of family members in college directly impacts how much aid you get. The greater number of students in your parents household that are in school, the more financial aid your family is eligible for.

Questions 77-81: If anyone in your parents' household received benefits from the programs listed, indicate it here. There's a question with nearly identical wording later on for you. This question impacts some calculations of your Expected Family Contribution (EFC, see page 21 for more about the EFC); receiving any of these programs' benefits may qualify you for an automatic zero EFC, meaning you won't be expected to pay for college out of pocket.

Tip: TANF, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, may go by a different name in your state. See Appendix 2 for a list of TANF programs by state name.

Question 82: As with the earlier question 33, ideally your parents will file their IRS federal tax return, even if they're not required to.

Question 83: As with the earlier question 34, parents of dependent students will lose out on offsets to adjusted gross income if they use an IRS 1040EZ. Use the full 1040 form for maximum possible benefit, especially if there's a student already in college.

Question 84: Make sure parents indicate their eligibility to complete a 1040Z or EZ, even though they'll be filing the full 1040, ideally.

Question 85: A new question on the FAFSA, this one can be confusing. A dislocated worker is someone who meets ONE or more of the following:

- Lost their job or been laid off.
- Is receiving unemployment benefits and is unlikely to return to a previous occupation. (like a telephone switchboard operator, for example)
- Is self employed but is unemployed due to economic conditions or natural disaster.
- Is a displaced homemaker someone who previously provided unpaid services to the family, like a stay at home parent, is no longer supported by a partner, and is having trouble finding a job.

A dislocated worker is NOT:

- Someone who quit.
- Someone who got fired for cause.
- Someone who just doesn't want to work.

For 2009, we strongly recommend that parents file a complete IRS 1040 form. Parents should NOT use the 1040EZ as it lacks questions about tuition deductions and student loan interest, which can significantly offset adjusted gross income. Consult a qualified tax preparation professional or accountant for the best possible tax advice relating to your individual situation.

Questions 86-88: If your parents have no taxes, they must fill in these fields with zeroes. Do not leave them blank under any circumstances!

We strongly recommend that your parents complete their IRS 1040 federal tax return prior to doing the next section.

Question 86: Adjusted gross income is line 37 on the IRS 1040. Note that previous lines have deductions for tuition and fees, student loan interest, moving expenses, and other

offsets that may reduce your parents' adjusted gross income. This in turn will improve your eligibility for financial aid.

Question 87: This is income tax paid. If your parents plan to file the FAFSA before they've completed their tax returns, they can estimate taxes paid by using any of the popular tax filling software programs and looking at the most recent pay stub.

Question 88: Relatively straightforward copying the number from the appropriate line.

Questions 89-90: This is purely a question of wages. Rather than use the IRS 1040, use the number from Box 1 on your parents' W-2 or your total raw pay from your parents' pay stubs to answer this. Do NOT use adjusted gross income, total tax, or anything other than wages earned from work.

Question 91: The FAFSA data is as of the day you file it. Thus, if your parents are paying rent and have their monthly rent in their checking account, that pile of cash will count against them, albeit at a lower rate than the student's. If they paid rent the day before and there's nothing left in their checking account but crickets, that will work for both you and your parents. Make sure your parents have as little cash in checking, savings, and other cash-equivalents as possible on the day you file your FAFSA.

Question 92: The net worth of your parents' investments includes real estate except for the house you live in, stocks, bonds, money market funds, etc. It's easier to say what is NOT included: retirement plans, life insurance, the house you live in. 529 plans are counted as investments of the parents.

Tip: If your parents have bad investments, investments that have lost money rather than earned money, make sure they sell them off and note them on line 14 of the IRS 1040, Capital gains or losses. This will reduce their income, which will in turn increase eligibility for financial aid.

Question 93: If your parents own a small business with fewer than 100 employees or a farm, they don't have to report its net worth. They only have to do that for larger businesses or investment farms. If your parents do not own a farm or small business, put zero here.

Question 94a-e is a five part question that used to be one of the FAFSA worksheets. It deals with additional financial information for the PARENT(S).

Tip: with this section, make sure you put 0 for any line where you have no answer. Do not leave any line blank.

Question 94a: More questions from the federal tax credit. Make sure you consult with a qualified tax advisor about which education tax credits your parents are eligible for.

Question 94b: A question on child support. Make note that it does not include support for kids living with you in your parents' household.

Question 94c: Your parents' taxable earnings from Federal Work Study will be listed on their pay stub, if any. Chances are this question will have an answer of zero, since it's unlikely your parents are working in Federal Work Study programs.

Question 94d: This is for taxable scholarship aid reported in your parents' adjusted gross income and is specifically for scholarships that your parents have earned, not you the student. The answer to this question is likely to be zero unless your parents are enrolled in college at the same time as you and have earned scholarships.

Question 94e: Be sure you report the taxable portion of your parents' combat pay specified in Box 12, Code Q on your W-2. Do NOT use the amount from Box 1!

Question 95a-i is a 9 part question that used to be one of the FAFSA worksheets. It deals with untaxed income. Remember that everything is from the perspective of the the parent or the family, NOT the student.

Tip: with this section, make sure you put 0 for any line where you have no answer. Do not leave any line blank.

Question 95a: This question deals with retirement savings usually administered by an employer. If your parents participate in a retirement plan of any kind at work, this should be on their W-2 form that they receive from their employer by the end of January of each year.

Question 95b: This question deals with retirement savings usually set up by your parents. They should receive tax forms from those plans each year; once they've done their full IRS 1040, grab the number from line 28.

Question 95c: This question deals with any kind of child support received for all kids in your parents' household.

Question 95d: If your parents have earned interest on things like tax free savings bonds or other tax exempt financial services, grab line 8b from their IRS 1040.

Question 95e-f: If your parents have received money from a retirement plan (cashed out), report the appropriate data from their IRS 1040. It's important to note that if they have rolled over a retirement plan from one company to another, or one plan to another, the rollovers don't count - only cash in hand (or its equivalent) counts. This would include, however, taking out a loan against a 401K or using a retirement account to buy a house.

Question 95g: If your parents receive any kind of stipend from the military, clergy, or other organization where they don't really get a salary, report that here.

Question 95h: Detail your parents' veterans benefits here. If they have any questions about veterans benefits, make sure they contact their VA education officer.

Question 95i: Other untaxed income is kind of vague. Some examples shown are worker's comp or disability, but the more illustrative list is the list of what not to include, such as student aid (including scholarships), earned income credit, tax credits for kids, welfare, Social Security, workforce investment, combat pay, flex savings plans, foreign income, and most other tax credits like special fuels. Chances are most people don't have anything to add here - if you think your parents might, you'll want to consult a qualified financial planner with them.

Step #5: Information for the Independent Student

Questions 96-103 only apply to students who answered Yes to any question in Step #3.

If you did not answer yes to any question in Step #3, it's okay to leave this section blank!

Question 96: This is an incredibly important question. The number of people in your household determines how much of your income will be protected, meaning that you will be for more financial aid as the size of your household increases. This number includes you, your siblings, and any other dependents who get more than half their support from your parents (grandparent, cousin, friend, for example).

Question 97: How many people in your household will be enrolled in college at least half time or more beginning in the fall semester? Always count yourself as a student. The number of household members in college directly impacts how much aid you get. The greater number of students in school, the more financial aid you're eligible for.

Questions 98-102: If anyone in your household received benefits from the programs listed, indicate it here. This question impacts some calculations of your expected family contribution (EFC); receiving any of these programs' benefits may qualify you for an automatic zero EFC, meaning you won't be expected to pay for college out of pocket.

Question 103:A new question on the FAFSA, this one can be confusing. A dislocated worker is someone who meets ONE or more of the following:

- Lost their job or been laid off.
- Is receiving unemployment benefits and is unlikely to return to a previous occupation. (like a telephone switchboard operator, for example)
- Is self employed but is unemployed due to economic conditions or natural disaster.
- Is a displaced homemaker someone who previously provided unpaid services to the family, like a stay at home parent, is no longer supported by a partner, and is having trouble finding a job.

A dislocated worker is NOT:

Someone who quit.

- Someone who got fired for cause.
- Someone who just doesn't want to work

Step #6: Where to send FAFSA information

Questions 104 a,c,e,g: You are given up to four schools to send your FAFSA to. If you want to send more than that, you'll need to do the rest online. Indicate which schools you, the student, plan to attend and where you plan to live while attending school. To get the six-digit school code, use our FAFSA School Codes Search Directory:

http://www.FAFSAonline.com/FAFSA-school-codes/

This should be a list of the top schools you plan to attend. If you don't have a lot of schools, add backup schools to the list. If you have more schools you are planning to attend than there are spaces, fill in your top choices.

Be aware that the FAFSA school directory provided by the government may have a different name for a college than its common, generally accepted name - for example, Massachusetts Bay Community College as the government name but MassBay Community College for everyone who works and goes to school there.

Questions 104 b,d,f,h: The housing plan you choose plays a small role in computing the cost of college, as living with a parent is calculated to have a dramatically lower cost of attendance than living on campus.

Question 105: Put the day you file the FAFSA here.

Question 106: Sign the FAFSA. If you are a dependent student, have your parents sign the FAFSA as well.

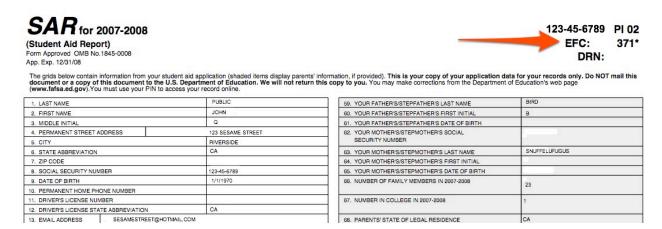
Finally: Read, Sign, Date your FAFSA

You'd think it goes without saying, but a lot of people also forget to sign and date the FAFSA in questions 105-106. Don't forget.

The earliest date a FAFSA can be dated is January 1 of the year for which you are applying for school. If you file earlier than that date, you will get a "FAFSA rejected" notice - not a good thing.

After Filing The FAFSA

Once you've completed your FAFSA and submitted it, you'll have to wait as the Department of Education processes it. When they've finished, they'll send you a three page report called a Student Aid Report, or SAR.



On the SAR will be all of the information that you put into the FAFSA, and a report of what the government thinks you can afford to pay out of pocket for college in the form of the EFC, or Expected Family Contribution. The EFC is listed at the top right of the first page and is a dollar amount. In the example shown, this student is expected to pay \$371 out of pocket for one year of college.

If you've got a mistake on your FAFSA, you can file a correction online to fix the erroneous data, after which a new SAR will be generated and sent to you.

The SAR is also sent to the colleges of your choice, from which they'll create a financial aid award letter detailing what aid they're able to offer you. On the next page, you'll see an example of what a financial aid award letter might look like.

Mr. Samuel Sample 123 Sample St. Sampleville, MA 99999

Dear Samuel:

Congratulations on your admission to MIT. We in Student Financial Aid look forward to working with you and your family over the next four years.

We have reviewed your application for financial aid for the 2008-2009 academic year and are pleased to make this *tentative* offer of financial aid assistance based on a careful analysis of the information you provided.

Your need was calculated using the Budget and Resources detailed below:



The above financial aid award is tentative pending receipt of the following items:

In this award letter, MIT believes that the student and parent can provide a total of \$11,660 in money out of pocket towards a year of attendance at MIT.

If you believe the EFC and the subsequent amount of aid offered in your award letter does not reflect your true ability to pay for college, you'll need to gather up all your documentation, then file a financial aid appeal with your college's financial aid office.

Setting Expectations: The Auto-Zero EFC

There are certain, limited circumstances in which a student or family will not be expected to contribute any money out of pocket towards a college education, and as such receive an automatic EFC of zero from the Department of Education.

Auto Zero EFC For Dependent Students

Two conditions must be met. First, your parent must have an adjusted gross income of less than \$30,000. Second, someone in your parent's household must be participating in one of the federal benefit programs detailed in questions 77-81, or your parent are eligible to file a 1040EZ or 1040A federal tax return, or your parent is a dislocated worker, as specified in question 85.

Auto Zero EFC For Independent Students

Two conditions must be met. First, your adjusted gross income (including your spouse's) must be less than \$30,000. Second, you must be participating in one of the federal benefit programs detailed in questions 98-102, or you're eligible to file the 1040A or 1040EZ federal tax return, or you're a dislocated worker as specified in question 103.

An automatic zero EFC doesn't necessarily mean that you'll go to college for free. It does mean, however, that whatever aid package is assembled for you by your financial aid office should not include any out of pocket costs up to the cost of education.

2009-2010 FAFSA Wrap-up

Most stuff like this is so dry and impenetrable.. but you write in language that not only is actually plain English but that is amazingly reassuring! As the parent of a teen who will be looking at colleges soon, I'm admittedly a little tense around financial aid stuff. But your first line put me at ease. Well done! - Ann Handley

This completes the FAFSA walkthrough! You've seen the secrets, you've read the steps you need to complete it, and if you printed out your worksheets and filled them out as you went along, you're well positioned to complete your FAFSA online as soon as the doors open for the coming school year.

To keep up on the latest trends in scholarships and college affordability, take a few moments to subscribe for free to our monthly financial aid newsletter and weekly Financial Aid Podcast Internet radio show. We'll offer continuing coverage of new scholarships, how to use the latest technologies and ideas to find scholarships and creative ways of paying for your higher education.

- http://www.FinancialAidNews.com
- http://www.FinancialAidPodcast.com

If you've found this guide helpful, terrific. If you have additional ideas, suggestions, and comments about how we can improve it, or if you've found techniques for improving financial aid eligibility using the FAFSA that have been successful for you, please let us know!

Email: <u>customerservice@fafsaonline.com</u>

Postal:

The Student Loan Network ATTN: FAFSAonline.com 1250 Hancock Street, Suite 703N Quincy, MA 02169

Thanks for reading! Stay tuned, because there are still more FAFSA tips and tricks to help you make the most of your FAFSA efforts!

Christopher S. Penn Author, FAFSA 2009 Line By Line

Additional Student Loan Network Resources

We're often asked about resources for finding additional information about paying for college, and as a leading provider of education financial services, we're proud to offer:

www.FAFSAonline.com

Free tips and tutorials for the Free Application for Federal Student Aid.

www.StudentScholarshipSearch.com

Free scholarship directory containing hundreds of scholarships worth over \$9.5 billion.

www.ScholarshipPoints.com

Free monthly scholarship drawings for survey and contest participation.

www.FinancialAidNews.com

Monthly free newsletter covering how-to and tips for financial aid.

www.FinancialAidPodcast.com

Daily free financial aid Internet radio show featuring a new scholarship every day, plus news, job hunting tips, and more.

www.StaffordLoan.com

Get information about Stafford federal student loans and apply online.

www.PrivateStudentLoans.com

Find information about private student loans and when to apply for them in the financial aid process.

www.GradLoans.com

Resource directory for graduate students, including scholarships, federal and private student loans, and consolidation.

www.StudentPlatinum.com

Free credit education and student financial services information to be a better, more financially literate student.

www.Edvisors.com

Online degree and distance learning resource site.

Acknowledgements and Credits

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- The staff of the Student Loan Network
- Barbara Duffield, National Association for the Education of Homeless Children and Youth
- Marcia Weston, Director of Operations, College Goal Sunday
- Ann Handley, MarketingProfs

Colophon

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Free Application for Federal Student Aid July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2010





Use this form to apply free for federal and state student grants, work-study and loans.

Or apply free online at www.fafsa.ed.gov.

Applying by the Deadlines

For federal aid, submit your application as early as possible, but no earlier than January 1, 2009. We must receive your application no later than June 30, 2010. Your college must have your correct, complete information by your last day of enrollment in the 2009-2010 school year.

For state or college aid, the deadline may be as early as January 2009. See the table to the right for state deadlines. You may also need to complete additional forms.

Check with your high school guidance counselor or a financial aid administrator at your college about state and college sources of student aid and deadlines.

If you are filing close to one of these deadlines, we recommend you file online at **www.fafsa.ed.gov**. This is the fastest and easiest way to apply for aid.

Using Your Tax Return

If you are supposed to file a 2008 federal income tax return, we recommend that you complete it before filling out this form. If you have not yet filed your return, you can still submit your FAFSA, but you must provide income and tax information. Once you file your tax return, correct any income or tax information that is different from what you initially submitted on your FAFSA.

Filling Out the FAFSA

Your answers on this form will be read electronically. Therefore:

- use black ink and fill in circles completely:
- print clearly in CAPITAL letters and skip a box between words:
- report dollar amounts (such as \$12,356.41)

Correct ● Incorrect ⊗ ⊘											
1	5		Ε	L	M		S	Т			
	\$		1	2	3	5	6	n	O CE	ents	

Green is for student information and purple is for parent information.

If you or your family has unusual circumstances (such as loss of employment), complete this form to the extent you can, then submit it as instructed and consult with the financial aid office at the college you plan to attend.

For more information or help in filling out the FAFSA, call 1-800-4-FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). TTY users (for the hearing impaired) may call 1-800-730-8913.

Mailing Your FAFSA

After you complete this application, make a copy of pages 3 through 8 for your records. Then mail the original of pages 3 through 8 in the attached envelope or send it to: Federal Student Aid Programs, P.O. Box 7001, Mt. Vernon, IL 62864-0071.

After your application is processed, you will receive a summary of your information in your *Student Aid Report* (SAR). If you provide an e-mail address, your SAR will be sent by e-mail within 3-5 days. If you do not provide an e-mail address, your SAR will be mailed to you within three weeks. If you would like to check the status of your FAFSA, go to **www.fafsa.ed.gov** or call 1-800-4-FED-AID.

Let's Get Started!

Now go to page 3 of the application form and begin filling it out. Refer to the notes as instructed.

STATE AID DEADLINES

Check with your financial aid administrator for these states and territories: AL, *AS, CO, *FM, GA, *GU, *HI, *MH, *MP, NC, NE, *NM, *NV, OR, PR, *PW, *SD, *TX, UT, *VA, *VI, *VT, WA, WI and *WY

	, . ,	
Ał	<	April 15, 2009 (date received)
AF	₹	Academic Challenge - June 1, 2009
		Workforce Grant - Contact your financial aid
		administrator.
		Higher Education Opportunity Grant
		- June 1, 2009 (fall term)
		- November 1, 2009 (spring term)
		(date received)
ΑZ	7_	March 1, 2009 (date received)
*^C/	4	Initial awards - March 2, 2009
		Additional community college awards
		- September 2, 2009 (date postmarked)
#*C		February 15, 2009 (date received)
*D		June 30, 2009 (date received by state)
DE		April 15, 2009 (date received)
F		May 15, 2009 (date processed)
/۱/		July 1, 2009 (date received)
#* [ט	Opportunity Grant - March 1, 2009
#11	I	(date received) First-time applicants - September 30, 2009
#11	L	Continuing applicants - August 15, 2009
		(date received)
IN	J	March 10, 2009 (date received)
#*K		April 1, 2009 (date received)
#K		March 15, 2009 (date received)
//L/		July 1, 2009 (date received)
#^MA		May 1, 2009 (date received)
M	D	March 1, 2009 (date received)
M	E	May 1, 2009 (date received)
M	11	March 1, 2009 (date received)
M	N	30 days after term starts (date received)
M	0	April 1, 2009 (date received)
#M	S	MTAG and MESG Grants - September 15, 2009
		HELP Scholarship - March 31, 2009
		(date processed)
#M		March 1, 2009 (date received)
NI		March 15, 2009 (date received)
NI		May 1, 2009 (date received)
^N	J	June 1, 2009, if you received a Tuition Aid Grant
		in 2008-2009
		All other applicants - October 1, 2009, fall & spring terms
		- March 1, 2010, spring term only
		(date received)
*^N`	Y	May 1, 2010 (date received)
OI		October 1, 2009 (date received)
#0		April 15, 2009 (date received) for best consideration
*P/		All 2008-2009 State Grant recipients & all
		non-2008-2009 State Grant recipients in degree
		programs - May 1, 2009
		All other applicants - August 1, 2009
		(date received)
#R	J	March 1, 2009 (date received)
SC		Tuition Grants - June 30, 2009 (date received)
#TN	VI.	State Grant March 1 2000

- # For priority consideration, submit application by date specified.
- ^ Applicants encouraged to obtain proof of mailing.

(date received)

State Grant - March 1, 2009

March 1, 2009 (date received)

State Lottery - September 1, 2009

* Additional form may be required.

#TN

#*^WV

Notes for questions 14 and 15 (page 3)

If you are an eligible noncitizen, write in your eight- or nine-digit Alien Registration Number. Generally, you are an eligible noncitizen if you are (1) a permanent U.S. resident with a Permanent Resident Card (I-551); (2) a conditional permanent resident (I-551C); or (3) the holder of an Arrival-Departure Record (I-94) from the Department of Homeland Security showing any one of the following designations: "Refugee," "Asylum Granted," "Parolee" (I-94 confirms that you were paroled for a minimum of one year and status has not expired), "Victim of human trafficking," T-Visa holder (T-1, T-2, T-3, etc.) or "Cuban-Haitian Entrant."

If you are in the U.S. on an F1 or F2 student visa, a J1 or J2 exchange visitor visa, or a G series visa (pertaining to international organizations), select "No, I am not a citizen or eligible noncitizen." You will not be eligible for federal student aid; however, you should still complete the application because you may be eligible for state or college aid.

Notes for question 30 (page 4)

For undergraduates, select the enrollment status for the college you will most likely attend.

- "Full-time" generally means taking at least 12 credit hours in a term or 24 clock hours per week.
- "3/4-time" generally means taking at least 9 credit hours in a term or 18 clock hours per week.
- "Half-time" generally means taking at least 6 credit hours in a term or 12 clock hours per week.

Notes for question 32 (page 4)

The Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education (TEACH) Grant Program provides grants to students enrolled in a participating college who intend to teach in a public or private elementary or secondary school that serves students from low-income families. Answer "Yes" to learn more about the TEACH Grant. Answer "No" if you are not interested in the TEACH Grant. Answer "Don't know" if you are not sure but would like more information about the TEACH Grant. Additional information about the TEACH Grant Program is available at www.teachgrant.ed.gov.

Notes for questions 34 (page 4)

and 83 (page 6)

If you filed or will file a foreign tax return, a tax return with Puerto Rico, another U.S. territory (e.g., Guam, American Samoa, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Swain's Island or the Northern Marianas Islands) or one of the freely associated states (i.e., the Republic of Palau, the Republic of the Marshall Islands or the Federated States of Micronesia), use the information from that return to fill out this form. If you filed a foreign return, convert all monetary units to U.S. dollars, using the exchange rate that is in effect today. To view the daily exchange rate, go to www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h10/update.

Notes for questions 35 (page 4)

and 84 (page 6)

In general, a person is eligible to file a 1040A or 1040EZ if he or she makes less than \$100,000, does not itemize deductions, does not receive income from his or her own business or farm and does not receive alimony. A person is not eligible to file a 1040A or 1040EZ if he or she makes \$100,000 or more, itemizes deductions, receives income from his or her own business or farm, is self-employed, receives alimony or is required to file Schedule D for capital gains. If you filed a 1040 only to claim Hope or Lifetime Learning credits, and you would have otherwise been eligible for a 1040A or 1040EZ, you should answer "Yes" to this question. If you filed a 1040 and were not required to file a tax return, you should answer "Yes" to this question.

Notes for questions 38 (page 4)

and 88 (page 7) — Notes for those who filed a 1040EZ

On the 1040EZ, if a person checked either the "you" or "spouse" box on line 5, use 1040EZ worksheet line F to determine the number of exemptions (\$3,500 equals one exemption). If a person didn't check either box on line 5, enter 01 if he or she is single, or 02 if he or she is married.

Notes for questions 42 and 43 (page 4) and 92 and 93 (page 7)

Net worth means current value minus debt. If net worth is one million dollars or more, enter \$999,999. If net worth is negative, enter 0.

Investments include real estate (do not include the home you live in), trust funds, UGMA and UTMA accounts, money market funds, mutual funds, certificates of deposit, stocks, stock options, bonds, other securities, installment and land sale contracts (including mortgages held), commodities, etc.

Investments also include qualified educational benefits or education savings accounts such as Coverdell savings accounts, 529 college savings plans and the refund value of 529 prepaid tuition plans. For a student who does not report parental information, the accounts owned by the student (and the student's spouse) are reported as student investments in question 42. For a student who must report parental information, the accounts are reported as parental investments in question 92, including all accounts owned by the student and all accounts owned by the parents for any member of the household.

Investments do not include the home you live in, the value of life insurance, retirement plans (401[k] plans, pension funds, annuities, non-education IRAs, Keogh plans, etc.) or cash, savings and checking accounts already reported in questions 41 and 91.

Investment value means the current balance or market value of these investments as of today. Investment debt means only those debts that are related to the investments.

Business and/or investment farm value includes the market value of land, buildings, machinery, equipment, inventory, etc. Business and/or investment farm debt means only those debts for which the business or investment farm was used as collateral.

Business value does not include the value of a small business if your family owns and controls more than 50 percent of the business and the business has 100 or fewer full-time or full-time equivalent employees. For small business value, your family includes (1) persons directly related to you, such as a parent, sister or cousin, or (2) persons who are or were related to you by marriage, such as a spouse, stepparent or sister-in-law.

Investment farm value does not include the value of a family farm that you (your spouse and/or your parents) live on and operate.

Notes for question 45 (page 4)

Enter the correct number in the box in question 45 to indicate what type of veterans education benefits you will receive.

Enter 1 for Montgomery GI Bill - Active Duty (Chapter 30)

Enter 2 for Post-9/11 GI Bill (Chapter 33)

Enter 3 for Montgomery GI Bill - Selected Reserve (Chapter 1606)

Enter 4 for Reserve Educational Assistance Program (Chapter 1607)

Enter 5 for Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment (Chapter 31)

Enter 6 for Dependents' Educational Assistance (Chapter 35)

Enter 7 for any other type of veterans education benefits

Note that the financial aid administrator at your college will need you to provide information about the amount of education benefits you will receive.



FREE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2010



Step One:	or que	stions 1-32	, leave blank any q	uestions 1	that do not	apply to you	(the stude	nt).	OMB	# 1845-0001
			on your Social Sec			арру и уи		-4-	3. M	liddle
name					name					itial
Your permanent m	ailing a	ddress								
4. Number and street (include apt. number)										
5. City (and country if not U.S.)						6. State		7. ZIP code		
8. Your Social Sec	urity Nu	ımber	9. Your date	MONTH	DAY	YEAR	10. Your	permanent t	elephone r	number
	_		of birth	M M	D D	9 Y Y	()		
11. Your driver's license number	er								r driver's nse state	
processed, you	will be n	otified by e-i	de your e-mail address mail. Your e-mail addre u prefer to be contacte	ess will also	o be shared	with your state	and the colle	ges listed on	your FAFSA	to allow
				@						
14. Are you a U.S citizen? Mark only one See Notes page). 1	No, but I am	I.S. citizen (U.S. nation an eligible noncitizen. a citizen or eligible no	Fill in que	stion 15.	<u></u>	2 4	Alien Registr	ation Num	ber
			date you sign your ou sign your FAFS		ust not cha					
16. What is your marital status of today?	as I	am single, d	livorced or widowed remarried	0 1	17. Moi	nth and year y arated, divord	ou were m		MONTH M M Y	YEAR Y Y Y
18. What is your state of legal residence?	STA	re	id you become a le esident of this state efore January 1, 20		Yes O 1 No O 2		swer to que give month ame a legal	and year	MONTH M M Y	YEAR ' Y Y Y
21. Are you male of female?	or	Fem	ale O 1 ale O 2 ip to question 23.	Serv 18-2	ice to get	dents must reg federal aid. If registered, fill u.	you are ma	ıle, age	Regist	er me) 1
23. Do not leave this question blank. Have you been convicted for the possession or sale of illegal drugs for an offense that occurred while you were receiving federal student aid (such as grants, loans or work-study)? Answer "No" if you have never received federal student aid. If you have a drug conviction, answer "Yes," but complete and submit this application, and we will send you a worksheet in the mail that will help you determine if your conviction affects your eligibility for aid. If you are unsure how to answer this question, call 1-800-433-3243 for help.										
Some states and	colleges	s offer aid l	pased on the level of	of schooli	ng your pa	rents comple	ted.			
24. Highest school your father completed Middle school/Jr. high O 1 High school O 2 College or beyond O 3 Other/unknown O 4 25. Highest school your mother completed Middle school/Jr. high O 1 High school O 2 College or beyond O 3 Other/unknown O 4										
26. When you begin college in the 2009-2010 school year, what will be your high school completion status?										
High school diple	oma		ED) certificate	. () 1	Home	schooled				<u> </u>
			s degree before Jι						es O 1	No O2

			Step One CONTINUED from p	page 3			
28.	When you begin the 2009-2010 school year, what will your grade level?	29. When you begin the 2009-2010 school year, what degree or certificate will you be working on?					
	Never attended college and 1st year undergraduate	0 °	1st bachelor's degree	O 1			
	Attended college before and 1st year undergraduate	O 1	2nd bachelor's degree				
	2nd year undergraduate/sophomore	O 2	Associate degree (occupational or technical program)	2			
	3rd year undergraduate/junior	○ 3		3			
	4th year undergraduate/senior	O 4	Associate degree (general education or transfer program) .	O 4			
	5th year/other undergraduate	O 5	Certificate or diploma (occupational, technical or education program of less than two years)	<u> </u>			
	1st year graduate/professional	6	Certificate or diploma (occupational, technical or				
	Continuing graduate/professional or beyond	7	education program of two or more years)	6			
30.	When you begin the 2009-2010 school year, what do	vou	Teaching credential (nondegree program)	7			
	expect your enrollment status to be? See Notes page		Graduate or professional degree	8			
	Full-time	O 1	Other/undecided	9			
	Three-quarter-time	O 2		_			
	Half-time	<u>З</u>	31. In addition to grants, are you interested in being consider	dered			
	Less than half-time	O 4	for work-study or student loans?				
	Don't know	O 5	Work-study (student aid that you earn through work)	O 1			
32.	Are you planning to complete coursework	S O 1	Student loans (which you must pay back)	O 2			
	necessary to become an elementary or	_	Both work-study and student loans	Э з			
	secondary school teacher, either now or) ₂	Neither	O 4			
	in the future? See Notes page 2. Don't know	V () 3	Don't know	5			
Ste			lent). If you are single, separated, divorced or widowed, ansv y, include information about your spouse (husband or wife).	ver			
33.	For 2008, have you (the student) completed your IRS	income	34. What income tax return did you file or will you file for 2	2008?			
	tax return or another tax return listed in question 34?		IRS 1040	O 1			
	I have already completed my return	O 1	IRS 1040A or 1040EZ	O 2			
	I will file, but I have not yet completed my return	_	A foreign tax return. See Notes page 2	<u>З</u>			
			A tax return with Puerto Rico, another U.S. territory				
	I'm not going to file. Skip to question 39	O 3	or Freely Associated State. See Notes page 2	O 4			
35.	If you have filed or will file a 1040, were you eligible to	o file a 104	10A or 1040EZ? Yes O 1 No O 2 Don't know	\bigcirc			
	See Notes page 2.						
For	questions 36–47, if the answer is zero or the question	does not	apply to you, enter 0. Report whole dollar amounts with no c	ents.			
36.	What was your (and spouse's) adjusted gross income		? Adjusted gross income is on \$				
	IRS Form 1040—line 37; 1040A—line 21; or 1040EZ—						
37.	Enter your (and spouse's) income tax for 2008. Incom 1040A—line 35; or 1040EZ—line 11.	ne tax amo	ount is on IRS Form 1040—line 56;				
20	Enter your (and spouse's) exemptions for 2008. Exem	antiono or	on IDS Form 1040 line 6d or				
30.	Form 1040A—line 6d. For Form 1040EZ, see Notes pa		e on the Form 1040—line od of				
Que	estions 39 and 40 ask about earnings (wages, salaries, tips, etc be on the W-2 forms, or on IRS Form 1040—lines 7 + 12 + 18	;.) in 2008. <i>A</i> 3 + Box 14 (Answer the questions whether or not a tax return was filed. This information of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); or 1040A—line 7; or 1040EZ—line 1.	ation			
39.	How much did you earn from working in 2008?		\$				
40.	How much did your spouse earn from working in 200	8?	\$				
41.	As of today, what is your (and spouse's) total current	balance o	of cash, savings and checking \$				
	accounts? Do not include student financial aid.						
42.	42. As of today, what is the net worth of your (and spouse's) investments, including real estate (not						
	your home)? Net worth means current value minus debt. See Notes page 2.						
43. As of today, what is the net worth of your (and spouse's) current businesses and/or investment farms? For a family farm or family business, see Notes page 2.							
		, pugo <u>L</u> i					
44.	Will you receive veterans Yes O	1	45. What type of veterans education benefits will you receive? See Notes page 2 and enter the	7			
	education benefits between No	2	correct number in the box.				
	July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010? If no, skip to ques	tion 46.					

Step Two CONTINUED from page 4

46. Student's 2008 Additional Financial Information (Enter the combined amounts for you and your spouse.)			
a. Education credits (Hope and Lifetime Learning tax credits) from IRS Form 1040—line 50 or 1040A—line 31.	\$		
 b. Child support paid because of divorce or separation or as a result of a legal requirement. Don't include support for children in your household, as reported in question 96. 	\$		
 c. Taxable earnings from need-based employment programs, such as Federal Work-Study and need-based employment portions of fellowships and assistantships. 	\$		
d. Student grant and scholarship aid reported to the IRS in your adjusted gross income. Includes AmeriCorps benefits (awards, living allowances and interest accrual payments), as well as grant and scholarship portions of fellowships and assistantships.	\$		
e. Combat pay or special combat pay. Only enter the amount that was taxable and included in your adjusted gross income. Do not enter untaxed combat pay reported on the W-2 (Box 12, Code Q).	\$		
47. Student's 2008 Untaxed Income (Enter the combined amounts for you and your spouse.)			
a. Payments to tax-deferred pension and savings plans (paid directly or withheld from earnings), including, but not limited to, amounts reported on the W-2 forms in Boxes 12a through 12d, codes D, E, F, G, H and S.	\$		
b. IRA deductions and payments to self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, Keogh and other qualified plans from IRS Form 1040—line 28 + line 32 or 1040A—line 17.	\$		
c. Child support received for all children. Don't include foster care or adoption payments.	\$		
d. Tax exempt interest income from IRS Form 1040—line 8b or 1040A—line 8b.	\$		
e. Untaxed portions of IRA distributions from IRS Form 1040—lines (15a minus 15b) or 1040A—lines (11a minus 11b). Exclude rollovers. If negative, enter a zero here.	\$		
f. Untaxed portions of pensions from IRS Form 1040—lines (16a minus 16b) or 1040A—lines (12a minus 12b). Exclude rollovers. If negative, enter a zero here.	\$		
g. Housing, food and other living allowances paid to members of the military, clergy and others (including cash payments and cash value of benefits).	\$		
h. Veterans noneducation benefits such as Disability, Death Pension, or Dependency & Indemnity Compensation (DIC) and/or VA Educational Work-Study allowances.	\$		
i. Other untaxed income not reported, such as workers' compensation, disability, etc. Don't include student aid, earned income credit, additional child tax credit, welfare payments, untaxed Social Security benefits, Supplemental Security Income, Workforce Investment Act educational benefits, combat pay, benefits from flexible spending arrangements (e.g., cafeteria plans), foreign income exclusion or credit for federal tax on special fuels.	\$		
j. Money received, or paid on your behalf (e.g., bills), not reported elsewhere on this form.	\$		
Stan Thrae: Answer all greations in this stan to determine if you will need to provide nevental informa-	tion		
Step Three: Answer all questions in this step to determine if you will need to provide parental informa		No. O	
48. Were you born before January 1, 1986?	Yes O ₁	No O ₂	
49. As of today, are you married? (Also answer "Yes" if you are separated but not divorced.)	Yes O ₁	0	
program (such as an MA, MBA, MD, JD, PhD, EdD, graduate certificate, etc.)?	Yes O ₁	No O ₂	
51. Are you currently serving on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces for purposes other than training?	Yes O ₁	No O2	
See Notes page 9	Yes O ₁	No O ₂	
53. Do you have children who will receive more than half of their support from you between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010?	Yes O ₁	No O ₂	
54. Do you have dependents (other than your children or spouse) who live with you and who receive more than half of their support from you, now and through June 30, 2010?	Yes O ₁	No O2	
55. At any time since you turned age 13, were both your parents deceased, were you in foster care or were you a dependent or ward of the court? See Notes page 9.	Yes O ₁	No O2	
56. Are you or were you an emancipated minor as determined by a court in your state of legal residence? See Notes page 9	Yes O ₁	No O2	
57. Are you or were you in legal guardianship as determined by a court in your state of legal residence? See Notes page 9	Yes O ₁	No O2	
 58. At any time on or after July 1, 2008, did your high school or school district homeless liaison determine that you were an unaccompanied youth who was homeless? See Notes page 9 59. At any time on or after July 1, 2008, did the director of an emergency shelter or transitional housing 	Yes O ₁	No O2	
program funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development determine that you were an unaccompanied youth who was homeless? See Notes page 9.	Yes O¹	No O2	
60. At any time on or after July 1, 2008, did the director of a runaway or homeless youth basic center or transitional living program determine that you were an unaccompanied youth who was homeless or were self-supporting and at risk of being homeless? See Notes page 9.	Yes O1	No O²	

If you (the student) answered "No" to every question in Step Three, go to Step Four. If you answered "Yes" to any question in Step Three, skip Step Four and go to Step Five on page 8.

(Health professions students: Your college may require you to complete Step Four even if you answered "Yes" to any Step Three question.)

Step Four: Complete this step if you (the student) answered "No" to all questions in Step Three.

Answer all the questions in Step Four about your parents even if you do not live with them. Grandparents, foster parents, legal guardians, aunts and uncles are not considered parents on this form unless they have legally adopted you. If your parents are living and married to each other, answer the questions about them. If your parent is single, widowed, divorced, separated or remarried, see the Notes on page 9 for additional instructions.

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•								
61. What is your parents' marital status as of Married or remarried	ed or separated 3	62. Month and year they were married, separated, divorced or widowed	MONTH YEAR M M Y Y Y Y						
What are the Social Security Numbers, names and dates of birth of the parents reporting information on this form? If your parent does not have a Social Security Number, you must enter 000-00-0000. Enter two digits for each day and month (e.g., for May 31, enter 05 31).									
63. FATHER'S/STEPFATHER'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER 64. I	FATHER'S/STEPFATHER'S LAST NAM	ME, AND 65. FIRST INITIAL 66. FA	THER'S/STEPFATHER'S DATE OF BIRTH						
		, M	M D D 19 Y Y						
67. MOTHER'S/STEPMOTHER'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER 68. I	MOTHER'S/STEPMOTHER'S LAST NA	AME, AND 69. FIRST INITIAL 70. MC	OTHER'S/STEPMOTHER'S DATE OF BIRTH						
		, M	M D D 19 Y Y						
71. Your parents' e-mail address. If you provi									
e-mail address will also be shared with your st	ate and the colleges listed or	n your FAFSA to allow them to communicate	with your parents.						
	@								
72. What is your STATE 73. Did your parts of the same less		74. If the answer to question 73 is	MONTH YEAR						
parents' state become leg of legal of this state	s b of a ve	"No," give month and year legal residency began for the parent w	ho MMYYYY						
residence? January 1,	110 () 2	has lived in the state the longest.							
 75. How many people are in your parents' houndle: yourself, even if you don't live with your parents' 									
 your parents, 	·								
 your parents' other children if (a) your paren (b) the children could answer "No" to every 	ts will provide more than half question in Step Three on pa	fof their support between July 1, 2009 and Julge 5 of this form, and	ine 30, 2010, or						
other people if they now live with your parer provide more than half of their support between	nts, your parents provide mor	e than half of their support and your parents	will continue to						
provide more than half of their support between	reen duly 1, 2003 and dulle 3	0, 2010.							
76. How many people in your parents' household will be college students between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010? Always count yourself as a college student. Do not include your parents. You may include others only if they will attend, at least half-time in 2009-2010, a program that leads to a college degree or certificate.									
In 2007 or 2009, did you your parents or any	one in vour perente' hou	unchold (from guestion 75) receive hone	fite from any of the						
In 2007 or 2008, did you, your parents or anyone in your parents' household (from question 75) receive benefits from any of the federal benefits programs listed? Mark all the programs that apply. Answering these questions will not reduce your eligibility for student aid or for these other benefits. TANF may have a different name in your parents' state. Call 1-800-4-FED-AID to find out the name of the state's program.									
77. Supplemental Security Income 78. Food Stamps 79. Free or Reduced Price Lunch 80. TANF 81. WIC									
82. For 2008, have your parents completed their IRS income tax return did your parents file or will they file for 2008? 83. What income tax return did your parents file or will they file for 2008?									
My parents have already completed their	return O 1	IRS 1040	O 1						
My parents will file, but they have not yet	•	IRS 1040A or 1040EZ	_						
their return.		A foreign tax return. See Notes page 2							
My parents are not going to file. Skip to qu	_	A tax return with Puerto Rico, another or Freely Associated State. See Notes	er U.S. territory						
84. If your parents have filed or will file a	Yes O ₁	85. As of today, is either of your parent	_						
1040, were they eligible to file a 1040A	No O 2	dislocated worker? See Notes page 9	No 🔾 2						
or 1040EZ? See Notes page 2.	Don't know) 3		Don't know O 3						

For questions 86–95, if the answer is zero or the question does not apply, enter 0. Report whole dollar amounts with no cents.

86. What was your parents' adjusted gross income for 2008? Adjusted gross income is on IRS Form 1040—line 37; 1040A—line 21; or 1040EZ—line 4.	\$
87. Enter your parents' income tax for 2008. Income tax amount is on IRS Form 1040—line 56; 1040A—line 35; or 1040EZ—line 11.	\$
88. Enter your parents' exemptions for 2008. Exemptions are on IRS Form 1040—line 6d or on Form 1040A—line 6d. For Form 1040EZ, see Notes page 2.	
Questions 89 and 90 ask about earnings (wages, salaries, tips, etc.) in 2008. Answer the questions whether or not a tax re may be on the W-2 forms, on IRS Form 1040—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); on 1040A—lines R-1 (Form 1065); o	turn was filed. This information ne 7; or on 1040EZ—line 1.
89. How much did your father/stepfather earn from working in 2008?	\$
90. How much did your mother/stepmother earn from working in 2008?	\$
91. As of today, what is your parents' total current balance of cash, savings and checking accounts?	\$
92. As of today, what is the net worth of your parents' investments, including real estate (not your parents' home)? Net worth means current value minus debt. See Notes page 2.	\$
93. As of today, what is the net worth of your parents' current businesses and/or investment farms? For a family farm or family business, see Notes page 2.	\$
94. Parents' 2008 Additional Financial Information (Enter the amounts for your parent[s].) a. Education credits (Hope and Lifetime Learning tax credits) from IRS Form 1040—line 50 or 1040A—line 31.	\$
 b. Child support paid because of divorce or separation or as a result of a legal requirement. Don't include support for children in your parents' household, as reported in question 75. 	\$
c. Your parents' taxable earnings from need-based employment programs, such as Federal Work-Study and need-based employment portions of fellowships and assistantships.	\$
d. Student grant and scholarship aid reported to the IRS in your parents' adjusted gross income. Includes Ameri- Corps benefits (awards, living allowances and interest accrual payments), as well as grant and scholarship portions of fellowships and assistantships.	\$
e. Combat pay or special combat pay. Only enter the amount that was taxable and included in your parents' adjusted gross income. Do not enter untaxed combat pay reported on the W-2 (Box 12, Code Q).	\$
OF Devente's 2009 Untoyed Income (Fatewithe amounts for your parential)	
 95. Parents' 2008 Untaxed Income (Enter the amounts for your parent[s].) a. Payments to tax-deferred pension and savings plans (paid directly or withheld from earnings), including, but not limited to, amounts reported on the W-2 forms in Boxes 12a through 12d, codes D, E, F, G, H, and S. 	\$
b. IRA deductions and payments to self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, Keogh and other qualified plans from IRS Form 1040—line 28 + line 32 or 1040A—line 17.	\$
c. Child support received for all children. Don't include foster care or adoption payments.	\$
d. Tax exempt interest income from IRS Form 1040—line 8b or 1040A—line 8b.	\$
e. Untaxed portions of IRA distributions from IRS Form 1040—lines (15a minus 15b) or 1040A—lines (11a minus 11b). Exclude rollovers. If negative, enter a zero here.	\$
f. Untaxed portions of pensions from IRS Form 1040—lines (16a minus 16b) or 1040A—lines (12a minus 12b). Exclude rollovers. If negative, enter a zero here.	\$
g. Housing, food and other living allowances paid to members of the military, clergy and others (including cash payments and cash value of benefits).	\$
 h. Veterans noneducation benefits such as Disability, Death Pension, or Dependency & Indemnity Compensation (DIC) and/or VA Educational Work-Study allowances. i. Other untaxed income not reported, such as workers' compensation, disability, etc. Don't include student aid, 	\$
earned income credit, additional child tax credit, welfare payments, untaxed Social Security benefits, Supplemental Security Income, Workforce Investment Act educational benefits, combat pay, benefits from flexible spending arrangements (e.g., cafeteria plans), foreign income exclusion or credit for federal tax on special fuels.	\$

Step	Five: Complet	e this	s step c	only if you (the student) answer	ed "Y	es" to any questi	on in S	tep Thre	e.	
Ind • •		use), I provid	de more t	han half of their support between July 1						
•	other people, if they no of their support between			you provide more than half of their supp and June 30, 2010.	oort an	d you will continue to	provide n	nore than	half	
Ju		count y	yourself a	spouse's) household will be colleg s a college student. Include others only or certificate.					0,	
benef	its programs listed?	Mark a	all the pro	e) or anyone in your household (frograms that apply. Answering these questour state. Call 1-800-4-FED-AID to find	tions v	vill not reduce your elig	gibility for	r student a		
98. S	upplemental Security	Incon	ne 🔾	99. Food Stamps O 100. Free	or Re	duced Price Lunch	O 101	. TANF	102.	wic 🔾
103. A	As of today, are you (or you	ur spous	e) a dislocated worker? See Notes	page 9	Yes	O 1	No 🔾 2	Don't kn	ow O 3
Step	Six: Indicate v	vhich	college	es you want to receive your FAI	FSA iı	nformation.				
call 1- you m	800-4-FED-AID. If yo	ou car	nnot get	nd your housing plans. You can fir the code, write in the complete na ge first. To have more colleges red	me, a	ddress, city and sta	ate of th	e college	e. For stat	e aid,
104.a	1st FEDERAL SCHOOL CODE	OR	NAME OF COLLEGE ADDRESS				STATE		JSING PLAN on campus with parent	O 1
104.c	2ND FEDERAL SCHOOL CODE	OR	NAME OF COLLEGE				STATE	104.d	on campus with parent	<u></u> 1
	3RD FEDERAL SCHOOL CODE	OR	ADDRESS AND CITY NAME OF COLLEGE				STATE	104.f	off campus	3
104.e	4TH FEDERAL SCHOOL CODE	On	ADDRESS AND CITY NAME OF				STATE		with parent off campus	<u>ў</u> 3
104.g		OR	ADDRESS AND CITY					104.h	on campus with parent off campus	<u>2</u>
Ste	p Seven: Read	d, sig	n and d	ate.						
feder institu made stude colle	al and/or state student fir ution of higher education, e satisfactory arrangemen ent grant or have made sa ge if you default on a fede	nancial (2) are ts to re tisfacto	aid only to not in def pay it, (3) ory arrange dent loan a	pay the cost of attending an ault on a federal student loan or have do not owe money back on a federal ements to repay it, (4) will notify your and (5) will not receive a Federal Pell	MOM	Date this form was NTH DAY 2009	complet	ted. or	2010	0
If you to pro inforr to file the a Inter	ovide information that will mation may include U.S. c a. Also, you certify that you thority to verify inform mal Revenue Service and	dent, by verify to state under ation read other	y signing t the accura income ta rstand tha eported o	his application you agree, if asked, cy of your completed form. This x forms that you filed or are required t the Secretary of Education has n this application with the gencies. If you sign any document	1	Student (Sign belov		sign bel	ow)	
Ident and h	ification Number (PIN), yo nave not disclosed that PI	u certif N to an	fy that you nyone else	tronically using a Personal are the person identified by the PIN If you purposely give false or \$20,000, sent to prison, or both.	2					
to fill	or your family paid a fee out this form or to advise out, that person must cor	you or	n how to	107. Preparer's Social Security Number (or	108)	D/O O 1	NLY:	Fed	deral School	ol Code
	arer's name, firm and add	•	•	108. Employer ID number (or 107)		FAA Signature				
				109. Preparer's signature and date		DATA ENTRY	D .		<u> </u>	O F

Notes for question 51 (page 5)

Answer "**Yes**" if you are currently serving in the U.S. Armed Forces or are a National Guard or Reserves enlistee who is on active duty for other than state or training purposes.

Answer "No" if you are a National Guard or Reserves enlistee who is on active duty for state or training purposes.

Notes for question 52 (page 5)

Answer "Yes" (you are a veteran) if you (1) have engaged in active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces (Army, Navy, Air Force, Marines or Coast Guard) or are a National Guard or Reserve enlistee who was called to active duty for other than state or training purposes, or were a cadet or midshipman at one of the service academies, and (2) were released under a condition other than dishonorable. Also answer "Yes" if you are not a veteran now but will be one by June 30, 2010.

Answer "No" (you are not a veteran) if you (1) have never engaged in active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces, (2) are currently a ROTC student or a cadet or midshipman at a service academy, (3) are a National Guard or Reserve enlistee activated only for state or training purposes, or (4) were engaged in active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces but released under dishonorable conditions.

Also answer "No" if you are currently serving in the U.S. Armed Forces and will continue to serve through June 30, 2010.

Notes for question 55 (page 5)

Answer "Yes" if you had no living parent (biological or adoptive) at any time since you turned age 13, even if you are now adopted.

Answer "Yes" if you were in foster care at any time since you turned age 13, even if you are no longer in foster care as of today.

Answer "Yes" if you were a dependent or ward of the court at any time since you turned age 13, even if you are no longer a dependent or ward of the court as of today.

Note that the financial aid administrator at your school may require you to provide proof that you were in foster care or a dependent or ward of the court.

Notes for questions 56 and 57 (page 5)

Answer "Yes" if you can provide a copy of a court's decision that as of today you are an emancipated minor or are in legal guardianship. Also answer "Yes" if you can provide a copy of a court's decision that you were an emancipated minor or were in legal guardianship immediately before you reached the age of being an adult in your state. The court must be located in your state of legal residence at the time the court's decision was issued.

Answer "No" if you are still a minor and the court decision is no longer in effect or the court decision was not in effect at the time you become an adult.

Note that the financial aid administrator at your college may require you to provide proof that you were an emancipated minor or in legal guardianship.

Notes for questions 58-60 (page 5)

Answer "Yes" if you received a determination at any time on or after July 1, 2008, that you were an unaccompanied youth who was homeless or, for question 60, at risk of being homeless.

- "Homeless" means lacking fixed, regular and adequate housing, which includes living in shelters, motels or cars, or temporarily living with other people because you had nowhere else to go.
- "Unaccompanied" means you are not living in the physical custody of your parent or guardian.
- "Youth" means you are 21 years of age or younger or you are still enrolled in high school as of the day you sign this application.

Notes for questions 58-60 continued in next column.

Notes for questions 58-60 (page 5) continued

Answer "No" if you are not homeless, at risk of being homeless or if you do not have a determination. You should contact your financial aid office for assistance if you do not have a determination but believe you are an unaccompanied youth who is homeless or are an unaccompanied youth providing for your own living expenses who is at risk of being homeless.

Note that the financial aid administrator at your college may require you to provide a copy of the determination if you answered "**Yes**" to one of these questions.

Notes for Step Four, questions 61-95 (pages 6 and 7)

Additional instructions about who is considered a parent on this form:

- If your parent is widowed or single, answer the questions about that parent.
- If your widowed parent is remarried as of today, answer the questions about that parent and your stepparent.
- If your parents are divorced or separated, answer the questions about the parent you lived with more during the past 12 months. (If you did not live with one parent more than the other, give answers about the parent who provided more financial support during the past 12 months, or during the most recent year that you actually received support from a parent.) If this parent is remarried as of today, answer the questions about that parent and your stepparent.

Notes for questions 85 (page 6) and 103 (page 8)

In general, a person may be considered a dislocated worker if he or she:

- is receiving unemployment benefits due to being laid off or losing a job and is unlikely to return to a previous occupation;
- · has been laid off or received a lay-off notice from a job;
- was self-employed but is now unemployed due to economic conditions or natural disaster; or
- is a displaced homemaker. A displaced homemaker is generally a person who previously provided unpaid services to the family (e.g., a stay-at-home mom or dad), is no longer supported by the husband or wife, is unemployed or underemployed, and is having trouble finding or upgrading employment.

If a person quits work, generally he or she is not considered a dislocated worker even if, for example, the person is receiving unemployment benefits.

Answer "Yes" to question 85 if your parent is a dislocated worker. Answer "Yes" to question 103 if you or your spouse is a dislocated worker.

Answer "**No**" to question 85 if your parent is not a dislocated worker. Answer "**No**" to question 103 if neither you nor your spouse is a dislocated worker.

Answer "Don't know" to question 85 if you are not sure whether your parent is a dislocated worker. Answer "Don't know" to question 103 if you are not sure whether you or your spouse is a dislocated worker. You can contact your financial aid office for assistance in answering these questions.

Note that the financial aid administrator at your school may require you to provide proof that your parent is a dislocated worker, if you answered "Yes" to question 85, or that you or your spouse is a dislocated worker, if you answered "Yes" to question 103.

What is the FAFSA?

Why fill out a FAFSA?

The *Free Application for Federal Student Aid* (FAFSA) is the first step in the financial aid process. You use the FAFSA to apply for federal student aid, such as grants, loans and work-study. In addition, most states and colleges use information from the FAFSA to award nonfederal aid.

Why all the questions?

The questions on the FAFSA are required to calculate your Expected Family Contribution (EFC). The EFC measures your family's financial strength and determines your eligibility for federal student aid. Your state and the colleges you list may also use some of your responses. They will determine if you may be eligible for school or state aid, in addition to federal aid.

How do I find out what my Expected Family Contribution (EFC) is?

Your EFC will be listed on your *Student Aid Report* (SAR). Your SAR summarizes the information you submitted on your FAFSA. It is important to review your SAR to make sure all of your information is correct and complete. Make corrections or provide additional information, as necessary.

How much aid do I get?

Using the information on your FAFSA and your EFC, the financial aid office at your college will determine the amount of aid you will receive. The colleges use your EFC to prepare a financial aid package to help you meet your financial need. Financial need is the difference between your EFC and your college's cost of attendance (which can include living expenses), as determined by the college. If you or your family have unusual circumstances that should be taken into account, contact your college's financial aid office. Some examples of unusual circumstances are: unusual medical or dental expenses or a large change in income from last year to this year.

When do I get the aid?

Any financial aid you are eligible to receive will be paid to you through your college. Typically, your college will first use the aid to pay tuition, fees and room and board (if provided by the college). Any remaining aid is paid to you for your other educational expenses. If you are eligible for a Federal Pell Grant, you may receive it from only one college for the same period of enrollment.

How can I have more colleges receive my FAFSA information?

If you are completing a paper FAFSA, you can only list four colleges in the school code step. You may add more colleges by doing one of the following:

- Use the Federal Student Aid PIN you will receive after your FAFSA has been processed and go to FAFSA on the Web at www.fafsa.ed.gov. Select the "Add or Delete a School Code" link.
- 2. Use the Student Aid Report (SAR), which you will receive after your FAFSA is processed. Your Data Release Number (DRN) verifies your identity and will be listed on the first page of your SAR. You can call 1-800-4-FED-AID and provide your DRN to a customer service representative, who will add more school codes for you.
- 3. Provide your DRN to the financial aid administrator at the college you want added, and he or she can add their school code to your FAFSA.

Note: Your FAFSA record can only list up to ten school codes. If there are ten school codes on your record, any new school codes that you add will replace one or more of the school codes listed.

Where can I get more information on student aid?

The best place for information about student financial aid is the financial aid office at the college you plan to attend. The financial aid administrator can tell you about student aid available from your state, the college itself and other sources.

- You can also visit our web sites www.FederalStudentAid.ed.gov or www.studentaid.ed.gov.
- For information by phone you can call our Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4-FED-AID (1-800-433-3243). TTY users (for the hearing impaired) may call 1-800-730-8913.
- You can also check with your high school counselor, your state aid agency or your local library's reference section.

Information about other nonfederal assistance may be available from foundations, religious organizations, community organizations and civic groups, as well as organizations related to your field of interest, such as the American Medical or American Bar Association. Check with your parents' employers or unions to see if they award scholarships or have tuition payment plans.

Information on the Privacy Act and use of your Social Security Number

We use the information that you provide on this form to determine if you are eligible to receive federal student financial aid and the amount that you are eligible to receive. Sections 483 and 484 of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, give us the authority to ask you and your parents these questions, and to collect the Social Security Numbers of you and your parents. We use your Social Security Number to verify your identity and retrieve your records, and we may request your Social Security Number again for those purposes.

State and institutional student financial aid programs may also use the information that you provide on this form to determine if you are eligible to receive state and institutional aid and the need that you have for such aid. Therefore, we will disclose the information that you provide on this form to each institution you list in questions 104a - 104h, state agencies in your state of legal residence and the state agencies of the states in which the colleges that you list in questions 104a - 104h are located.

If you are applying solely for federal aid, you must answer all of the following questions that apply to you: 1-9, 14-16, 18, 21-23, 26-28, 33-37, 39-61, 63-70, 72, 75-87, 89-103, 105-106. If you do not answer these questions, you will not receive federal aid.

Without your consent, we may disclose information that you provide to entities under a published "routine use." Under such a routine use, we may disclose information to third parties that we have authorized to assist us in administering the above programs; to other federal agencies under computer matching programs, such as those with the Internal Revenue Service, Social Security Administration, Selective Service System, Department of Homeland Security, Department of Justice and Veterans Affairs; to your parents or spouse; and to members of Congress if you ask them to help you with student aid questions.

If the federal government, the U.S. Department of Education, or an employee of the U.S. Department of Education is involved in litigation, we may send information to the Department of Justice, or a court or adjudicative body, if the disclosure is related to financial aid and certain conditions are met. In addition, we may send your information to a foreign, federal, state, or local enforcement agency if the information that you submitted indicates a violation or potential violation of law, for which that agency has jurisdiction for investigation or prosecution. Finally, we may send information regarding a claim that is determined to be valid and overdue to a consumer reporting agency. This information includes identifiers from the record; the amount, status and history of the claim; and the program under which the claim arose.

State Certification

By submitting this application, you are giving your state financial aid agency permission to verify any statement on this form and to obtain income tax information for all persons required to report income on this form.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 says that no one is required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number, which for this form is 1845-0001. The time required to complete this form is estimated to be one hour, including time to review instructions, search data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have comments about this estimate or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: U.S. Department of Education, Washington, DC 20202-4700.

We may request additional information from you to process your application more efficiently. We will collect this additional information only as needed and on a voluntary basis.

Appendix 2: TANF Program Names by State

This appendix of TANF programs by state name is intended for use with questions 77-81 and questions 98-102.

State	Program Name
Alabama	FA (Family Assistance Program)
Alaska	ATAP (Alaska Temporary Assistance Program)
Arizona	EMPOWER (Employing and Moving People Off Welfare and Encouraging Responsibility)
Arkansas	TEA (Transitional Employment Assistance)
California	CALWORKS (California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids)
Colorado	Colorado Works
Connecticut	JOBS FIRST
Delaware	ABC (A Better Chance)
Dist. of Col.	TANF
Florida	Welfare Transition Program
Georgia	TANF
Guam	TANF
Hawaii	TANF
Idaho	Temporary Assistance for Families in Idaho
Illinois	TANF
Indiana	TANF, Cash Assistance, IMPACT (Indiana Manpower Placement and Comprehensive Training), TANF work program
Iowa	FIP (Family Investment Program)
Kansas	Kansas Works

State	Program Name
Kentucky	K-TAP (Kentucky Transitional Assistance Program)
Louisiana	FITAP (Family Independence Temporary Assistance Program), cash assistance
Maine	(STEP) Strategies to Empower People, ASPIRE (Additional Support for People in Retraining and Employment), TANF work program
Maryland	FIP (Family Investment Program)
Massachusetts	TAFDC (Transitional Aid to Families with Dependent Children), cash assistance
Michigan	ESP (Employment Services Program), TANF work program
Minnesota	FIP (Family Independence Program)
Mississippi	MFIP (Minnesota Family Investment Program)
Missouri	Beyond Welfare
Montana	FAIM (Families Achieving Independence in Montana)
Nebraska	Employment First
Nevada	TANF
New Hampshire	FAP (Family Assistance Program), financial aid for work- exempt families, NHEP (New Hampshire Employment Program), financial aid for work-mandated families
New Jersey	WFNJ (Work First New Jersey)
New Mexico	NM Works
New York	FA (Family Assistance Program)
North Carolina	Work First
North Dakota	TEEM (Training, Employment, Education Management)
Ohio	OWF (Ohio Works First)

State	Program Name
Oklahoma	TANF
Oregon	JOBS (Job Opportunities and Basic Skills Program)
Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania TANF
Puerto Rico	TANF
Rhode Island	Family Independence
South Carolina	Family Independence
South Dakota	TANF
Tennessee	Families First
Texas	Texas Works (Department of Human Services), cash assistance, Choices (Texas Workforce Commission), TANF work program
Utah	FEP (Family Employment Program)
Vermont	ANFC (Aid to Needy Families with Children), cash assistance, Reach Up, TANF work program
Virgin Islands	(FIP) Family Improvement Program
Virginia	VIEW (Virginia Initiative for Employment, Not Welfare)
Washington	WorkFirst
West Virginia	West Virginia Works
Wisconsin	W-2 (Wisconsin Works)
Wyoming	POWER (Personal Opportunities With Employment Responsibility)

Appendix 3: IRS 1040 Federal Tax Return Form Sample

This form is provided for tutorial purposes only. Do not attempt to file your taxes using this sample!

Label (See instructions on page 12.) Use the IRS label. Otherwise, please print or type. Presidential Election Campaig	Food Your House Ho	Married filing jointly (even if only on Married filing separately. Enter spot and full name here. ▶	ginning , 20 Last name Last name a P.O. box, see page 1 f you have a foreign add g jointly, want \$3 to g e had income) use's SSN above	go to th	Apt. no e page 12.	age 12) old (with	Spous Spous Checkin change	staple in this space. MB No. 1545-0074 social security numbe e's social security num f'ou must enter our SSN(s) above. ng a box below will n your tax or refund. You Spouse g person). (See page of the proper security our dependent,	not e
(See instructions on page 12.) Use the IRS label. Otherwise, please print or type. Presidential Election Campaig	You	a joint return, spouse's first name and initial a joint return, spouse's first name and initial ame address (number and street). If you have by, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. Check here if you, or your spouse if filin Single Married filing jointly (even if only or Married filing separately. Enter spound full name here. Yourself. If someone can claim y	Last name Last name a P.O. box, see page 1 f you have a foreign add g jointly, want \$3 to g e had income) use's SSN above	2. dress, see	Apt. no e page 12. is fund (see p Head of househ the qualifying po	age 12) old (with	Spouse Spouse Your s Spouse Y Y Checkin change	e's social security number e's social security n	not e
(See instructions on page 12.) Use the IRS label. Otherwise, please print or type. Presidential Election Campaig	Horizontal In Section 1 2 3 6a b	a joint return, spouse's first name and initial one address (number and street). If you have by, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. It check here if you, or your spouse if filing Single Married filing jointly (even if only or Married filing separately. Enter spound full name here. ▶ Yourself. If someone can claim y	Last name a P.O. box, see page 1 f you have a foreign add g jointly, want \$3 to g e had income) use's SSN above	go to th	e page 12. is fund (see p Head of househ the qualifying pe	age 12) old (with	Spous Y Checkin change	e's social security nur ou must enter our SSN(s) above. ng a box below will n your tax or refund. You Spouse g person). (See page 1	not e
instructions on page 12.) Use the IRS label. Otherwise, please print or type. Presidential Election Campaig	If a House of the	ome address (number and street). If you have ty, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. Check here if you, or your spouse if filin Single Married filing jointly (even if only or Married filing separately. Enter spo	a P.O. box, see page 1 f you have a foreign add g jointly, want \$3 to g e had income) use's SSN above	go to th	e page 12. is fund (see p Head of househ the qualifying pe	age 12) old (with	Checkii change	You must enter our SSN(s) above. ng a box below will n your tax or refund. You Spouse g person). (See page 1	not e 13.) It
Use the IRS label. Otherwise, please print or type. Presidential Election Campaig	Horizontal	ome address (number and street). If you have ty, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. Check here if you, or your spouse if filin Single Married filing jointly (even if only or Married filing separately. Enter spo	a P.O. box, see page 1 f you have a foreign add g jointly, want \$3 to g e had income) use's SSN above	go to th	e page 12. is fund (see p Head of househ the qualifying pe	age 12) old (with	Checkii change	You must enter our SSN(s) above. ng a box below will n your tax or refund. You Spouse g person). (See page 1	not e 13.) If
label. Otherwise, please print or type. Presidential Election Campaig	Holin ► C	ty, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. Check here if you, or your spouse if filin Single Married filing jointly (even if only or Married filing separately. Enter spound full name here. ▶ Yourself. If someone can claim y	f you have a foreign add g jointly, want \$3 to g e had income) use's SSN above	go to th	e page 12. is fund (see p Head of househ the qualifying pe	age 12) old (with	Checkii change	our SSN(s) above. And a box below will not your tax or refund. You Spouse g person). (See page 1)	e 13.) If
please print or type. Presidential Election Campaig	Cit	ty, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. Check here if you, or your spouse if filin Single Married filing jointly (even if only or Married filing separately. Enter spound full name here. ▶ Yourself. If someone can claim y	f you have a foreign add g jointly, want \$3 to g e had income) use's SSN above	go to th	e page 12. is fund (see p Head of househ the qualifying pe	age 12) old (with	Checkii change	our SSN(s) above. And a box below will not your tax or refund. You Spouse g person). (See page 1)	e 13.) If
Presidential Election Campaig Filing Status	In ▶ (1 2 3 3 6a b	Check here if you, or your spouse if filin Single Married filing jointly (even if only or Married filing separately. Enter sporand full name here. ▶ Yourself. If someone can claim y	g jointly, want \$3 to g e had income) use's SSN above	go to th	is fund (see p Head of househ the qualifying pe	old (with erson is a	change dualifying	your tax or refund. You Spouse g person). (See page 1	e 13.) If
Filing Status	1 2 3 6a b	Single Married filing jointly (even if only or Married filing separately. Enter spore and full name here. ▶ Yourself. If someone can claim y	e had income) use's SSN above	4 🗌	Head of househ the qualifying pe	old (with erson is a	qualifyin	You Spouse g person). (See page 1	13.) If
Filing Status	1 2 3 6a b	Single Married filing jointly (even if only or Married filing separately. Enter spore and full name here. ▶ Yourself. If someone can claim y	e had income) use's SSN above	4 🗌	Head of househ the qualifying pe	old (with erson is a	qualifyin	g person). (See page 1	13.) If
_	2 3 6a b	Married filing jointly (even if only or Married filing separately. Enter sporand full name here. ▶ Yourself. If someone can claim y	use's SSN above		the qualifying pe	erson is a		. , , , ,	,
_	3 6a b	Married filing separately. Enter spot and full name here. ▶ Yourself. If someone can claim y	use's SSN above				child bu	t not your dependent,	
Check only	6a b	and full name here. ▶ Yourself. If someone can claim y			this child's nam				enter
	b	Yourself. If someone can claim y	vou oo o danandant e	ວ ∟	O			-lk -l-: - /	-1.4\
one box.	b	·			, ,	w(er) wii	n depen	dent child (see page Boxes checked	14)
Exemptions		Spouse	ou as a dependent, t	o not o	спеск вох ва		}	on 6a and 6b — No. of children	
Exemptione	·	Dependents:	(2) Dependent's	- 1	(3) Dependent's	 (4)√ if q∟	ıalifying	on 6c who:	
		(1) First name Last name	social security numl		relationship to you	child for c		• lived with you	
		(1) The hame	1 1		you	credit (see	l l	 did not live with you due to divorce 	
If more than four]	or separation (see page 16)	
dependents, see page 15.						Ē]	Dependents on 6c	
page 13.								not entered above	\neg
	d	Total number of exemptions claimed						Add numbers on lines above ▶	
	7	Wages, salaries, tips, etc. Attach For	m(s) W-2				7		
Income	8a		. ,				8a		
Attach Form(s)	b	Tax-exempt interest. Do not include	on line 8a	8b					
W-2 here. Also	9a	Ordinary dividends. Attach Schedule	B if required				9a		
attach Forms W-2G and	b	Qualified dividends (see page 19)		9b					
1099-R if tax	10	Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of	state and local incor	ne taxe	s (see page 2	0)	10		
was withheld.	11	Alimony received					11		
	12	Business income or (loss). Attach Sch	nedule C or C-EZ .				12		
	13	Capital gain or (loss). Attach Schedul	e D if required. If not	require	d, check here	▶ □	13		
If you did not	14	Other gains or (losses). Attach Form	4797				14		
get a W-2, see page 19.	15a	IRA distributions 15a	k	Taxable	e amount (see p	age 21)	15b		
and hade to	16a				e amount (see p		16b		
Enclose, but do	17	Rental real estate, royalties, partnersh			c. Attach Sche	edule E	17		
not attach, any payment. Also,	18	Farm income or (loss). Attach Schedu	ıle F				18		
please use	19	Unemployment compensation		· ·			19 20b		
Form 1040-V.	20a	Social security benefits . 20a	b Taxable amount (see page 24)				21		
	21 22	Other income. List type and amount Add the amounts in the far right colum	, ,			ome ►	22		
	23	Educator expenses (see page 26)		23	. ,				
Adjusted	24	Certain business expenses of reservists,	orforming artists						
Gross	24	fee-basis government officials. Attach Fo	-	24					
Income	25	Health savings account deduction. At		25					
	26	Moving expenses. Attach Form 3903		26					
	27	One-half of self-employment tax. Attac		27					
	28	Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qua		28					
	29	Self-employed health insurance dedu	•	29					
	30	Penalty on early withdrawal of saving	(, ,	30					
	31a			31a					
	32	IRA deduction (see page 27)		32		\perp			
	33	Student loan interest deduction (see	page 30)	33		\perp			
	34	Tuition and fees deduction. Attach Fo	orm 8917	34		\perp			
	35	Domestic production activities deduction	n. Attach Form 8903	35					
	36	Add lines 23 through 31a and 32 thro	-				36		
	37	Subtract line 36 from line 22. This is Act. and Paperwork Reduction Act				►	37	Form 1040 (2	

Form 1040 (2007)					P	age Z
Tax	38	Amount from line 37 (adjusted gross income)	38			
and						
	39a	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				
Credits		if:	=			
Standard	b	If your spouse itemizes on a separate return or you were a dual-status alien, see page 31 and check here ▶39b				
Deduction for—	40	Itemized deductions (from Schedule A) or your standard deduction (see left margin)	40			
101—	41	Subtract line 40 from line 38	41			
People who	42	If line 38 is \$117,300 or less, multiply \$3,400 by the total number of exemptions claimed on line				
checked any box on line	72	6d. If line 38 is over \$117,300, see the worksheet on page 33	40			
39a or 39b or	40	· -	43			
who can be claimed as a	43	Taxable income. Subtract line 42 from line 41. If line 42 is more than line 41, enter -0-				
dependent,	44	Tax (see page 33). Check if any tax is from: a Form(s) 8814 b Form 4972 c Form(s) 888	,			
see page 31.	45	Alternative minimum tax (see page 36). Attach Form 6251	45	-		
All others:	46	Add lines 44 and 45	46			
Single or	47	Credit for child and dependent care expenses. Attach Form 2441				
Married filing separately,	48	Credit for the elderly or the disabled. Attach Schedule R . 48				
\$5,350	49	Education credits. Attach Form 8863				
Married filing	50	Residential energy credits. Attach Form 5695				
jointly or	51	Foreign tax credit. Attach Form 1116 if required 51				
Qualifying widow(er),	52	Child tax credit (see page 39). Attach Form 8901 if required 52				
\$10,700	53	of the tax credit (see page 65). Attach Form 650 Fin required	7			
Head of		netirement savings contributions credit. Attach Form 8000.				
household,	54	oreate from 6330 b 1 form 6330 c 1 form 6330 c	-			
\$7,850	55	other credits. a 1 form 3000 b 1 form 5001 c 1 form	- 50	1		
	56	Add lines 47 through 55. These are your total credits	56		\longrightarrow	
	57	Subtract line 56 from line 46. If line 56 is more than line 46, enter -0	57			
Other	58	Self-employment tax. Attach Schedule SE	58			
Taxes	59	Unreported social security and Medicare tax from: a \square Form 4137 b \square Form 8919	59			
Taxes	60	Additional tax on IRAs, other qualified retirement plans, etc. Attach Form 5329 if required	60			
	61	Advance earned income credit payments from Form(s) W-2, box 9	61			
	62	Household employment taxes. Attach Schedule H	62			
	63	Add lines 57 through 62. This is your total tax	63			
Payments	64	Federal income tax withheld from Forms W-2 and 1099 64				
rayillellis	65	2007 estimated tax payments and amount applied from 2006 return 65				
If you have a	_66a					
qualifying	Γ	Larried income credit (Lio)				
child, attach	b	Trontando dominat pay dicettori p				
Schedule EIC.	67	Excess social security and not 1111111 tax withing (see page 55)	\dashv			
	68	Additional office tax credit. Attach Form 5612	\dashv			
	69	Amount paid with request for extension to file (see page 59)	-			
	70	Payments from: a Form 2439 b Form 4136 c Form 8885 . 70	-			
	71	Refundable credit for prior year minimum tax from Form 8801, line 27	_			
	72	Add lines 64, 65, 66a, and 67 through 71. These are your total payments	72			
Refund	73	If line 72 is more than line 63, subtract line 63 from line 72. This is the amount you overpaid	73			
Direct deposit?	74a	Amount of line 73 you want refunded to you. If Form 8888 is attached, check here ▶ □	74a			
	▶ b	Routing number				
and fill in 74b, 74c, and 74d,	▶ d	Account number				
or Form 8888.	75	Amount of line 73 you want applied to your 2008 estimated tax 75				
Amount	76	Amount you owe. Subtract line 72 from line 63. For details on how to pay, see page 60 ▶	76			ı
You Owe	77	Estimated tax penalty (see page 61)				
	Do	you want to allow another person to discuss this return with the IRS (see page 61)? Yes	. Compl	ete the follo	owing.	No
Third Party		simuada Basanal idant	idiaatiaa			
Designee	nar	signee's Phone Personal ident ne ▶ no. ▶ () number (PIN)	ification			
Sign		der penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return and accompanying schedules and statements, a	and to the	best of my k	nowledge	and
		ef, they are true, correct, and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than taxpayer) is based on all information of				
Here	Yo	ur signature Date Your occupation	Day	time phone n	umber	
Joint return? See page 13.				`		
Keep a copy	<u> </u>	Constitution of the latest and the second states.)		
for your	Sp	ouse's signature. If a joint return, both must sign. Date Spouse's occupation				
records.						
Paid	Pre	parer's Date Check if	Prep	parer's SSN o	or PTIN	
Preparer's		nature self-employed _]			
Use Only	Fire	n's name (or EIN sif self-employed),	i			
OSE OIIIY	ado	dress, and ZIP code Phone no.	()		
					4040	

Form **1040** (2007)

Appendix 4: Sample Language for Homeless Verification

With the 2009-2010 FAFSA, a new level of verification is needed for students and financial aid professionals with regard to the homeless youth questions. This letter is a sample provided by the National College Goal Sunday organization in partnership with the National Association for the Education of Homeless Children and Youth. It should be adapted by financial aid officers to fit a school's needs and is included in this guide for students to provide to their financial aid offices if needed.

Re: Name of Student
DOB: x/x/xxxx
SSN: xxx-xx-xxxx
Current Mailing Address of Student (if none, please list name, phone number, and mailing address of current contact):
I am providing this letter of verification as a (check one, then list name, phone number, and other contact information):
A McKinney-Vento School District Liaison:
A director or designee of a HUD-funded shelter:
🗖 A director or designee of a RHYA-funded shelter:
As per the College Cost Reduction and Access Act (Public Law 110-84), I am authorized to verify this student's living situation. No further verification by the Financial Aid Administrator is necessary. Should you have additional questions or need more information about this student, please contact me at the number listed above.
This letter is to confirm that NAME OF STUDENT was:
Check one: an unaccompanied homeless youth after July 1, 2008
This means that, after July 1, 2008, NAME OF STUDENT was living in a homeless situation, as defined by Section 725 of the McKinney-Vento Act, and was not in the

physical custody of a parent or guardian.

☐ an unaccompanied, self-supporting youth at risk of homelessness after July 1, 2008.

This means that, after July 1, 2008, NAME OF STUDENT was not in the physical custody of a parent or guardian, provides for his/her own living expenses entirely on his/her own, and is at risk of losing his/her housing.

More Information About Homeless and Unaccompanied Youth

Who are Unaccompanied Homeless Youth?

Unaccompanied homeless youth are young people who lack safe, stable housing and who are not in the care of a parent or guardian. They may have run away from home or been forced to leave by their parents. Unaccompanied youth live in a variety of temporary situations, including shelters, the homes of friends or relatives, cars, campgrounds, public parks, abandoned buildings, motels, and bus or train stations.

Between 1.6 and 2.8 million youth run away from their homes each year. Generally, youth leave home due to severe dysfunction in their families, including circumstances that put their safety and well-being at risk. Unfortunately, physical and sexual abuse in the home is common; studies of unaccompanied youth have found that 20 to 50% were sexually abused in their homes, while 40 to 60% were physically abused. Unaccompanied youth do not receive financial support from their parents and do not have access to parental information.

Who are McKinney-Vento School District Liaisons?

Under subtitle VII-B of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, every school district is required to designate a liaison for students experiencing homelessness.

¹ Hammer, H., Finkelhor, D., & Sedlak, A. (2002). "Runaway / Thrownaway Children: National Estimates and Characteristics." *National Incidence Studies of Missing, Abducted, Runaway, and Thrownaway Children*. Washington DC: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. *See also* Greene, J. (1995). "Youth with Runaway, Throwaway, and Homeless Experiences: Prevalence, Drug Use, and Other At-Risk Behaviors." *Research Triangle Institute*. Washington DC: U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services; National Runaway Switchboard, http://www.1800runaway.org/.

² Robertson, M. & Toro, P. (1999). "Homeless Youth: Research, Intervention, and Policy." *Practical Lessons: The 1998 National Symposium on Homelessness Research*. Washington DC: U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development. Retrieved July 18, 2007 from http://aspe.os.dhhs.gov/progsys/homeless/symposium/3-Youth.htm. *See also* MacLean, M.G., Embry, L.E. & Cauce, A.M. (1999). "Homeless Adolescents' Paths to Separation from Family: Comparison of Family Characteristics, Psychological Adjustment, and Victimization." *Journal of Community Psychology*, 27(2), 179-187.

Homeless liaisons have a number of legal responsibilities under the Act, including identifying youth who meet the definition of homeless and are unaccompanied. The education subtitle of the McKinney-Vento Act is overseen by the U.S. Department of Education. For more information, see: http://www.ed.gov/programs/homeless/legislation.html

What are HUD-funded Shelters?

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) administers funding for homeless shelters and services under Title IV of the McKinney-Vento Act. These funds are distributed to communities through a competitive grant process. For more information, see: http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/homeless/programs/index.cfm

What are RHYA-funded Shelters?

The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services administers the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act programs. These programs provide funding for Basic Centers, Transitional Living Programs, and Street Outreach Programs that serve runaway and other unaccompanied homeless youth. For more information, see: http://www.acf.hhs.gov/programs/fysb/content/youthdivision/index.htm#sub1

2009-2010



FAFSA ON THE WEB WORKSHEET www.fafsa.ed.gov



DO NOT MAIL THIS WORKSHEET.

You must complete and submit a *Free Application for Federal Student Aid* (FAFSA) to apply for federal student aid and to apply for most state and college aid. Applying online with *FAFSA on the Web* at **www.fafsa.ed.gov** is faster and easier than using a paper FAFSA.

For state or college aid, the deadline may be as early as January 2009. See the table to the right for state deadlines. Check with your high school counselor or your college's financial aid administrator about other deadlines.

- This Worksheet is optional and should only be completed if you plan to use FAFSA on the Web.
- Sections in purple are for parent information.
- In parentheses after each question is the number that is used on *FAFSA on the Web* and the paper FAFSA. However, not all of the questions appear on this worksheet.
- Submit your FAFSA early, but not before January 1, 2009.

Apply Faster—Sign your FAFSA with a Federal Student Aid PIN. If you do not have a PIN, you can apply for one at **www.pin.ed.gov.** Your PIN allows you to electronically sign when you submit your FAFSA. If you are providing parent information, one parent must also sign your FAFSA. To sign electronically, your parent should also apply for a PIN.

You will need the following information to complete this Worksheet:

- ☐ Your Social Security Number and your parents' Social Security Numbers if you are providing parental information.
- ☐ Your driver's license number if you have one.
- ☐ Your Alien Registration Number if you are not a U.S. citizen.
- □ 2008 federal tax information or tax returns (including IRS W-2 information) for yourself (and spouse if you are married) and for your parents if you are providing parental information. If you have not yet filed a 2008 income tax return, you can still submit your FAFSA but you must provide income and tax information.
- ☐ Information on savings, investments, and business and farm assets for yourself and your parents if you are providing parental information.

WARNING!

Be wary of organizations that charge a fee to submit your application or to find you money for college. In general, the help you pay for can be obtained for free from your college or from Federal Student Aid.

NOTE:

If you or your family have unusual circumstances (such as loss of employment), complete *FAFSA* on the Web to the extent you can, then submit the application and consult the financial aid office at the college you plan to attend.

STATE AID DEADLINES

Check with your financial aid administrator for these states and territories:

AL, *AS, CO, *FM, GA, *GU, *HI, *MH, *MP, NC, NE, *NM, *NV, OR, PR, *PW, *SD, *TX, UT, *VA, *VI, *VT, WA, WI and *WY.

AK	April 15, 2009 (date received)
AR	Academic Challenge - June 1, 2009
7111	Workforce Grant - Contact your financial aid
	administrator
	Higher Education Opportunity Grant
	- June 1, 2009 (fall term)
	- November 1, 2009 (spring term)
	(date received)
AZ	March 1, 2009 (date received)
*CA	Initial awards - March 2, 2009
0/1	Additional community college awards
	- September 2, 2009 (date postmarked)
#*CT	February 15, 2009 (date received)
*DC	June 30, 2009 (date received by state)
DE	April 15, 2009 (date received)
FL	May 15, 2009 (date processed)
ΙA	July 1, 2009 (date received)
#*ID	Opportunity Grant - March 1, 2009 (date received)
#IL	First-time applicants - September 30, 2009
#IL	Continuing applicants - August 15, 2009 (date received
IN	March 10, 2009 (date received)
#*KS	April 1, 2009 (date received)
#KY	March 15, 2009 (date received)
LA	July 1, 2009 (date received)
#MA	May 1, 2009 (date received)
MD	March 1, 2009 (date received)
ME	May 1, 2009 (date received)
MI	March 1, 2009 (date received)
MN	30 days after term starts (date received)
MO	April 1, 2009 (date received)
#MS	MTAG and MESG Grants - September 15, 2009
πIVIO	HELP Scholarship - March 31, 2009 (date processed)
#MT	March 1, 2009 (date received)
ND	March 15, 2009 (date received)
NH	May 1, 2009 (date received)
NJ	June 1, 2009, if you received a Tuition Aid Grant
INO	in 2008 -2009
	All other applicants
	- October 1, 2009, fall & spring terms
	- March 1, 2010, spring term only (date received)
*NY	May 1, 2010 (date received)
OH	October 1, 2009 (date received)
#OK	April 15, 2009 (date received) for best consideration
*PA	All 2008 - 2009 State Grant recipients & all
17	non-2008 - 2009 State Grant recipients in degree
	programs - May 1, 2009
	All other applicants - August 1, 2009 (date received)
#RI	March 1, 2009 (date received)
SC	Tuition Grants - June 30, 2009 (date received)
#TN	State Grant - March 1, 2009
πIIN	State Grant - March 1, 2009 State Lottery - September 1, 2009 (date received)
#*\	March 4 2000 (data received)

For priority consideration, submit application by date specified.

March 1, 2009 (date received)

* Additional form may be required.

#*WV

Questions are ordered as they app on your answers to earlier question		the Web, but after you are onlin	ne you may be able to skip sor	ne questions based			
Your last name (Q1)							
Your Social Security Number (C	(8)						
Your driver's license number (op	otional) (Q11)						
 A permanent U.S. resident with a complete the application, because you may be eligible for state or college aid. A conditional permanent reside and the holder of an Arrival-Depart showing any of the following of confirms paroled for a minimum transitional organizations), you must answer "Neither citizen" 			rally, you are an eligible noncitizen if you are: th a Permanent Resident Card (I-551); lent (I-551C); or lent (I-94) from the Department of Homeland Security designations: "Refugee," "Asylum Granted," "Parolee" (I-94 lum of one year and status has not expired), "Victim of human -1, T-2, T-3, etc.) or "Cuban-Haitian Entrant."				
Your Alien Registration Number If you are an eligible noncitizen, enter your	(- /	□ Neither citizen nor eligible	A				
What is your marital status as of "As of today" refers to the day that you sign Month and year you were marrie	n your FAFSA.	vorced or widowed (Q17)	☐ Single, divorced or wido ☐ Married or remarried ☐ M M Y Y Y Y				
(Example: Month and year: 05/1998) What is your state of legal reside Enter the date you became a legal January 1, 2004. (Q20) (Example)	al resident of your		M M Y Y Y Y				
Most male students must register v you are male, age 18-25 and NOT			☐ Register me				
Have you ever received federal s Answer "No" if you have never received fe if you have never attended college. If you a	ederal student grants, fe		ldy. You should also answer "No"	☐ Yes ☐ No			
Have you been convicted for the were receiving federal student aid Do not count convictions that have been readult. If you answer "Yes," you can use an worksheet questions, you can determine if the eligibility for federal aid, you should still st	id (grants, loans o moved from your recor interactive worksheet with the conviction affects y	or work-study)? (Q23) If or that occurred before you turned ago when completing the FAFSA online. By your eligibility for federal student aid. I	ge 18, unless you were tried as an lased on your answers to the f the conviction does affect your	□ Yes			
Highest school your father comp	leted (Q24)		☐ Middle school/Jr. high	☐ College or beyond			
Some states and colleges offer aid based on Highest school your mother com Some states and colleges offer aid based on	pleted (Q25)			□ Other/unknown□ College or beyond□ Other/unknown			
When you begin the 2009-2010 school year, what degree or certificate will you be working on? (Q29)	☐ Associate degre		gram) or more years) program) Teaching credentia	tional program of two al (nondegree program)			

SECTION 1 – STUDENT INFORMATION

SECTION 1 (CONTINUED) -	- STUDENT INFORMATION			
When you begin the 2009-2010 school year, what do you expect your enrollment status to be? (Q30) (Enrollment definitions refer to undergraduate study.)	☐ Full-time (at least 12 credit hours in a term or 24 clock hours per we ☐ 3/4-time (at least 9 credit hours in a term or 18 clock hours per week ☐ Half-time (at least 6 credit hours in a term or 12 clock hours per week ☐ Less than half-time (fewer than 6 credit hours in a term or less than ☐ Don't know	(k)	ours pe	r week)
In addition to grants, are you interested in being considered for work-study or student loans? (Q31)	☐ Work-study (aid earned through work) ☐ Student loans (which you must pay back) ☐ Both work-study and student loans	7		
SECTION 2 – STUDENT I	DEPENDENCY STATUS			
Were you born before January 1, 19	986? (Q48)		l Yes	□ No
As of today, are you married? (Q49	9)		l Yes	□ No
(Answer "Yes" if you are separated but not dive	orced.) "As of today" refers to the day that you sign your FAFSA.		1 1 03	— 110
	chool year, will you be working on a master's or doctorate program D, EdD, graduate certificate, etc.)? (Q50)		l Yes	□ No
, , ,	duty in the U.S. Armed Forces for purposes other than training? $($	251)	1 Yes	□ No
Are you a veteran of the U.S. Armed				
Guard) or are a National Guard or Reserve enlis	we engaged in active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces (Army, Navy, Air Force, Marines or C stee who was called to active duty for other than state or training purposes, or were a cade and (2) were released under a condition other than dishonorable. Also answer "Yes" if you are released under a condition other than dishonorable.	tor 🔲	l Yes	□ No
or a cadet or midshipman at a service academy,	have never engaged in active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces, (2) are currently an ROTC s (3) are a National Guard or Reserve enlistee activated only for state or training purposes, Forces but released under dishonorable conditions.	or (4)		
Do you have children who will recei June 30, 2010? (Q53)	ive more than half of their support from you between July 1, 2009 and	ıd	Yes	□ No
, , , ,	n your children or spouse) who live with you and who receive more to and through June 30, 2010? (Q54)	han 🗖	l Yes	□ No
At any time since you turned age 13 dependent or ward of the court? (Q	, were both your parents deceased, were you in foster care or were y	ou a		
Answer "Yes" if you had no living parent (biole "Yes" if you were in foster care at any time sin were a dependent or ward of the court at any tir	ogical or adoptive) at any time since you turned age 13, even if you are now adopted. Ansice you turned age 13, even if you are no longer in foster care as of today. Answer "Yes" if me since you turned age 13, even if you are no longer a dependent or ward of the court as a at your school may require you to provide proof that you were in foster care or a dependent or ward of the court as a general your school may require you to provide proof that you were in foster care or a dependent or ward of the court as a general your school may require you to provide proof that you were in foster care or a dependent or ward of the court as a general your school may require you to provide proof that you were in foster care or a dependent or ward of the court as a general your school may require you to provide proof that you were in foster care or a dependent or ward of the court as a general you are not you were in foster care or a dependent or ward of the court as a general you are not y	you –	l Yes	□ No
Use these instructions to answer que				
Also answer "Yes" if you can provide a copy o	ourt's decision that as of today you are an emancipated minor or are in legal guardianship. f a court's decision that you were an emancipated minor or were in legal guardianship as an adult in your state. The court must be located in your state of legal residence at the ti	me the		
	d minor as determined by a court in your state of legal residence? (250)	l Yes	□ No
	anship as determined by a court in your state of legal residence? (Q	57).	1 Yes	□ No
Use these instructions to answer qu	estions 58-60 at any time on or after July 1, 2008, that you were an unaccompanied youth who was hom	alass		
or, for question 60, at risk of being homeless.				
	d adequate housing, which includes living in shelters, motels or cars, or temporarily living to go.	with		
	in the physical custody of your parent or guardian. ounger or you are still enrolled in high school as of the day you sign this application.			
At any time on or after July 1, 2008 you were an unaccompanied youth	, did your high school or school district homeless liaison determine twho was homeless? $\left(Q58\right)$	hat 🔲	Yes	□ No
At any time on or after July 1, 2008 program funded by the U.S. Depart unaccompanied youth who was hom	, did the director of an emergency shelter or transitional housing ment of Housing and Urban Development determine that you were neless? (Q59)	an	l Yes	□ No
At any time on or after July 1, 2008	, did the director of a runaway or homeless youth basic center or ne that you were an unaccompanied youth who was homeless or we	re 🗆	Yes	□ No

If you answered "YES" to ANY of the previous questions, you do not have to provide parental information. Skip to Section 4 on page 6. If you answered "NO" to ALL of the previous questions, then you must provide parental information. Complete Section 3 on the next page.

SECTION 3 – PARENTAL INFORMATION

If you answered "No" to all of the questions in Section 2, you must provide parental information. Refer to your parents' IRS tax return when necessary. Answer the questions as of the date you will complete and sign your FAFSA.

- Grandparents, foster parents and legal guardians are not considered parents on this form unless they have legally adopted you.
- If your parent is widowed or single, answer the questions about that parent. If your widowed parent is remarried, answer the questions about that parent and your stepparent.
- If your parents are divorced or separated, answer the questions about the parent you lived with more during the past 12 months. If you did not live with one parent more than the other, give answers about the parent who provided more financial support during the past 12 months. If this parent is remarried, answer the questions about that parent and your stepparent.

Federal law provides that, under very limited special circumstances, you may submit your FAFSA without parental information. If you have a special circumstance and are unable to provide parental information, *FAFSA* on the Web will instruct you on how to proceed. The following are examples of special circumstances.

- Your parents are incarcerated; or
- You have left home due to an abusive family environment; or

 You do not know where your parents are and are unable t 	o contact them (and you have t	not been adopted).			
What is your parents' marital status as of today? (Q6 "As of today" refers to the day that you sign your FAFSA.	☐ Married or remarried ☐ Divorced or separated ☐ Single ☐ Widowed				
Month and year your parents were married, separated (Q62) (Example: Month and year: 05/1998)	M M Y Y Y Y				
What is your parents' e-mail address? (Q71) If you provide your parents' e-mail address, we will let them know your	FAFSA has been processed.				
What is your father's (or stepfather's) Social Security					
What is your father's (or stepfather's) last name? (Q6	4)				
What is your father's (or stepfather's) date of birth? (Example: Month, day and year: 05/07/1962)	M M D D Y Y Y				
What is your mother's (or stepmother's) Social Securi					
What is your mother's (or stepmother's) last name?					
What is your mother's (or stepmother's) date of birth's (Example: Month, day and year: 05/07/1962)	M M D D Y Y Y				
What is your parents' state of legal residence? (Q72)					
Enter the date of legal residency for the parent who had longest, if it was not before January 1, 2004. (Q74) (Example: Month and year: 05/2005)	M M Y Y Y Y				
What income tax return did your parents file or will they file for 2008? (Q83)	□ IRS 1040 □ IRS 1040A, 1040EZ	☐ A foreign tax return ☐ A tax return with Puerto Rico, another U.S. territory or a Freely Associated State			
If your parents have filed or will file a 1040, were they 1040EZ? (Q84)	eligible to file a 1040A or	_			
A person is not eligible to file a 1040A or 1040EZ if he or she makes \$1 deductions, receives income from his or her own business or farm, is sel required to file Schedule D for capital gains. If your parents were not recifiled a 1040 only to claim Hope or Lifetime Learning tax credits, and we for a 1040A or 1040EZ, answer "Yes."	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't know				
In 2007 or 2008, did you, your parents or anyone in yo receive benefits from any of the federal benefits program Mark all the programs that apply. Select benefits received for all of your parents' household members. Incl. (1) your parents and yourself, even if you don't live with your parents; (2) your parents will provide more than half of their support between Jul. (b) the children could answer "No" to every question in Section 2 of this only if they live with your parents, your parents provide more than half of their support between July 1, 2 may have a different name in your parents' state. Call 1-800-4-FED-AID.	 □ Supplemental Security Income □ Food Stamps □ Free or Reduced Price School Lunch □ Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) □ Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) 				

SECTION 3 (CONTINUED) – PARENTAL INFORMATION	
As of today, is either of your parents a dislocated worker? (Q85)	
In general, a person may be considered a dislocated worker if he or she is receiving unemployment benefits due to being laid off or losing a job and is unlikely to return to a previous occupation; has been laid off or received a lay-off notice from a job; was self-employed but is now unemployed due to economic conditions or natural disaster; or is a displaced homemaker. A displaced homemaker is generally a person who previously provided unpaid services to the family (e.g., a stay-at-home mom or dad), is no longer supported by the husband or wife, is unemployed or underemployed and is having trouble finding or upgrading employment.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't know
What was your parents' adjusted gross income for 2008? (Q86) Adjusted gross income is on IRS form 1040—line 37; 1040A—line 21; or 1040EZ—line 4.	\$
Questions 89 and 90 ask about earnings (wages, salaries, tips, etc.) in 2008. Answer the questions whether or not a tax return was filed. This information may be on the W-2 forms, or on IRS Form 1040—lines 7 + 12 + 18 + Box 14 of IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); 1040A—line 7; or 1040EZ—line 1.	
How much did your father/stepfather earn from working in 2008? (Q89)	\$
How much did your mother/stepmother earn from working in 2008? (Q90)	\$
Enter the amount of your parents' income tax for 2008. (Q87) Income tax amount is on IRS Form 1040—line 56; 1040A—line 35; or 1040EZ—line 11.	\$
Enter your parents' exemptions for 2008. (Q88) Exemptions are on IRS Form 1040—line 6d or 1040A—line 6d. On the 1040EZ, if a person checked either the "you" or "spouse" box	
on line 5, use 1040EZ worksheet line F to determine the number of exemptions (\$3,500 equals one exemption). If a person didn't check either box on line 5, enter 01 if he or she is single, or 02 if he or she is married.	
Your parents' number of family members in 2009-2010. (Q75)	
Include in your parents' household: (1) your parents and yourself, even if you don't live with your parents, (2) your parents' other children if (a) your parents will provide more than half of their support between July 1, 2009, and June 30, 2010, or (b) the children could answer "No" to every question in Section 2 of this worksheet, and (3) other people only if they live with your parents, your parents provide more than half of their support and your parents will continue to provide more than half of their support between July 1, 2009, and June 30, 2010.	
How many people in your parents' household will be college students between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010? (Q76) Always count yourself. Do not include your parents. Include others only if they will attend, at least half-time in 2009-2010, a program that leads to a college degree or certificate.	
Your parents' 2008 Additional Financial Information (Q94) Complete the left column of the table on page 8.	
Your parents' 2008 Untaxed Income (Q95) Complete the left column of the table on page 8.	
Parent Asset Information	
As of today, what is your parents' total current balance of cash, savings and checking accounts? (Q91)	\$
 Investments include real estate (do not include the family home), trust funds, UGMA and UTMA accounts, money market funds, mutual deposit, stocks, stock options, bonds, other securities, Coverdell savings accounts, 529 college savings plans, the refund value of 529 prinstallment and land sale contracts (including mortgages held), commodities, etc. For more information about reporting educational savings accounts, 529 college savings plans, the refund value of 529 prinstallment and land sale contracts (including mortgages held), commodities, etc. For more information about reporting educational savings accounts, 529 college savings plans, the refund value of 529 prinstallment and land sale contracts (including mortgages held), commodities, etc. For more information about reporting educational savings accounts, 529 college savings plans, the refund value of 529 prinstallment and land sale contracts (including mortgages held), commodities, etc. For more information about reporting educational savings accounts, 529 college savings plans, the refund value of 529 prinstallment and land sale contracts (including mortgages held), commodities, etc. For more information about reporting educational savings are contracted to the investment value means the current balance or market value of these investments as of today. Investment debt means related to the investments. 	repaid tuition plans, ings plans call
 Do not include the value of life insurance, retirement plans (401[k] plans, pension funds, annuities, noneducation IRAs, Keogh plans, et checking accounts already reported in questions 41 and 91. Business and/or investment farm value includes the market value of land, buildings, machinery, equipment, inventory, etc. Business and/or investment farm value includes the market value of land, buildings, machinery, equipment, inventory, etc. 	
means only those debts for which the business or investment farm was used as collateral.	voi nivestment farm deot
As of today, what is the net worth of your parents' investments, including real estate (not your parents' home)? (Q92)	\$
Net worth means current value minus debt.	
As of today, what is the net worth of your parents' current businesses and/or investment farms? (Q93)	
Do not include the value of a family farm that your parents live on and operate. Do not include the value of a small business if your family owns and controls more than 50 percent of the business and the business has 100 or fewer full-time or full-time equivalent employees. For small business value, your family includes (1) persons directly related to you, such as a parent, sister or cousin, or (2) persons who are or were related to you by marriage, such as a spouse, stepparent or sisteringlaw.	\$

SECTION 4 – STUDENT FINANCES				
 Answer the questions as of the date you will complete and sign If you filed a foreign tax return, use the exchange rate at www.f to U.S. dollars. If you are married as of today, report your and your spouse's incorpouse if you are single, divorced, separated or widowed. 	rederalreserve.gov/releases/h10/update to	convert monetary units		
What income tax return did you file or will you file for 2008? (Q34)		with Puerto Rico, S. territory or a Freely State		
If you have filed or will file a 1040, were you eligible to file a 10	040A or 1040EZ? (Q35)	☐ Yes		
A person is not eligible to file a 1040A or 1040EZ if he or she makes \$100,000 or n his or her own business or farm, is self-employed, receives alimony or is required to not required to file a tax return or you filed a 1040 only to claim Hope or Lifetime I have been eligible for a 1040A or 1040EZ, answer "Yes."	o file Schedule D for capital gains. If you were	☐ No ☐ Don't know		
What was your (and your spouse's) adjusted gross income for 2 Adjusted gross income is on IRS Form 1040—line 37; 1040A—line 21; or 1040EZ	* =	\$		
Questions 39 and 40 ask about earnings (wages, salaries, tips, etc.) in 200 tax return was filed. This information may be on the W-2 forms, or on IRS IRS Schedule K-1 (Form 1065); 1040A—line 7; or 1040EZ—line 1.				
How much did you earn from working in 2008? (Q39)		\$		
How much did your spouse earn from working in 2008? (Q40)		\$		
What type of veterans' education benefits will you receive? (Q45) Answer this question only if you will receive these benefits between July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2010.	☐ Montgomery GI Bill - Selected Reserve (Chapter 1606) ☐ Reserve Educational Assistance Program (Chapter 1607)			
If you answered "YES" to ANY question i	in Section 2, answer the following question uestions in Section 2, skip to page 7.	ns.		
Your number of family members in 2009-2010. (Q96)	destions in Section 2, skip to page 7.			
Include in your household: (1) yourself (and your spouse), (2) your children, if you July 1, 2009, and June 30, 2010, and (3) other people if they now live with you, you continue to provide more than half of their support between July 1, 2009, and June	a provide more than half of their support and you will			
How many people in your (and your spouse's) household will be and June 30, 2010? $(\mathrm{Q97})$	e college students between July 1, 2009			
Always count yourself. Include others only if they will attend, at least half-time in 2 or certificate.	2009-2010, a program that leads to a college degree			
In 2007 or 2008, did you (or your spouse) or anyone in your household (from question 96) receive benefits from any of the federal benefits programs listed? (Q98-102) <i>Mark all the</i>				
programs that apply.	☐ Free or Reduced Price School Lunch			
Select benefits received for all of your household members. Use the instructions in question 96 to identify who is included in your household. Answering these	 □ Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) □ Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) 			
questions will not reduce your eligibility for student aid or these other federal benefits. TANF may have a different name in your state. Call 1-800-4-FED-AID to find out the name of your state's program.				
As of today, are you (or your spouse) a dislocated worker? (Q		☐ Yes		
In general, a person may be considered a dislocated worker if he or she is receiving	→ 1 €2			

losing a job and is unlikely to return to a previous occupation; has been laid off or received a lay-off notice from a job; was self-employed but is now unemployed due to economic conditions or natural disaster; or is a displaced homemaker. A displaced homemaker is generally a person who previously provided unpaid services to the family (e.g., a stay-at-home mom or dad), is no longer supported

by the husband or wife, is unemployed or underemployed, and is having trouble finding or upgrading employment.

□ No

☐ Don't know

Enter the amount of your (and your spouse's) income tax for 2008. (Q37) Income tax amount is on IRS Form 1040—line 56; 1040A—line 35; or 1040EZ—line 11.	\$
Enter your (and your spouse's) exemptions for 2008. (Q38) Exemptions are on IRS Form 1040—line 6d or 1040A—line 6d. On the 1040EZ, if a person checked either the "you" or "spouse" box on line 5, use 1040EZ worksheet line F to determine the number of exemptions (\$3,500 equals one exemption). If a person didn't check either box on line 5, enter 01 if he or she is single, or 02 if he or she is married.	
Your 2008 Additional Financial Information amount (Q46) Complete the right column of the table on page 8. Your 2008 Untaxed Income amount (Q47) Complete the right column of the table on page 8.	
Student Asset Information (See "Parent Asset Information" on page 5 for instructions on reporting assets.)	
As of today, what is your (and your spouse's) total current balance of cash, savings and checking accounts? (Q41) Do not include student financial aid.	\$
As of today, what is the net worth of your (and your spouse's) investments, including real estate (not your home)? (Q42) Net worth means current value minus debt.	\$
As of today, what is the net worth of your (and your spouse's) current businesses and/or investment farms? (Q43) Do not include the value of a family farm that you (and your spouse) live on and operate.	\$
Do not include the value of a small business if your family owns and controls more than 50 percent of the business and the business has 100 or fewer full-time or full-time equivalent employees. For small business value, your family includes (1) persons directly related to you, such as a parent, sister or cousin, or (2) persons who are or were related to you by marriage, such as a spouse, stepparent or sister-in-law.	

- If you do not know the school code, write the college's name. You will have a chance online to search for the school code.
- For each college, indicate the corresponding housing plan.

	1 st college	2 nd college	3 rd college	4 th college	5 th college
Federal School Code	(Q104.a)	(Q104.c)	(Q104.e)	(Q104.g)	(Q104.i)
Housing Plan	☐ on campus ☐ with parent ☐ off campus (Q104.b)	on campus with parent off campus (Q104.d)	on campus with parent off campus (Q104.f)	on campus with parent off campus (Q104.h)	☐ on campus ☐ with parent ☐ off campus (Q104.j)
	6 th college	7 th college	8 th college	9 th college	10 th college
Federal School Code	6 th college (Q104.k)	7 th college (Q104.m)	8 th college (Q104.0)	9 th college (Q104.q)	10 th college (Q104.s)

Go to www.fafsa.ed.gov and enter the information from this worksheet.

Additional help is available online, or you can call 1-800-4-FED-AID. TTY users (hearing impaired) may call 1-800-730-8913. For more information on federal student aid, visit www.FederalStudentAid.ed.gov.

You can also talk with your college's financial aid office about other types of student aid that may be available.

DO NOT MAIL THIS WORKSHEET.

Use the tables below to report annual amounts.

For the Parents' column, enter the amount for the student's parent(s). For the Student's column, enter the amount for the student (and his or her spouse).

Parents' (Q94)	2008 Additional Financial Information	Student's (Q46)
\$	a. Education credits (Hope and Lifetime Learning tax credits) from IRS Form 1040—line 50 or 1040A—line 31.	\$
\$	 b. Child support paid because of divorce or separation or as a result of a legal requirement. Don't include support for children in your (or your parents') household, as reported in question 96 (or question 75 for your parents). 	\$
\$	c. Taxable earnings from need-based employment programs, such as Federal Work-Study and need-based employment portions of fellowships and assistantships.	\$
\$	d. Grant and scholarship aid reported to the IRS in the adjusted gross income. Includes AmeriCorps benefits (awards, living allowances and interest accrual payments), as well as grant and scholarship portions of fellowships and assistantships.	\$
\$	e. Combat pay or special combat pay. Only enter the amount that was taxable and included in the adjusted gross income. Do not enter untaxed combat pay reported on the W-2 (Box 12, Code Q).	\$
Parents' (Q95)	2008 Untaxed Income	Student's (Q47)
\$	a. Payments to tax-deferred pension and savings plans (paid directly or withheld from earnings), including, but not limited to, amounts reported on the W-2 forms in Boxes 12a through 12d, codes D, E, F, G, H and S.	\$
\$	b. IRA deductions and payments to self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, Keogh and other qualified plans from IRS Form 1040—line 28 + line 32 or 1040A—line 17.	\$
\$	c. Child support received for all children. Don't include foster care or adoption payments.	\$
\$	d. Tax exempt interest income from IRS Form 1040—line 8b or 1040A—line 8b.	\$
\$	e. Untaxed portions of IRA distributions from IRS Form 1040—lines (15a minus 15b) or 1040A—lines (11a minus 11b). Exclude rollovers. If negative, enter a zero here.	\$
\$	f. Untaxed portions of pensions from IRS Form 1040—lines (16a minus 16b) or 1040A—lines (12a minus 12b). Exclude rollovers. If negative, enter a zero here.	\$
\$	g. Housing, food and other living allowances paid to members of the military, clergy and others (including cash payments and cash value of benefits).	\$
\$	h. Veterans noneducation benefits such as Disability, Death Pension, or Dependency & Indemnity Compensation (DIC) and/or VA Educational Work-Study allowances.	\$
\$	i. Other untaxed income not reported, such as workers' compensation, disability, etc. Don't include student aid, earned income credit, additional child tax credit, welfare payments, untaxed Social Security benefits, Supplemental Security Income, Workforce Investment Act	\$
Φ	educational benefits, combat pay, benefits from flexible spending arrangements (e.g., cafeteria plans), foreign income exclusion or credit for federal tax on special fuels.	